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VOL. XVIII NO. 194 BOMBAY, SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA

DISQUIETING RUMOURS ABOUT PT. MOTILAL'S HEALTH

ANXIOUS INQUIRERS BESIEGE CONGRESS HOUSE AND "CHRONICLE" OFFICE

Citizens Keep All Night Vigil

ATTEMPTS TO RING UP ALLAHABAD FAIL

WRITINGS IN CHALK AT STREET CORNERS

Anxious inquiries regarding Pandit Motilal Nehru's health became incessant since Friday afternoon in Bombay. A persistently disquieting rumour got currency and the newspaper offices, the Congress House and the houses of the personal friends of Panditji were besieged by a continuous stream of inquirers to know the truth.

As the evening advanced the inquiries became more incessant and the telephones at the "Chronicle" office and the Congress House were continuously kept busy. But all that the inquirers got was that there was no news from Allahabad or Naini except that the house of Pandit Shyamlal Nehru was searched for a copy of the Patel Inquiry Report.

STREAM OF INQUIRIES.

But the anxious inquiries continued throughout the night and in the city knots of people were seen at street corners and restaurants waiting to hear something about Panditji. Workers from Parel and even Dadar trekked all the way to the Congress House in Girgaum to get the 'khabbar' but they were in no way wise for all their trouble. The National Militia sentries stationed at the Congress House gate had a busy time in answering the queries of inquisitive calers some of whom had even motored from Santa Cruz and Malabar Hill.

It was freely broadcast that the news about Panditj's health originated from the Telegraph office where a private telegram stating that the Panditji had expired in jail was, it is stated, received. But attempts to get in touch with either Naini or Allahabad on the 'phone were unsuccessful and Bombay citizens passed one of the most anxious nights.

WRITING ON THE ROAD.

To set the ugly rumour which had not received any official confirmation at rest, the Congress volunteers went round the city and informed the public that there was no definite news about the Panditji by means of writing on the road at every street corner in bold letters in chalk.

Another Appeal To Release Motilalji.

—:o:—

Mr. Rajendra Somnarayan, vice-President of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association has sent the following telegram to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy:—

"My Association urge the immediate release of Pandit Motilalji looking to his age and present state of health. Considering the peace parley progress, even the most optimistic (though they may be insignificant) may lose hope by the Government's unabated repressive policy in further arrests of leaders of all-India reputation at Delhi. The consequences are likely to be graver for all concerned."

BIHARS' CONTRIBUTION

—:o:—

6399 Persons Jailed

CONGRESS HOUSE DEMOLISHED

PATNA, Aug. 29.

From the weekly report of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee it appears that between the 16th and the 22nd August the number of arrests and convictions of Congress workers total 409. Figures for various districts are as follows:—Bhagalpur 198, Monghyr 81, Patna 57, Patna Town 4, Shahabad 40, Muzzafarpur 32, Santhal Parganas 24, Purnea 24, Champaran 20, Darbhanga 15, Saran 3 and Palaman 1.

The provincial total of arrests and convictions since the commencement of the movement come to 6,399.

CONGRESS OFFICE DEMOLISHED.

A notable feature of week's report is raids by police on several Congress houses and the occupation of same by them. Congress camps at Jhajha, Tolwa, Phulwaria, Naujhaul and Bara were raided by the police and except at Manjhaul on all other offices have been put under lock and key.

The camp at Akharpur in the district Purnea was demolished and its proprietor Mahadeva Rai Marwari arrested. Some others are being prosecuted for letting their houses to Congress Committees on hire.

Attachment of properties for non-payment of chowkidari tax is proceeding.—Free Press.

BUY JAPANESE

—:o:—

What A National Government Does For A Country.

The following appears in the "Manchester Guardian Commercial" of Aug. 14:—

Kobe, July 14.

The Government compaign for promoting, mainly by propaganda and official pressure, the use of Japanese goods in preference to imported articles is having a tremendous vogue. The Government is recommending bankers to assist industry as much as they can, and, while it has suggested that the bankers should not be too particular as regards securities, it has not yet directly advised them to lend money to new manufacturing projects. That is the direction in which things are pointing, however.

The latest development of the "home goods" campaign is rather interesting. Mr. Egi, the Minister for Railways, has expressed the opinion that goods made in Japan with foreign capital or under foreign direction are not Japanese and suggests that such goods should be excluded from the lists of official recommendations that are being compiled. The "Asahi", perhaps the foremost newspaper in Japan, goes on to name the firms which should thus be boycotted. These names include Babcock and Wilcox, the boilermakers, who have already handed over their business in Japan to Mitsui's; Dunlop Rubber Company, by far the largest and most successful concern today, which actually conducts manufacturing operations under expert foreign supervision; the Clifford-Wilkinson Tansan Company, a small concern bottles a popular natural mineral water and is also agent in Japan for Lipton's tea; and the General Motors and Ford erecting plants.

NEW CONGRESS PRESIDENT

—:o:—

An Interview.

MAHATMA'S LETTER TO VICEROY.

LUCKNOW, Aug. 29.

Interviewed by a Press representative, Chaudhry Khaliq-uz-Zaman, the new Acting President of the Congress, admitted he had no notice that he would be called upon to be the President of the Congress. He added he would spare no pains to discharge the onerous duties faithfully, trusting that God would give him necessary strength to do justice to the responsible office he had been unexpectedly called upon to fill.

The Office of the All-India Congress Committee will shortly be shifted to Lucknow.

The city is observing hartal today as a protest against the arrest and conviction of the Congress leaders at Delhi.—A. P.

NEW AG. PRESIDENT OF CONGRESS.

Chowdhry Khaliquzzaman, the new acting President of the Congress, is a well-known Advocate of Lucknow. President of the Lucknow Municipality and an ardent supporter of the Nehru Report, along with Dr. Ansari and Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, he founded the Nationalist Muslim Party. He played a prominent part in the deliberation of the All-Parties Conference.

There was a time when his name was mentioned in connection with the Secretaryship of the Legislative Assembly. Little was it then suspected that he was destined to preside over the National Congress

Ever since the Non-co-operation Movement he has been one of the closest associates of the Nehrus and Dr. Ansari. One of his intimate friends once described him thus: "A highy educated young man, noe of the distinguished graduates of Aligarh, he embodies in his figure his dress, his manner and his speech with the elegant culture associated Lucknow and Oudh."

During the N.-C.-O. Movement, he was among those who went to Jail for preaching Civil Disobedience.

Where Will Leaders Be Kept?

—:o:—

It is learnt that almost immediately after judgment is pronounced, the leaders will be transferred to the jails in their respective provinces. Pandit Malaviyaji will therefore be an inmate of the Naini jail while Sjt. V. J. Patel and Sjt. Mathradas Tricumjee will be taken to Yeravda pison. Dr. Bidan Chandra Roy will go to Calcutta and Sjt. Deep Narain Singh will be taken to Patna, Dr. Ansari, Lala Duni Chand, Sardar Mangal Singh and Chaudhry Afzal Haq will find a place in the Gujrat Jail.

MAHATMA GANDHI'S LETTER TO VICEROY

—:o:—

"A Thesis On Independence".

SIMLA, Aug. 27.

It will surprise many to learn that the letter which Mahatma Gandhi wrote to the "peace-makers" and which was conveyed to Simla, did not contain any terms or demands. It was just a long thesis on the "Independence of India", writes the "Hindustan Times".

The crux of the problem is this thesis. If His Excellency the Viceroy endorses the contents of this letter and agrees with the views expressed therein on India's right to Independence, then alone will the actual negotiations between the Viceroy on the one side and Mahatma Gandhi through the "peacemakers" on the other commence.

In this connection, it is understood Pandits Motilal Nehru and Jawaharlal Nehru have given a "carte blanche" to Mahatma Gandhi to carry on the negotiations singly and consequently it will not be necessary for the Nehrus to be taken to Yervada for consultations.

VICEROY'S DIFFICULTIES.

It is understood Lord Irwin's interpretation of the terms of Mahatma Gandhi's letter is fundamentally different from its interpretation by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Jayakar who hold that the Mahatma has been quite reasonable in his demand. His Excellency's difficulty, it is understood, is that he cannot bring round any one of his executive councillors to agree to the "peacemakers' " interpretation. It is said the Viceroy asked both Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Jayakar to be present at a meeting of the executive council and convince the members of the reasonableness of Mahatma Gandhi's demand.

CONGRESS VOLUNTEERS FLOGGED

—:o:—

Satyagraha In Chanda

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 29.

Four volunteers of Chanda were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs 200. Two were fined Rs. 100, six Rs. 50 and 12 were sentenced to whipping from 6 to 20 stripes. Satyagraha was offered at Khapa, Chicholi, Pachar, Chulaldah and Deonarain. Two cases against Bajrang, deputy captain and 8 other volunteers were decided to-day. All were acquitted the Court disbelieving the evidence of the prosecution and ordered their aiquittal.

Hartal And Procession In Nagpur.

—:o:—

NAGPUR, Aug. 28.

Following receipt of the news of the arrest of the members of the Congress Working Committee, a hartal is being observed here. Shops have suspended business and markets are closed. A procession is being organised by the War Council for this evening.

Twelve volunteers were arrested yesterday on a charge of picketing liquor shops.—A. P.

FOREST SATYAGRAHA AT SANGAMNER

—:o:—

65 Villagers Arrested.

SANGAMNER, Aug. 29.

Forty villagers from Sevargaon and 25 from Samsherpur were arrested by a posse of armed police who had been there. No untoward incident happened.—Free Press.

SECTION 144 DEFIED IN BASSEIN.

—:o:—

Six Congress Volunteers Convicted

BASSEIN (Bombay), Aug. 29.

Messrs. Raghunath Joshi, Captain, and Pandurang Vartak, Kamalkar Joshi, Bhagwandas Shah Secretary of the Palghar Taluk Congress Committee, Champain

WRONG MAN JAILED.

—:o:—

Govt's Belated Discovery.

CAWNPORE, Aug. 29.

Mr. Harilal Saxena who was sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment, has been released on bail to fight out his case.

In this case the warrants were issued against one Mr. Harlal Saxena was arrested and sentenced.—Free Press.

Karnavat, Bhagvant Pathak, all volunteers of the Virar Camp, were sentenced to three weeks' imprisonment and fine of Rs. 25 each, except Bhagwandas, who was sentenced to one month's imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100, for defying Section 144 at Bassein, Thana District.—Free Press.

DOES FLAG SALUTATION FALL WITHIN PURVIEW OF PROHIBITORY ORDER?

Different Interpretations: What Police Chief Thinks

"WAR COUNCIL" BENT ON OBSERVING CEREMONY TO-MORROW.

Conflicting views are expressed in legal circles as to whether the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate prohibiting "drilling marching or moving in formation" by the Congress volunteers on the Azad Maidan applies to the flag salutation ceremony announced to be held on Sunday next.

On the one hand it is held that a flag salutation ceremony does not fall strictly within the purview of the order which only prohibits "marching and moving in formation". Another view is that the flag salutation ceremony includes marching and drilling, and by implication the order can be enforced in this instance.

It was thought that the authorities might serve an altogether new order on the "War Council" prohibiting Sunday's function on the Azad Maidan. Inquiries made in this direction in police quartes elicited a negative reply.

It is held by the Police that so long as the Congress volunteers hold the ceremony without violating the terms of the order, namely, "drilling, marching or moving in formation" they would have no objection to the function going on uninterrupted.

In this connection Mr. Healy, the Police Commissioner told a press representative that the declared intention of the "War Council" was to defy the law, and therefore there was no question as to what attitude the Police will adopt to deal with the situation.

The "War Council" is mobilising volunteers to observe the ceremony.

Since the War Council of the B. P. C. C. issued the Press Note to have the Congress Flag Salutation Ceremony on Sunday morning, the citizens of Bombay are asking these questions and are anxiously awaiting the developments on Sunday morning.

A representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" enquired into this and learnt that the police would act as heretofore to disperse the crowd [illegible] volunteers at the Maidan.

It is likely they would in the first instance arrest the leaders and give an opportunity to the volunteers and the crowd to disperse. After the arrest of the leaders if the spectators and the volunteers do not disperse they would be dispersed by force.

TO-MORROW'S FLAG SALUTATION FUNCTIONS.

—:o:—

The Flag saluation ceremony will be performed at the following places on Sunday the 31st between 5 A.M. and 9 A.M.

(1) Gowardhan Bhuvan, Khetwadi Main Road.
(2) Loknianya Seva Sanghs, Vile Parle.
(3) Madhava Bhuvan, Kandewadi.
(4) Dapthary Road, Malad.
(5) Tilak Maidan, Dadar (at 8 A.M.)
(6) Najar Mandir, Khar Road. at 8-30 A. M.

LEST WE FORGET.

—:o:—

"PRISON DINNER" TO-MORROW AT KHAR.

Under the auspices of the Khar Congress Committee and as an expression of sympathy with the sufferings of the Satyagrahi prisoners a cosmopolitan "Prison dinner" of Juwari bread and dal in the morning and Juwari bread and vegetable in the evening will take place to-morrow (Sunday) at the Laxmi Society's Pavilion at Khar.

Residents of Khar are requested to join it by previous intimation at the Pavilion.

WILL THERE BE A LATHI CHARGE ?

—:o:—

To-morrow's Flag Salutation At Azad Maidan

What will happen on Sunday morning at the Azad Maidan? Will the police again use lathis or will they allow the volunteers to salute their National Flag and take no action?

"FIGHT TILL THE FINISH"

—:o:—

Jailed Leaders' Wishes

"I am deeply disappointed, because I was not included in the role of honour", said Mrs. Hansa Mehta on her arrival in Bombay on Friday morning after attending the meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Delhi.

Alluding to the historic meeting of the Working Committee at Delhi she said that Mrs. Kamala Nehru and herself were the most unhappy among the Working Committee members, because the police had deliberately, excluded them from arrest.

Mrs. Mehta arrived by the Frontier Mail at Colaba and was received by Mr. P. R. Lele, Vice-President of the B. P. C. C., Mrs. Raiji, her sister and several friends and admirers.

MUSLIMS SHED TEARS.

Describing the scenes which followed the arrest of Dr. Ansari and other Working Committee members, she said large crowds of Muslims, who had assembled outside Dr. Ansari's bungalow at Darya Gunj, actually shed tears when the leaders were being removed by the police. The touching parting scenes she had witnessed were unforgettable.

The arrest of the Muslim leaders, according to Mrs. Mehta, will bring an increasing number of Muslims of Delhi and all over India into the Congress fold. Already there was great enthusiasm for Congress work among the Muslims of Delhi. The removal of Dr. Ansari would fan the fire of patriotism of the Mussalmans.

When the police arrived to arrest the Working Committee members, they had almost finished their work. The resolutions were drafted in the morning and informally discussed.

NO WARRANTS.

The Police officer arrived, but it was found that he had no warrants for the arrest of four members. They were Mrs. Mehta, Mrs. Nehru, Lala Dhunichand and Mr. Chowdhary A. Haq. Dr. Ansari drew the attention of the officer to this omission, when the latter replied that he had no orders to arrest the lady members. Later the Officer, came back with warrants for Lala Dhunichand and Mr. Haq.

"Every leader who has gone to jail expects that the present fight will be continued till the finish" concluded Mrs. Mehta.

INDIA'S PROGRESS TO SWARAJ.

—:o:—

Will Proceed At Snail's Pace Says Simon.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

Washington.—Sir John Simon in a broadcast talk defending the British policy in India said that despite immense difficulty and the complexity of the situation he was confident that little by little the problem would be solved.—Reuter.

RAIDS AND IMPRISONMENT.

—:o:—

MALEGAON, Aug. 29

Sub-Shibir at Satana was searched by the Police but nothing incriminating was found. Nine volunteers were arrested.

The Kalwan Taluk Satyagraha Shibir was also raided but nothing was seized.

Mr. V. P. Kelkar, Secretary of the Satyagraha Shibir, Nampur, was arrested and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.—Free Press.

SHYAMLAL'S HOUSE SEARCHED.

—:o:—

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 29.

The house of Pandit Shyamlal Nehru was searched, and one copy of Mr. Patel's Peshawar Enquiry Report was seized.—A. P.

CONGRESS ACTIVITIES IN CAWNPORE.

—:o:—

College Picketing Continues.

(CENSORED.)

CAWNPORE, Aug. 29.

The local College is vigorously picketed and the attendance in the classes is very poor.

Messrs. Rajendranath Bharghava has been appointed President and Ramanath Tandon, General Secretary of the Satyagraha Committee.

Vishnuchand, Ramashanker Awasthi, Rameshanker Shuknia, Manilal Duvedi, Ganesh Datt, Brahma Datt were released from jail.

The Christ Church College flag Satyagraha continues.—Free Press.

CAWNPORE'S RECORD OF CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE

—:o:—

1660 Volunters Enrolled In A Week.

CAWNPORE, Aug. 29.

The reoprt of Congress work done in Cawnpore for the week-ending the 24th inst. gives the following figures:—

Number of hartals	1
Number of processions	1
Number of meetings	7
Number of male volunteers (enrolled)	1660
Average number of volunteers on duty	150
Number of lady volunteers on duty	90
Number of women's meetings	10

77 arrests have been made from Cawnopre City and District during the week ending 24th inst.—Free Press.

"Working Committee Won't Stop Functioning"

—:o:—

MRS. NEHRU'S WARNING TO GOVERNMENT

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 29.

At a public meeting held here last night to congratulate the Congress leaders who were arrested and convicted at Delhi, Mrs. Motilal Nehru warned the Government that wholesale arrests of members of the Congress Working Committee would not stop its functioning, but they would continue holding monthly meetings and offer themselves for arrest.

The trial of Mr. Sankara Prasad, Chairman of the Mirzapur Municipay Board, and the "Dictator" and two others is proceeding at Mirzapur. Charges have been framed under Sections 147 and 341, I. P. C. (rioting and wrongful restraint). Judgment was reserved.

MORE REPRESSION.

Pandit Ram Prasad Misra, member, All-India Congress Committee, has been arrested at Unao under Section 108, Criminal Procedure Code.

Pandit Hargovind Pant, ex-M.L.C., was tried in Almora District Jail and he was sentenced to twelve months' simple imprisonment under Section 108, Criminal Procedure Code, and six months' rigorous imprisonment under Prevention of Intimidation Ordinance.—A. P.

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GANDHI JOTHISHA NILAYAM,
TIRUTTANI, (Madras Presy.).

WORLD'S GREAT PREDICTIONS.—Simply state your time and date of birth or writing letter. One year life-reading with character, Re. 1. Five years, Rs. 4-8 Extensive, Rs. 10. Mr. P. K. Ghose, M.A., B.L., Calcutta, writes: "The years and most accurate predictions. GREAT INDIAN ASTROLOGICAL HALL, Kashimkota, Vizag [illegible]

Public Notices.

THE KASTOORCHAND MILLS CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House", No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of September, 1930, at 4-0 p.m. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1930.
2. To confirm the appointment of Nawab Sir Akbar Hydari, Kt., LL.D., as a Director.
3. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, as notified in the Press, are CLOSED from the 26th day of August, 1930, to the 9th day of September, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
Agents.
Bombay, 20th August, 1930.
1508

THE BRADBURY MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House", No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of September, 1930, at 4-10 p.m. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1930.
2. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, as notified in the Press, are CLOSED from the 26th day of August, 1930, to the 9th day of September, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
Agents.
Bombay, 29th August, 1930.
1509

THE CEYLON SPG. & WVG. CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House", No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of September, 1930, at 4-20 p.m. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1930.
2. To elect a Director in the place of one who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, as notified in the Press, will be CLOSED from the 26th day of August, 1930, to the 9th day of September, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
Agents.
Bombay, 29th August, 1930.
1510

Public Notices

NOTICE.

I have severed my connection with the New Era School.
(Mrs.) MANECK D. MERCHANT.
1513

NOTICE.

ONE "ORDINARY" SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 28207 of the Tata Power Company, Ltd., standing in the name of Mr. Harmandar Singh Varma, has been LOST or MISPLACED. All persons having any claim on the said share are requested to intimate the same to the above Company at their Registered Office at Bombay House, 24, Bruce Road, Fort, Bombay, within 15 days from the date of this Notice, after which date no claim will be considered and duplicate will be issued to Mr. Harmandar Singh Varma.
1515

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Those Special Jurors, who were summoned for the current Criminal Sessions, which commenced its Sittings on MONDAY, the Seventh day of July, 1930, are hereby informed that their presence will no longer be required at the High Court.
BUNDALIBHOY HAJEEBHOY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Sheriff's Office,
High Court, Bombay,
30th August 1930.
1507

NOTICE.

"Be it known to the Public of Bombay that the woman from Bombay, who sailed by the "Esperance Bay" from Colombo last May 10th together with my husband FRANK SIDNEY BARLOW of Messrs. Dodge and Seymour, Ltd., Bombay, as his newly wedded bride and is now living with him in hiding from his parents and me, is not his wife, but I, the undersigned, am his legal wife with four little children"
ROSE BARLOW.
10, Myddelton Sq.,
London, W. C. 1.
R3134

NOTICE.

UTTAMCHAND HIRACHAND husband of Bachibai, daughter of Vallabhji Karamchand and Maneckbai deceased is requested to communicate with Messrs. SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT, 46, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.
28-8-30.
1501

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MAHOMED ISAK SHAIK MOHAMED, of Bombay, Sunni Kokani, Mahomedan, Inhabitant, lately a Chargeman in the Parel, Loco Workshop, B. B. & C. I. Railway. ..... Deceased.
MAHOMED ISMAIL MAHOMED ISAK, of Bombay Sunni Kokani, Mahomeddan Inhabitant, a Clerk in the Bombay Municipality, residing at Huzria Street, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Twentieth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty, and in the Twenty-first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
Sd. H. A. VAKIL,
20th day of August, 1930.
Messrs. MIRZA MIRZA & PATHAK
Petitioner's Attorneys.
1504

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
INSOLVENCY NO. 684 OF 1930.

Re: PANDURANG MAHADU, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, lately residing at Coppersmith Lane Mazagaon outside the Fort of Bombay and now a Prisoner in the Arthur Road Civil Jail: A Debtor.
Ex. parte: SHAMRAO PANDURANG DANDEKAR & Others: Petitioning Creditors.

On the 28th day of August, 1930, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor as an Insolvent.
Dated this 28th day of August, 1930.
K. A. BHOJWANI,
Insolvency Registrar.
1511

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the POWER OF ATTORNEY executed on the 12th May, 1927, by our client Mr. Framji Pestonji Divecha, sole proprietor of the firm of Messrs. Malcome and Co., carrying on business at No. 115, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay, in favour of Mr. Kaikhushro Pestonji Khergaumwala, has been REVOKED and CANCELLED and all powers and authorities given to him have been withdrawn.
Dated this 29th day of August, 1930.
PAYNE & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Framji Pestonji Divecha, sole proprietor of the firm of Malcome and Co
R3144

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 1278 of 1929.

DHARAMSEY AMBA, the heir and legal representative of Amba Bhagwan ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
Messrs. DEOKARAN DAHYA and SONS ..... Defendants.
To,
The Plaintiff abovenamed.
PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that we shall make an application to discharge us as your Attorneys to the Prothonotary and Senior Master, High Court, Bombay, on TUESDAY next, the 2nd proximo, at 11-15 a.m. (S. T.).
Dated this 29th day of August, 1930.
DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM,
Attorneys-at-Law.
1514

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits limited to the estate mentioned in Schedule No. I (estate and effects) of Bai GIRJA, widow of Girdharlal Chaganlal of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Vithalwady outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.
VASANTRAI JUGJIWANDAS PAREKH, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Vithalwady Assistant Librarian in Free Peoples Reading Room and Library, Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMOUNT, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this Fourteenth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty, and in the Twenty-first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL
The 15th day of August, 1930.
Messrs. LALA AND CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
1498

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.
and
In the matter of the Bombay Malabar Forest Produce Co., Ltd. (In voluntary liquidation).
H. D. JASSOOBHOY, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, Liquidator of the abovenamed Bombay Malabar Forest Produce Co., Ltd. (In Voluntary liquidation), residing at Palli Hill, Bandra. ..... Petitioner.

UPON READING the petition of the Petitioner declared on the 31st day of July, 1930, and his affidavits sworn on the same day and on the 14th August, 1930, AND UPON HEARING Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for the Petitioner I DO ORDER that the several persons named in the third column of the schedule annexed to the said petition do attend before the Hon'ble the Sitting Judge in Chambers for hearing Company matters at the High Court of Bombay on FRIDAY, the 19th day of September, 1930, at 11-15 o'clock in the forenoon (S. T.) upon the hearing of an application on the part of the petitioner that the said several persons, being contributories of the said Company, be ordered to pay to the Petitioner as Liquidator at his Office at Morarbhoy Building, 43, Apollo Street, Bombay, within 8 days of the service respectively of the Order to be made thereon the several sums of money set opposite their respective names in the seventh column of the said schedule, being the amounts due from the said persons respectively in respect of call at Rs. 20|- per share on the number of shares of the abovenamed Company set opposite their respective names in the sixth column of the said Schedule together with interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from 15th May 1930 AND that the said several persons be ordered to pay the costs of this summons, the said application and the order to be made thereon AND I DO FURTHER ORDER that the petitioner be and he is hereby given liberty to serve this summons upon the said several persons by forwarding by registered post to each of them at the address mentioned against his name in the fourth column of the said Schedule a copy of this summons containing at the foot thereof the entry relating to him in the said schedule, certified by the Petitioner to be a true copy thereof, and by publishing this summons once each in the Bombay Government Gazette and in the "Bombay Chronicle" and a Gujerati translation thereof once each in the "Bombay Samachar", "The Gujerati", "The Gujerati Punch" of Ahmedabad and the "Kesari" of Poona.
Dated this 15th day of August, 1930.
(Sd.) H. J. KANIA.
(Sd.) DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
1497

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letter of Administration of the property and credits of GHELABHAI DHARAMSEY, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Landlord residing at Dadar, outside the Fort. ..... Deceased.
DHARSEY GHELABHAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Landlord son of the deceased abovenamed, residing at Dadar, outside the Fort. ..... Petitioner.
ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Esq., Knight, Chief Jusutice at Bombay aforesaid this Seventh day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty and in the twenty-first year of our reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
H. A. VAKIL.
The 7th day of August, 1930.
Mr. RAMCHANDRA T. KARNIK,
Petitioner's Attorney.
1512

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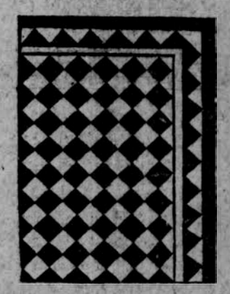

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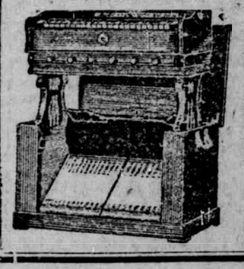

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What the People Say

CHIEF PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE'S BAN.

—:o:—

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is well known that the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, issued on 20-6-1930 an Order under section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code asking the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the Congress volunteers and others to abstain from exercising, drilling there (on the Esplanade Maidan) for a period of 2 months. Thereafter on 21-6-1930 the gruesome 'lathi' charge on the volunteers and others occured. This order was to expire on 20-8-1930; so under clause 6 of the same section the Governor-in-Council notified on 17-8-1930 that the said Order should remain in force for a further period of 2 months. Then on 21-8-1930 the Western India National Liberal Association adopted a resolution (published in the "Bombay Chronicle") that if the Government was satisfied that the danger contemplated in the Order existed then it should have only restricted enforcement of the Order to a certain portion of the Maidan; it is to be noted that though this resolution is in a conditional form it is not a direct demurer to there being any danger to public peace. Now it is well known that the Congress volunteers never committed in Bombay a breach of public peace. One other fact also is to be noted that it is not known whether the apprehension in the mind of the Chief Presidency Magistrate was likely to turn out correct as appearing from the subsequent events or whether any inquiry on the subject was held after the prolongation of the first order on 20-6-1930. Therefore will the said Association consider the following legal dicta and explain how they come to adopt such a resolution.

It is laid down in I. L. R. 2 Mad. 140 at p. 141 that 'It is,.....a right recognized by law that persons may, for a lawful purpose..... use a common highway by parading it ..... so that they do not obstruct the use of it by other persons." As to the time for which such an order should be made it is said in I. L. R. 5 Cal. 132 that 'It is, therefore, incumbent on him (the Magistrate) to limit the operation of his Order to such reasonable time as may be necessary to enable him to hold a full and sufficient inquiry ....." As to the emergency when such an order should be promulgated it is said in I. L. R. 2 Madras 140 at p. 142 that 'His (the Magistrate's) first duty is to secure to every person the enjoyment of his rights under the law, and, by measure of precaution, to deter those who seek to invade the rights of others; but if he apprehends that the lawful exercise of a right may lead to civil tumult and he doubts whether he has available a sufficient force to repress such tumult, regard for the public welfare is allowed to override temporarily the private right.....' Then as against whom such an order should be made it is laid down in I. L. R. 5 Cal. 132 p. 136, 'If it is found that a man is doing that which he is legally entitled to do and that his neighbour chooses to take offence thereat, and to create a disturbance in consequence, it is clear that the duty of the Magistrate is, not to continue to deprive the first of the exercise of his legal right, but to restrain the second from illegally interfering with that exercise of legal rights (These remarks are approved and followed in 82 I. C. 42). Again it is said in 24 Cr. L. J. 154 at p. 155 that 'It seems to me (The High Court Judge) that the proper course that the Magistrate ought to follow is to find out which party is in the wrong and, if he finds on the evidence that the second party is in the wrong and is interfering unnecessarily with theu exercise of the legal powers of the first party, he ought to bind down the second party ..... (of 23 Cr. L. J. 689).—Yours, etc.,

A STUDENT OF LAW.

August 23.

PARSIS AND NATIONAL MOVEMENT.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You have highly obliged me by publishing my previous letter on he "Parsis and the National Movement." In that letter I endeavoured to convince my Hindu brothers and sisters that the backbone of the Parsi community was strong and virile, and that the Parsis are deeply impressed with this great struggle waged by Mahatma Gandhi for gaining [illegible] "Swaraj" frightens the [illegible] section of the Parsis. Why it should frighten this particular class of people is not comprehensible to me. In Swaraj they will not be deprived of their wealth and belongings. The idea fostered in the mind of the Capitalist that a Russian system will be inaugurated in India with the advent of Swaraj, is pure moonshine. Such fire-works are all right for Anglo-Indian journalists.

Though I have great regard and esteem for Shapurji Saklatvala—it is an open secret that he was given poor response from the leaders of the Indian National Congress. Not that they disliked Mr. Saklatvala as a man, but they certainly opposed his advanced Socialist views.

In 1921, when the Parsi Rajkiya Sabha was established under that intrepid Parsi—Burjorji F. Bharucha, the Parsis gave poor response. A few meetings were held, handsome donations were given to Tilak Swaraj Fund, and then with the arrest of Gandhiji everything cooled down.

Any other man in Gandhiji's place would have deserted politics, thinking the people of India were utterly hopeless and incurable. Not so the Mahatma. He deplored the nation's apathy, and yet he prayed daily to the Almighty to give him that power through suffering, which would appeal to all classes, and open their eyes to the slavish state in which they rotted. And now the whole country is ready to follow him.

Mahatmaji has great love and regard for the Parsi Community. Again and again in his writings and speeches he has said and written very highly about the Parsis. To-day Dadabhoy Naoroji's grand-daughters are his disciples. All the three sisters vie with one another in the service of Mother Hind. Miss Mithuben Petit is another lady, who is a true disciple of Gandhiji. These ladies and so many other Parsi Sevikas are doing a lot of real service to the cause which is so dear to Mahatmaji.

While remembering ladies, let me not forget to write a few lines about Vir Nariman. Ten years back when even the Mahatma was misunderstood, our good friend Nariman was considered a firebrand, whose opinions were considered to be injurious for the welfare of the Parsi Community. Time is the best judge of current affairs, and to-day the whole Parsi Community rightly claims Nariman as our "Hero." The way in which he exposed the doings of Bombay Development Department, is still fresh in our minds, and the service he has rendered in that one sphere is of immense value. He is a true soldier of freedom, a man who would always face his opponents without fear or mercy. Long live our hero—is my sincere wish.

For the last three months the Parsis have imbibed a political consciousness which is very laudable. Women have discarded costly sarees and taken to pure Swadeshi sarees. Is not that wonderful? When women change—men must follow in like manner. I consider woman morally superior to man. When she changes her ideas, her whole home is injected with that change.

Many Parsi meetings have been held during these three months, and the thundering response our good friend Burjorji is having, must make his heart happy and joyful. I am grieved to record here that he is ailing for a long time, and is still in hospital. I trust he will recover completely soon, and will continue to enlighten the Parsi Community, as he has done in the past.

The latest effort of Mr. Bharucha in holding a "Pateti Swadeshi Bazar" deserves much praise. At Pateti time the Parsis spend much on clothing and other fancy things. A casual visit to the Bazar has convinced me, that it is fully equipped with all sorts of things, of varied designs, suitable for different tastes and desires. The rates are also nicely arranged to suit all purses. The Parsi Rajkiya Sabha and its organisers deserve great credit for building up this excellent Indigenous Fair.—Yours etc.,

B. B. P.

MORE ABOUT "SCRUTATOR."

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—"Vox Populi Vox Dei," is a saying much respected in the West as well as in the East. So that, I am at a loss what to think of our all-wise and omniscient "Scrutator," who talks usually in a light manner, about persons held in great esteem by all sections of the people of India, descending sometimes even to ungentlemanly depths. Mr. V. J. Patel, till lately the President of the Central Legislature, the highest places to which a non-official gentleman can aspire to, in the present constitution, and at present an accredited leader of the Congress party is represented by the immaculate "Scrutator" as "definitely indulging in nonsense." Again Pandit Malaviyaji, whose experience in handling questions of Indian interest etends over a period of nearly half a century, is considered by the omniscient "Scrutator," as unfitted to tackle a nice business problem, which only the "Scrutator's" subtle understanding can grasp. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, at present the Acting President of the Congress and once the President of Congress is represented to be a liar and utterly unfit to open his mouth in a crisis like the present.

As for his policy. One day the "Scrutator" praises the police and condemns the Congress and the public, the next day he praises the Congress and damns the police.

Again you often find the vocabulary of billings-gate in his writings.

Is Indian taste so depraved as to countenance such mischievous trash, as is often served by the "Scrutator" every evening? Is it not the duty of elderly people definitely to set their countenance against the daily pollution of the mind of the younger generation by journals like this?

I am aware that by giving expression to these ideas, I am provoking a terrible erruption of this volcano. But crushed though I may be by the consequent lava of billings-gate, I shall not consider myself to have lived in vain, if I have hereby drawn the attention of men of character and taste to this most dangerous journal.—Yours, etc.,

H. ACHHUTA RAO,

SWADESHI CIGARRETTES.

—:o:—

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Bombay Swadeshi League Information Bureau supplies your esteemed Daily with regular lists of Swadeshi articles and their chief Bombay stores with a view to popularise Swadeshi. Will they or at least some merchant kindly enlighten me through the columns of "The Chronicle" whether the "Camel" cigarette which is in vogue throughout India to-day is a purely Swadeshi article? If not, can someone kindly give the names of a few fine specimens of Swadeshi cigarettes?—

INQUIRER.

Calicut, 20.

WHAT ABOUT KARNATAK?

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The speech made by the Vice-Chancellor on the occasion of the annual convocation recently held at Bombay, disclosed some of the future shadows on the University and its teaching in this Presidency. But it is surprising that no thought was given to the Karnatak part of the presidency which forms a big division. Any man of Karnatak would feel for the negligence of Kannad language, which can no longer be fed by the other parts of the Presidency. If Ahmedabad and Poona are to have their own Universities teaching in their own mother-tongue it is surprising how Karnatak is left out of account. It is the duty of all the educated people in general and those from Karnatak in particular to be on their guard from now to exercise their right of demanding a separate University for Karnatak.—Yours, etc.

K. N. DESHPANDE.

M. M. School, Gokak, Aug. 23.

FASCISM AND ITS CRITICS.

—:o:—

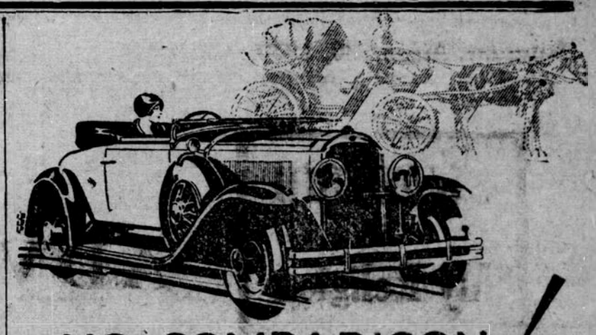
To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I cannot understand what is the purpose of your correspondents who attack Italy—I say Italy and not Fascism because to-day Italy and Fascism are one—nor why an Indian nationalist paper lends its columns to such attacks against a great nation that never did any harm to India. To "Osiris," of course, I would never again condescend to reply—he is so obviously steeped in venom: but your correspondent, "Paul Pry" in his letter in your issue of the 26th inst. uses more moderate language and seems to be in good faith. To him I reply that in my previous letters I offered to support all my statements with proofs. More than this I cannot do. Moreover I do not see why I should be called upon to refute at all the grave charges against Fascism made by an anonymous or for that matter by any correspondent in an Indian paper. My country is not on trial, nor are newspaper correspondents counsels for the prosecution and I counsel for the defence, nor is the "Bombay Chronicle" a High Court of Judicature. For the benefit of your readers I repeat "for the last time" that the attacks made on Italy are old fish refried, that they are "unmitigated lies," and that "I can prove what I say." Whoever wants such proofs let him take the trouble to come to me. Several issues of the "Bombay Chronicle" would not be sufficient to marshal such proofs. Therefore, I must decline to enter the arena of newspaper controversy. I offer a fair field to any of your readers who may desire to become acquainted with the truth. If they will persist in hiding their personalities behind a "nom-de-plume" and continue their attacks on Italy, they can do so to their hearts' content, as I will in future ignore their outbursts. So far as I am concerned this correspondence is closed. But before closing it I want to assure "Paul Pry" that I am well aware of the habit to contribute correspondence to newspapers under a nom-de-plume, and that I consider it a most immoral habit. An attack is made, but the attacked is not to know who makes it. What a fine proceeding this would be in a Court of law! I hope "Paul Pry", if he is in good faith as he seems to be, will acknowledge that an attack made by a coolie weighs differently from an attack made by a High Court Judge. To me a nom-de-plume is only a form of anonymity, and as such despicable.

Let us close. Those who want proofs know where to get them. Those who want to attack with unproved lies may do so until they die of exhaustion.—Wours, etc.,

G. SCRINZI.

Aug. 26.



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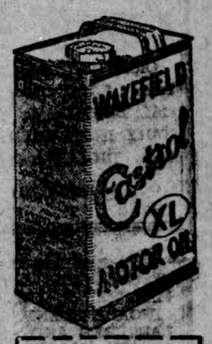

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Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
Aug.		
30th	RAJPUTANA *	16,568
Sept.		
6th	RANPURA	16,601
13th	MOOLTAN x	20,847
20th	RANCHI	16,650
27th	MANTUA *	10,946
Oct.		
4th	VICEROY of INDIA	19,648
11th	COMORIN x	16,132
18th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
25th	MALVA	11,000
Nov.		
1st	RAJPUTANA	16,568
8th	NALDERA x	16,598
15th	RANPURA	16,601
22nd	MACEDONIA *	11,120
29th	MANTUA	10,946
Dec.		
6th	NARKUNDA *	16,572
13th	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
20th	RAWALPINDI x	16,619
27th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
1931.		
Jan.		
3rd	MOOLTAN x	20,952
10th	RAJPUTANA	16,565
17th	RANCHI *	16,650
24th	RANPURA	16,601
31st	MALOJA x	20,837
Feb.		
7th	MANTUA	10,946
14th	COMORIN *	15,132
21st	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
28th	NALDERA x	880'91
Mar.		
7th	KAISAR-I-HIND @	11,518
14th	MACEDONIA †	11120
21st	RANPURA @	16,601
28th	NARKUNDA x	16,572
Apl.		
4th	RANCHI @	16650
9th	MOLDAVIA §	16,543
11th	MACEDONIA †	11120
18th	Viceroy of India @	19,648
25th	MOOLTAN x	20,952
May.		
2nd	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

x Through from Australia.

* Through from China.

with limited accommodation for passengers from India.

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† To Marseilles only.

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TO LONDON.
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Single	£92	£82	£72	£62
Return	161	144	126	108

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£56	£50
Return	98	88

TO MARSEILLES.
1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£84	£74	£66	£58
Return	147	130	115	102

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£52	£46
Return	91	81

NEW THIRD CLASS CABIN FARES TO EUROPE.

	Single	Return
London	£30	£52
Marseilles	28	49

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The "MOLDAVIA", 16,543 tons, carrying first saloon and third cabin passengers leaves London 13th and Marseilles 20th March, due Bombay April 3rd.

The "Strathnaver", a new steamer of 21,100 tons will call at Bombay on her Outward voyage in October next year carrying First Saloon and Third Cabin passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

Date. About	Steamers.	Tons.
Nov.		
20th	DUMANA	8,427
Dec.		
11th	DOMALA	8,422
1931		
Mar.		
26th	DUMANA	8,427
Apl.		
16th	DOMALA	8,422

SHIPPING.

These two vessels are "one class" ships. Fares as follows:—
Bombay to Plymouth.

	A	B	C
Single	£64	£60	£56
Return	£112	£105	£98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about		
Aug.		
29	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan.
30	Mirzapore*	Singapore Shanghai & Japan
Sept.		
12	Naldera	Colombo and Australia.
26	Morea	Colombo, China and Japan.
Oct.		
10	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
24	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China and Japan.
Nov.		
7	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.
21	Ranchi	Colombo, China and Japan.
Dec.		
5	Maloja	Colombo and Australia.
19	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan.
1931.		
Jan.		
2	Naldera	Colombo and Australia.
16	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan
30	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
Feb.		
13	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China and Japan
27	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.

*Cargo only.

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Aug.		
29th	Vasna	K'chi, Bushire, Mohammerah & Basrah.
Sept.		
3rd	Bandra	K'chi & Persian Gulf Ports.
6th	Chakla	Karachi via P'bunder and C'Mandvi.
8th	Vita	Karachi via Port Okha and C'Mandvi.
10th	Khandalla	East and South Africa via Marmagoa.

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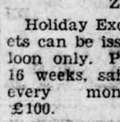

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI.

Steamers.	Arrival.	Departure
Shunko Maru ..	24th Aug.	7th Sept.
Honolulu Maru ..	8th Sept.	22nd Sept
Sumatra Maru ..	24th Sept.	8th Oct.
Hamburg Maru	9th Oct.	23rd Oct.

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Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
*Rangoon Maru ..	5059	21 Aug.	30 Aug.
Fushimi Maru ..	11000	---	9 Sept
Tamba Maru ..	5845	30 Aug.	12 Sept
Hakozaki Maru ..	10500	---	@23Sept
*Penang Maru ..	5214	17 Sept.	30 Sept.
Terukun Maru @	12000	---	5 Oct.
Kaga Maru	5860	30 Sept.	14 Oct.
Hakusan Maru ..	10500	---	@21 Oct.
*Malacca Maru ..	5374	16 Oct.	82 Oct
Haruma Maru @	10500	....	4 Nov
TangoMaru	6893	30 Oct.	13 No.

*Do not carry passengers.
(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles.
Kamo Maru ..	8000	4 Sept.	22 Sept.
Katori Maru ..	10000	18 Sept	6 Oct
Kashima Maru ..	10000	2 Oct.	19 Oct.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN-FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hong-kong	From Kobe
Asama Maru ..	22000	18 Sept.	24 Sept.
Taiyo Maru ..	22000	28 Sept.	5 Oct.
Chinchibu Maru ..	22000	9 Oct.	15 Oct.

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and Satisfying
A Perfect and Pleasing
Tonic
THE ATANK NIGRAH PILLS
Rupee ONE for a Tin (32 Pills).
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
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Bombay Branch:—
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Let your Body and Brain Be Refreshed
by using
ZANDU'S
Draksha-Asava
Mridvikarishta-Sharangdhar M. Ch. 10.
A Delicious and Remarkable Remedy
Why Remain Fatigued and Depressed? Why not try from to-day?
That Acts At Once
ZANDU'S
Draksha-Asava
The Well-known Body and Brain Refresher
Avoid Substitutes
ZANDU
Pharmaceutical Works Limited.
Sayani Road, BOMBAY 25
Selling Depot: Old Bhatia Mahajanwadi Kalbadevi, BOMBAY 2
Price list of Ayurvedic preparations on application.

WHEN YOU SPEND SO MUCH
For Your Clothe
Why not be certain that they are made by artistic tailors.
Araujo Fernandes & Co.,
Merchant Tailors,
Princess Street. BOMBAY.

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The Nineteenth Triennial Division of Profits OF THE
ORIENTAL
INDIA'S GREATEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
falls to be made as at 31st December, 1930.
Surplus disclosed at Three Previous Valuations.
1921 Rs. 21 1/2 Lakhs. 1924 Rs. 53 1/3 Lakhs. 1927 Rs. 78 Lakhs.
Bonuses declared on Whole Life Policies per Annum
1921 Rs. 10 per 1000. 1924 Rs.22 1/2 per 1000
1927 Rs. 25 per 1000 per Annum.
Participating Policies effected in the current Year will be entitled to participate in the Division of Profits if in force as at 31st December, 1930.
THEREFORE IT WILL PAY YOU TO BECOME AN ORIENTAL POLICYHOLDER NOW.
REPRESENTATIVES EVERYWHERE.
FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO:—
H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A.,
MANAGER, ORIENTAL BLDGS., BOMBAY.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd
25% of the Premium refunded as Bonus.
Funds about Rs. 4½ Lakhs.
The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Rs. 1 and As. 8 per month. Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co. Chief Agents, Mazgaon, Bombay, 10.

THE UNIVERSAL
FIRE and GENERAL
Insurance Company, Limited.
(INCORPORATED IN INDIA.)
UNIVERSAL BUILDING,
Cowasji Patel Street, Fort,
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FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR CAR WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION
Managing Agents:—
M. KANJI & CO.
RESPECTABLE AND INFLUENTIAL AGENTS WANTED FOR UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS.

HINDUSTHAN
Co-operative Insurance Society, Limited
Head Office:—CALCUTTA.
Last Year's New Business. Over ONE CRORE.
Total Assets. Exceeds ONE CRORE.
Last Bonus (Quinquennial.) Rs. 100, per 1000.
(Endowment Assurance.)
A purely Indian Life Office.
Lower Premiums. Larger Bonuses. Liberal Policy Conditions.
Join this progressive office and share in its prosperity.
For particulars please write to:—
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World-renowned Patent
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With upto date Improvements
Catalogue from : 29, College Street.
Price from Rs. 6-12.
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KESARI'S THREE GEMS

LODHRA
FOR LADIES' HEALTH & HAPPINESS

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BEST FOR FEVERS
AT ALL CHEMISTS' AND

KESARI KUTEERAM
Indian Chemists & Druggists,
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Get a New Life

Thousands of hopeless patients have got new life, by using the following long-tried specifics of the CHIEF HUKMA OF KASHMIR State. Complete cure guaranteed or full amount refunded.

VICTORY (Regd.) shall make you perfect man in 2 hours; the best retentive and good tonic. No opium. Quite safe. PRICE RS. 2 per dozen.

TERYAQ ATSHAQ—Matchless remedy for any kind of Syphilis. Absolutely without mercury. No trouble, but complete cure in one week. PRICE Rs. 3.

SAJAN MOHANI (Regd.) A few grains of it shall change your old wife into quite young one in 10 minutes. Quite safe but most certain. PRICE RS. 1 Per TOLA.

AKSHIR—Shall cure old or new Gonorrhoea in a few days without fail. Guaranteed not to contain Morphia Sandal Oil etc., etc., PRICE RS. 3 ONLY.

TILA DILRUBA (Regd.) Use it once and your most proud and indifferent darling shall be enslaved for ever. A packet for 6 times. PRICE RS. 2 ONLY.

Dr. T. N. SHARMA.
Kaviraj, Darulsehat (Regd.)
Gujarat, (Punjab).

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The biggest and most reliable Astrological Society in India and the Far East. Free Prospectus on application. Annual Life Reading (monthly information) Rs. 4. Answers to question varies from Rs. 2 to 25. DHANADA (WONDERFUL TALISMAN). Its wearer earns immense wealth with little struggling and attains to long life, good health, fame, son, success in undertakings, prosperity in service and business, etc. It has wonderful power to give abundant fortune to the wearer to his utter surprise. Price Rs. 7-10. Specially prepared, giving immediate effects in gold tube. Rs. 29-11. BASIKARANA TALISMAN. Wear this and keep under your absolute control any man or woman. Rs. 4-9.

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Prof. B. K. JYOTIR BHUSAN
F. T. S. (Expd. 30 Years.)
President—All-India Astrological and Astronomical Society
105 (C), Grey Street, Calcutta.

"INDIANISATION OF TECHNICAL SERVICES."

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Referring to the details with regard to the "Racial Discrimination in Railway Service" by Rai Bahadur Chandrika Prasad which appeared in the issue of your paper dated 19-3-1930 and "Indianisation of Technical Services" published under the signature of "Tadewa" in the "Chronicle" of the 21st instant, I desire to bring to the notice of those interested a few facts of the B. B. & C. I. Railway administration and shall be thankful if you will give this a publication through your esteemed paper:—

AGENCY DEPARTMENT.

Publicity Officer:—This office was opened to imitate the system started by the G. I. P. and other Government Railways apparently with a motive to popularize the traffic by means of leaflets, pictures, posters, etc. Since the opening of this office the earnings of day traffic instead of increasing in any way have been diminishing day by day until during the last few weeks there is a great fall in the earnings of the Railway which is attributed partly to the present national movement and there are rumours that the Company is thinking of a general retrenchment by about 20 per cent of the salaries of the staff. If this rumour were to be true, would it not be more desirable to abolish the very inauspicious Department (Publicity) which has brought nothing but loss to the Company and has proved to be a white elephant on account of its enormous expenditure.

Staff Officer:—The duties of the Staff Officer were meant to redress grievances of the staff in case they have any and give them proper justice after obtaining the facts and putting them up before the Agent with his own independent conclusions. What is actually done is that the Staff Officer refers the matter to the very officer against whom injustice is alleged and the explanation by the officer concerned is repeated ditto to the staff applying for justice and there the matter ends.

AUDIT DEPARTMENT.

Attempts are being vigorously made to bring down the maximum of the Indians. It will be interesting to note that an Anglo-Indian aged 55—an age which is ordinarily meant for one to retire from the service—has been appointed in an existing permanent vacancy on Rs. 300 per month, superseding claims of so many able Indian Staff. This will probably be the first instance where a man has been appointed on the permanent establishment at this age.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON DEPARTMENT (AJMER).

An Anglo-Indian is appointed as Chief Clerk overlooking the claims of the Indian Staff whose appeal also failed to set right the wrong.

ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT.

Any amount of words will fail to describe the sad history of this Department. Every day attempts are being made to recruit Anglo-Indians for jobs of all sorts, technical and clerical. Applications from Indian graduates in Mechanical Engineering are filed with remarks "No Vacancy" while persons with "skin" qualification are able to secure the jobs without the requisite practical or educational qualifications to their credit. Men discharged from military service are appointed on fat salaries and are considered suitable for any responsible job, only after a short training in the Department. It appears a general policy has been laid down not to appoint any Indian to a really responsible position.—Yours, etc.

M. RAO.

Malad, Aug. 25.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES.

—:o:—

Where Is The Report.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—May I beseech of you the help of the loud speaker of your columns to reach my voice to the ears of the Directorate of Industries in the Presidency for the gift of its annual report to the public of Bombay. Its official year as notified by them last year terminated with last March and the report is due since April. Though we are close upon September we are yet without the authentic information about the activities of the Department. It was on the outcry of the public that the Department was rehabilitated with a capable personnel and the industrial public are justifiably anxious to be apprised of its progressively beneficial activities. It is surely a case of belated labour and obstructionists to its overdue production to public gaze must be early obviated. Last year's issue had in it too much of its attenuated ancestry. It was only an imperfect urchin of twice two-penny worth contents. But since then a capable and practised accoucheur, an industrial engineer has been assisting the experienced Director and since there has been a protracted rearing in the foetal stages the industrial public in the fitness of things well may expect the offspring to be fully developed and clear in outlines practically suggestive of initiation and development of indigenous industries in the Presidency.—Yours, etc.,

SARABHAI

Madhuli, Bombay 7,
August 26.

NATIONAL FLAG AND CORPORATION.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Its with a very great regret we find that the proposal to hoist the National Flag over the Municipal Office, brought forward by Mr. Shivdas Champsy, should have met such a fate. The Bombay Municipal Corporateon is a premier body of its kind in India and it is a corporation of a city that has the most unique distinction of having in its roll of great men, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, Dadabhoy, Navroji, Gokhale and Tilak. But to-day when this honourable proposal was being brought forward, the slavish mentality of many of its members came to the fore, and it has clearly shown to one and all, that still there does exist a certain section which believes in mere lip sympathy and nothing more. Every nation in the world has an emblem, has a standard where with it represents its individuality, its honour of its status, and why should not India, which to-day is on the threshold of a great achievement, have this Tri coloured Red, Green and White with charkha as its Flag? But its a sheer disgrace of shame, that this great opportunity has been lost and the socalled citizens of Bombay have brought a stain upon the fair name of this great city. "The Urbs Prima in Indies".—Yours, etc.

BORAD R. BANAJI.

Poona, Aug. 24.

WHERE CAN IT BE HAD ?

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Some time ago there appeared in your esteemed paper a letter from Messrs. Konkar Bros. stating that "Nirmolin" soap could be had in Bombay. I regret very much to inform you that though I have tried very hard to get this soap I cannot find it anywhere. Will you be so good as to publish this letter in your well-known paper and request any of your readers to say where the above soap can be had.—Yours, etc.,

A. R. PUROHIT.

Aug. 26.

MILLS AND SWADESHI.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Boycott Committee of the B. P. C. C. is doing a very useful and patriotic work in order to carry out thoroughly well the boycott programme of the Congress, and to put the same on a permanent basis so that the ideal of swadeshi may have practical results. The efforts are already beginning to tell and the public are now learning about the invaluable benefit that this side of the Congress Propaganda will secure for the national industries in general and mill industry in particular. It is, therefore, the duty of every one who has the betterment of the millions of poor workers at heart, to co-operate with the activities of Congress wholeheartedly, with a view to banish once for all foreign cloth from every home or at least to make its further import impracticable, by adhering to the Swadeshi in all respects. So far as the programme relates to mills in India, it is noteworthy that the terms offered by the Boycott Committee to European managed mills for inclusion into the Indian group, are what they should be. Nothing less than this would achieve the desired end. Belated attempt in the past have proved very futile and it is, therefore, we see to-day a will to prosecute the programme without yielding to the individual needs or the circumstances. In this connection, I wish to make a humble suggestion to the authorities of various Swadeshi Leagues that have recently come into being at the chief industrial centres and trust it will be found to be advantageous. It is one of the several conditions that each mill wishing to be a member of the League should confine its purchases of accessories, stores set as far as possible, to Indian Makes and those not available in India, to non-British manufactures as also to Patronise Indian firms.

In order to carry this condition to proper and faithful observance by the members of the League, it should also be stipulated and be made binding on them to submit periodically information that they have actually carried out the condition in its details. Complete information regarding this would serve as a valuable statistics and a sort of Directory for the use of the general information also. It will help indirectly to those Indian makers who seek support and advertisement to push on the sales and will tend to create a healthy Indian market for such goods, as lack o prfeper information very often leads to buying goods of foreign make.—Yours, etc.,

CONCRETE FACTS.

Aug. 25.

CORPORATION AND NATIONAL FLAG.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It was with a feeling of shame that I read to-day in your issue of the 23rd instant that the motion for the hoisting of the National Flag was rejected by a large majority, and it was with a still greater feeling of shame when I read that not a single person from my community supported it; nay the amendment, or shall I say, the direct opposition to the motion, was brought forward by a Parsi, claiming to be a Nationalist.

I fail to understand the mentality of these Corporators who supported the amendment. I cannot understand why these people should have gone against the wishes of their voters, and acted according to their whims and fancies.

Sir, when the voters of nearly every ward unanimously voted for the resolution, it is absolutely clear that the representatives of these wards had no business to support the amendment, and thus floute the wishes of their wards and consequently the city.

Throughout the world, the flag of the nations is respected and honoured by their respective countrymen. The flag of the Indian nation is the tri-coloured national flag for which so many are rotting in jail and some have actually died. May I then know why the Bombay Municipality which voices the feelings of the people, should have acted against their wishes?

It is, therefore, clear that those who have voted against the resolution, I mean in favour of the amendment, have not only flouted the wishes of the people, but have done a great national disservice. So these people not deserve to be put in the black list at the time of the next election?—Yours, etc.,

PARSI.

Karachi, Aug. 25

A CASE FOR ENQUIRY

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I believe everyone of your readers must have read with sincere regret the unfortunate tale of Mr. Hakim Nisar Ahmed Ikrani as published in your esteemed paper under date 22nd inst. I wonder what to call it all. Apart from the legal side of the question, the sad story of his sufferings and hardships at the Byculla Jail (House of Correction), where he was kept for 12 days under remand, needs seriously to be taken notice of nnd the authorities at fault concerned in this case should be taken to task publicly. One should like to know under what rules and laws Mr. Ikrani, an under-trial prisoner, was treated in the way described by him. An enquiry should be immediately made in the matter and those at fault dealt with severely, because now-a-days such cases of unwarranted harshness towards political prisoners, convicted or under trial, are getting multiplied and it is high time to put a stop to this, even if necessary by sueing the parties at fault.—Yours, truly.

AGGRIEVED PARSI.

Ahmedabad, August 26.

AN APPEAL TO BOMBAY TRAMWAYS COMPANY

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I request the favour of some space in your popular journal for a suggestion to our Tramways Co. which I am confident will prove beneficial both to them and to the public.

Sir, considering the highly depressing trade conditions every where, it is expedient that whatever little relief can be granted by public utility concerns, should be offered by them to the public, which will not only earn for them the gratitude of their customers, but may also increase their business.

The Tramway Company is showing a steady profit upto now, and hence I think it will not be too much to expect some concessions from them. They must be aware that Calcutta Tramways have reduced their rates, although same are generally still higher than Bombay rates, but then the Calcutta Tramways Company are charging "mid day fares" 3 pice and 2 pice for first class and second class respectively for any length of the journey from 11-0 a.m. to 3-0 p.m. Secondly they offer the benefits of the season tickets, which are available for any number of journeys. Hence I suggest that our Tramuays Company which we have the pride to reckon as a Swadeshi concerns, will not hesitate to initiate some favourable changes as the above. They may issue monthly season ticket, for say Rs. 2/12 which will save to the buyer Re. 1/ per month, supposing 2 journeys are done daily. A sum of annas eight may be required as a deposit as in Calcutta, and this deposit in itself will bring a fairly good sum as permanent deposit to the Tramways Company.

One more suggestion is in the event of the above being not feasible, to issue coupon tickets, 20 for a rupee, which may be exchanged for ordinary tickets.—Yours, etc.,

A. A. D.

Aug. 26.

The Perfect Shave
Hygienic conditions may be bad, sometimes, but "4711" Genuine Eau de Cologne will make up for much. It is ideal as an after-shaving lotion and leaves your face refreshed and clean. Of "4711" repute, too, are "4711" Shaving Sticks "4711" Talcum Powder, the other two indispensable items for the perfect shave.
Recognisable by the "4711" mark on the Blue and Gold Label.
EAU DE COLOGNE
No 4711
No. 4711. Genuine Eau de Cologne

Representative: ROBERT BLAU (India), Central Bank Building, Bombay.

(A Copy of this prospectus has been filed with the Registrar, Joint Stock Companies, Bengal on 2-8-30.)

The Central Tipperah Tea Co. Ltd.,

Head Office:—7, Mission Row, Block "B", CALCUTTA.
Capital:—Rs. 5,00,000/- (Five lacs) Subscribed:—Rs. 4,99,950
Paid-up Capital:—Rs. 4,89,510/-.

It is the Biggest Garden in Hill Tipperah. Tea is manufactured in the new two storied Steel-Con. Factory equipped with all sorts of upto date machineries. Valuations obtained upto Rs. 1/6/- per lb. of Manufactured Tea (Vide Report of Messrs. J. Thomas and Co., Tea Brokers, dated 23-4-30). At present only a few FORFEITED SHARES AVAILABLE, which will be closed on 31-9-30. Share Value of each share is Rs. 25/-. 50 per cent is to be paid with application and the balance within thirty days from the date of allotment. Applications for less than four shares will not be entertained. DIVIDEND EXPECTED VERY SOON.

No promotion money paid to anyone, no contract was made for any shares alloted in consideration otherwise than in cash within two preceding years. No commission paid to anyone within two years.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL SHARES. APPLY TO THE MANAGING AGENTS.

DILRANJAN

BEST PAIN BALM
Superior to All Balms
Radical Cure for Aches
A trial will convince you
Price As. 10/- Per Tin.

WANTED AGENTS in Bombay Presidency
Apply to:—THE DILRANJAN DEPOT.,
Post Box No. 183, MADRAS.

Protect your eyes
FROM THE RAYS OF THE SUN
Use Our Sunglasses
SPECIALLY MADE FOR US
RESISTS THE HARMFUL GLARE
COOLS AND RESTS THE EYES
SLIGHTLY TINTED
Can be worn over your usual glasses
IN VARIOUS TINTS AND STYLES
Protect your Eyes!
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A Homoeopathic Guide to every body's ard every day use. Apply sharp with full and clear address to—THE HOMOEOPATHIC PUBLISHING Co.
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DEALERS IN
STATIONERY—For Office and School use.
DRAWING & PAINTING MATERIALS—
For Artists, Art Students, Technical and Engineering College, etc.
SURVEYING & ENGINEERING INSTRUMENTS—
Levels, Theodolites, Prismatic Compasses, Staves and all other Drawing Office Articles and Instruments.
PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

WHY OLD?
SAMPLE FREE.
Our "Rajvaid Hair Dye" instantaneously turns the white hairs into natural deep black and makes them shining and lustrously jet-black. Tak "Rajvaid Hair Dye" is the best, cheapest and easiest in use.
Price One phial Re. 1-2.
Small phial Re. 10 postage 1 to 3 phials As. 6.
On remittance of As. 8, a sample phial is sent free of postage.
Rajvaid Sri Samendash Kaviraj,
132, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
Telegrams:—"RAJVAID" Calcutta.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

S. S. Rajputana with the homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

The attention of those Special Jurors who were summoned for the current Criminal Sessions is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

A clinical meeting will be held at the Union Rooms, to-day (Saturday) at 7-20 P.M. (S. T.)

TO-DAY'S BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

In aid of Wanar Sena and Students' Union, Shri Anandvilas Sangit Mandali, will stage Kunjavihari, (A Sketch of childhood of Bhagwan Shrikrishna) Written by Mama Varerkar), to-day (Saturday) at 8-45 P.M. in Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road. Rates for admission, including tax, are Rs. 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-12, 1-2, 0-14; 0-9; Ladies 0-9.

Tickets can be had at the following places:—(1) Wanar Sena and Students' Union Office Opp. Congress House, Shingani Bldg.

(2) Tambe's Health Home—Fort.

(3) Swadeshi Exhibition—Madhav Bag.

VANGMAYA SEVA MANDAL.

Under the auspices of the Mandal, Mr. S. V. Phadnis, will deliver a public lecture to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the hall of the Marathi Granth Sangrahalaya, Thakordwar. The subject is "Literature on Education". Mr. R. V. Parulekar, Secretary of the Bombay Schools Committee, will preside. The lecture will be followed by a discussion.

BUDDHA SOCIETY.

The usual Fortnightly Class of the Society will be conducted by Swami Vishwanand on Sunday (31st instant) at 9-15 a.m. (S. T.) at Blavatsky Lodge, near French Bridge. The subject for the Class will be "Buddhism and World Peace.

THE NATIONALIST CHRISTIAN PARTY.

Under the auspices of the Nationalist Christian Party a public meeting of Indian Christians (Protestant and Catholic) residents of Vile Parle and the surrounding villages will be held on Sunday, at 10 a.m. in the Gujerati National School, Vile Parle. Among the speakers will be Mrs. Jamnalal Bajaj, Mrs. D. Ramdas and Mr. C. Walton.

PROF. SHAH'S LECTURE.

In the Public Ganeshotsav at Tilak Mandir, Vile Parle, under the auspices of the Lokamanya Seva Sangha, there will be a lecture of Prof: K. T. Shah on "India's Public Debt" at 9 P.M. to-day (Saturday) when all are cordially invited.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mail from Australia Via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday the 31st inst.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per S. S. "Rangoon Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12-0 Noon on Sunday the 31st inst. instead of 30th inst. as previously notified.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra S. S. "Khosrow" Via Karachi will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 7th proximo.

B. P. C. C. MEETING.

The Monthly General Meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 P.M. (S. T.) in the Congress House.

RESULT OF THE POSTER DESIGN COMPETITION.

The prize of Rs. 200 offered by an Indian patriot some time ago for competition for a Poster Design regarding Boycott of Foreign Cloth has been awarded to Mr. P. C. Subedar of Matunga.

HINDUSTANI SEVA DAL.

All Hindustani Seva Dal volunteers are requested to present at Azad Maidan to-morrow (Sunday) at 7 a.m. for Flag Salutation Ceremony which will take place at 8 a.m. (S. T.) sharp.

PARSI SWADESHI BAZAAR AT AHMEDABAD.

From Monday, the 1st proximo Parsi Swadeshi Bazaar will be held at Ahmedabad. The Bazaar is open to all. Admission is by tickets.

MUSLIMS FOR CONGRESS.

There was a large meeting in the Madanpura locality under the auspices of the Hind Vir Sewa Dal and the Muslim Congress Party where Mr. Noorally and P. B. Chawan, the President of the Muslim Congress Party. Madanpura and the Secretary of the Hind Vir Sewa Dal respectively, were the organizers. Many speakers including Hindus and Mahomedans delivered their speeches to induce the people of Madanpura to take part in the present movement.

DESH SEWIKA SANGH

Picketing Sewikas have to come to-day (Saturday) for picketing as usual. They are requested to be punctual in attendance. Out of the Girgaum batch, those who are not picketing at present under the captainship of Shrimati Saraswatibai Deshpande should come to Sukhanand's Dharamshala at 8-30 in the morning.

Sewikas picketing at Mangaldas Market in the afternoon are requested to come to Sukhanand's Dharamshala to-day at 11-30 a.m.

ANNIVERSARY OF G. O. M., DADABHAI NAOROJI.

Under the auspices of the Rashtriya Stri Sabha, a meeting of women will be held at Sukhanand's Dharamshala, C. P. Tank Road, on Wednesday to celebrate the anniversary of the G. O. M. of India, Dadabhai Naoroji.

KHADDAR FOR GAURI PUJAN.

In order to encourage boycott of foreign goods even in Gauri Pujan, Khaddar pieces should be used instead of foreign cloth pieces in Gauri Pujan. Khaddar pieces for this purpose will be available at Sukhanand's Dharamshala, C. P. Tank Road, at minimum cost.

SHRI GANPATI DARSHAN.

All the Sewikas are invited to go for 'darshan' of Shri Ganpati—if they can—by Mrs. Naniben Venilal Shah and Secretaries of Dhaswadi at the following places respectively:—(1) Sheth Vallabhdas Balgovinddas, Mahimwalla's Bungalow, Khetwadi 12th Lane; (2) Dhaswadi Sarwajanik Ganesh Utsav, Thakordwar.

PATETI SWADESHI BAZAR

—:o:—

Open To The Public From To-day.

The Bazar will be open to the public to-day from 3 to 9 p.m. On Sunday it will be open from 9 to 12 in the morning and 3 to 9 p.m. in the evening. During the morning hours children between 6 and 12 years will be admitted free. Attention of the readers is drawn to the list of different articles lost, and found at the Bazar, published in to-day's issue. A select programme of music will be given every eve from 6-30 p.m. Whether the Bazar is to be extended further will be announced to-morrow.

PATETI SWADESHI BAZARS.

Things lost and found at the Bazar:—

(1) Pearl pendant.
(2) Sari borders.
(3) Two pairs of socks.
(4) One bunch of keys.
(5) One belt.
(6) One lady's embroidered handkerchief.

These things will be handed over to the owners on their giving proper description, at the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha Office at Muzafarabad Hall.

SWADESHI LEAGUE.

—:o:—

To-day's Lectures.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Swdeshi League the following lectures will be delivered on Swadeshi, to-day:—

5-30 p.m.—Hindu Mahasabha Ganesh Utsaw at Khetwadi, Main Road, A. B. Kolhatkar.

5.30 p.m.—C. K. Friends Union G. U. Dadar, V. K. R. V. Rao.

9 p.m.—Mohomedi Chawl, G. U. Kandewadi, K. M. Tambenker.

9 p.m.—Kudaldeshkar Brahmin G. U. Girgaum, K. L. Joshi.

HUGE PROCESSION IN F. WARD.

Under the auspices of the "F" ward District Congress Committee a huge procession was taken out on Thursday evening in honour of the arrests of Dr. Ansari and other members of the Congress Working Committee.

The Procession started from the Kamgar Maidan membering about 5,000, consisting of Satyagrahi volunteers, workers Prabhat Pheris, passed, through Lalzaug, Kalachauky, Sewri Parel, the Bhoiwada Police lines, and reached the Maidan opposite Gold Mohar Mill, where a meeting was held which was addressed by Sjt. Mhadeshwar, Patil and others.

University Examinations.

The dates of the declaration of results of the Bombay University Examinations are as under:—

(1) Final M.B.B.S. (Part I) Friday September 19 at 2.
(2) B.E. (Civil and Mechanical) Examinations Monday November 3 at 2.
(3) B.A. Pass Examination Thursday November 6 at 2
(4) B.Sc., Subsidiary Examination Thursday November 6 at 2
(5) First LL.B. Examination, Friday November 7 at 2
(6) B.Com. Examination Friday November 7 at 2
(7) Second LL.B. Examination, Thursday November 13 at 2
(8) First M.B.B.S., Examination Monday December 22 at 2
(9) Final M.B.B.S., Part II Examination Wednesday January 7 at 2.
(10) Second M.B.B.S. Examination Monday January 12 at 2
(11) M.Sc. Translation Monday, January 26 at 2.

BOMBAY OBSERVES PARTIAL HARTAL.

—:o:—

A partial hartal was observed in Bombay on Friday, as a mark of protest against the conviction of Dr. Ansari, the Acting Congress President and other members of the Congress Working Committee. The local Congress Committee had declared no hartal, but the merchants of their own accord closed their shops. Fifteen mills ceased work owing to the fact that the operatives did not turn up for work. Many schools in Girgaum and Parel remained closed.

MILL WORKERS OBSERVE HARTAL ON FRIDAY.

—:o:—

Fifteen Mills Closed For The Day.

—:o:—

Although Friday was not declared for hartal and the business was carried on as usual in Bombay, many mills remained closed, as their workmen observed hartal for another day to mark their protest against the arrests and convictions of the President and members of the working Committee.

The following mills were closed down on account of the workmen observing hartal for the day: Jacob Sassoon, Morarji Goculdas, Chhoi Silk, Gold Mohur, Kohinoor, Moon, New China, Jam No. 2 Apollo, New Kaiser. Century, Elphinstone, E. D. Sassoon, Tata and Victoria.

PROTEST AGAINST CONGRESS LEADERS' ARREST.

—:o:—

Tramway Workers Strike.

The workmen of the Tramway Company's workshop at Dadar came out on Thursday noon on strike to protest against the campaign of repression started by the Government. A meeting was held on the maidan opposite the workshop and a resolution was passed condemning the arrest of the ten leading members of the Working Committee of the All-India Congress Committee, at Delhi.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET CLOSED.

—:o:—

Sequel To Alleged Assault On Workers.

Bombay, Friday.

Thursday the Bombay Cotton Markets were entirely closed. However, one local European export firm opened its godown at Sewri, but the workmen refused to do work. Consequently, it is reported that a member of the firm lost his temper and belaboured the workmen.

As a protest against this high-handedness, the cotton market was entirely closed to-day. (Friday.)

CLASSIFIED TRADES EXHIBITION.

—:o:—

The Classified Trades Exhibition is attracting large crowds at Madhavbag. Almost every visitor seems struck with the orderly arrangement of the stalls which hold articles of rare value as well as of every day common use. Dr. Ray, the President, was particularly impressed with the pieces of Khadi of extraordinary fineness which reminded him of India's past glory and the world-wide fame of the Dacca Muslin. Messrs. N. Powell and Co.'s stall also impressed the Acharya.

The large proportion of visitors consists of doctors and merchants. The former have almost unanimously expressed their keen appreciation of the surgical appliances and pharmaceutical preparations.

SIR CHUNILAL'S TESTIMONY.

Seth Rameshawar Das Birla, Sir Jagmohandas Virjivandas, Sir C. V. Mehta, Dr. N. V. Bhajeker, Sjt. Baburao Soman visited the Exhibition to-day. Rameshwar Das was delighted to see Indian clocks and purchased one of them.

Sir Chunilal expressed his appreciation in the following words:—

"The Exhibition is an eye-opener even to those who frequent Exhibitions generally. Doctors especially will be able to certify that the drugs and the other preparations of guaranteer purity can be made here which can well take the place of imported articles. The organisers deserve our congratulations."

NO DYEING OF FOREIGN CLOTH.

—:o:—

Dyeing Merchants' Decision.

A meeting of the merchants dealing in dyeing and printing piece-goods of Bombay was held in the Congress House on Friday afternoon, when it was decided that they shall no longer undertake dyeing and printing foreign piece-goods and cloth belonging to "Non-swadeshi" mills. It was also decided that in future only swadeshi dyes and colours will be used.

PERMANENT COMMISSIONS IN I. M. S.

—:o:—

Selection Board Interview Candidates.

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Aug. 23.

Since Monday the Selection Board for permanent commissions in the I. M. S., has been busy interviewing candidates of whom there are over 100 from all parts of the country. The Board consists of Major-General Megaw, Directaor-General of the Indian Medical Service, Major-General Nickerson, Director Medical Service, Col. Bukhle and Syed Raza Ali representing of the Public Service Commission of the Government of India.

Only about a dozen candidates are required to be selected, and there is reason to hope that this year, selection would not be based solely on British medical qualifications, as was done in previous years, even in face of protests from the Assembly members and the press, at the same time some weight would be given to these qualifications provided the candidate is otherwise fit for permanent commissions in the service.

Interviews will conclude by Saturday.

Well-Known Lahore Musician Coming To Bombay.

A Bhavnagar Correspondent writes,—Professor Tej Rajendra Singh, the famous musician of Lahore who was court musician to the Maharaja of Bharatpore has been touring in Gujrat and Kathiawar giving musical performances to H. H. the Maharaja of Porebundar, Dewan Sheikh Mohamed Bhai of Junagadh, H. H. Dhrangru and Sir Prabha Shanker Pattani, the Administrator of Bhavnagar. He plays on several string instruments and sings scientifically in many languages. He combines both East and West in his touches of music. He will be shortly going to Bombay and Poona for giving music performances.

THE VANAR SENA.

—:o:—

Sunday Parade Cancelled.

The Office-in-Charge, Vanar Sena, writes:—

"The regular Vanar Sena Parade on the morning of Sunday the 31st instant on Gowalia Tank Maidan, has been cancelled. Parents are, therefore, requested to see that thir children are not sent out on that day. The Board of Control and the officer-in-charge do not accept any responsibility if their instructions are not followed."

DR. PHADKE RELEASED.

—:o:—

Dr. Phadke, the well-known Satyagraha leader of Ka'yan, who was sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for 4 months by the Resident Magistrate, Kalyan, was released on Friday at about 9-30 a.m. He was given "B" class. He has lost 15 lbs. in weight. He was then taken in a car to the house of Mrs. Parvatibai Karnik, the President of the Swayamsevika Sangha and after taking light refreshment he went to Bombay.

BOMBAY RIOTS.

—:o:—

Film Banned By Govt.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

The "News-Chronicle" says that it has been decided for present to postpone public exhibition of sound pictures of Bombay riots. The film company concerned consulted India Office in that connection on the ground of public policy. It has been suggested that two incidents in which European policemen were concerned with rioters should be excised.—Reuter.

PROTEST AGAINST WORKING COMMITTEES ARREST

—:o:—

Corporation Adjourns Again

The meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation adjourned on Friday for the ninteenth time after the Civil Disobedience movement without transacting any business, as a protest against the action of the Government in convicting the members of the Working Committee. In absence of Mr. H. A. Laljee, Mr. J. B. Boman-Behram presided.

Mr. A. Soares moved the adjournment of the House and said the reason for his motion was the arrest of the members of the Working Committee amongst whom was a distinguished ex-President of the Corporation. It was also a protest against the action the Government in making arrests while peace parleys were in progress.

Mr. Ramji Bharmal seconded the proposition which was carried.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

SEQUEL TO AMBEDKER'S MIDNIGHT MEETING.

—:o:—

Congress Supporters Assaulted

A meeting of the Depressed Classes was held on Thursday night in the Town Hall to communicate the message of the Nagpur Depressed Classes Congress, Dr. B. R. Ambedker being the principal speaker.

The speaker asked the audience to work against the Congress and not to join that body as it was not doing anything for them. He also advised the audience not to side with Government, but to remain neutral and send their delegates to the R. T. Conference and then decide accordingly. He strongly advised them to keep away from the Congress movement.

This kind of speech was not palatable to his listeners, at least to a majority of them and they got tired of it, particularly as it was getting late.

Mr. Devrukhker asked the President to conclude his speech, but he would not listen to the audience. Mr. Devrukhker then tried to leave the meeting with his supporters, and when they shouted the national slogans, they were assaulted by the anti-Congressites, about twelve were severely beaten and two men were taken to the Congress Hospital for treatment.

—:o:—

LAD YUVAK SWADESHI BAZAR.

—:o:—

Net Proceeds To Be Utilised For Spinning And Weaving.

A Swadeshi Bazar was opened under the auspices of the above Mandal in the month of July last. The net proceeds are as under:—

After deducting the expenses, the net income realised by the Bazar came to Rs. 2,034-4-0.

As it was decided from the very beginning that the nett proceeds should go to national movement. The above amount is utilised as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
To Bhill Seva Samaj—Dahod	1,001-0-0
Ahmedabad Sabarmati Ashram, Udyog Mandir	501-0-0
Ville Parle Congress Camp	501-0-0
Congress Ambulance, Bombay.	30-0-0
Navjivan Sang, Bombay	1-4-0
Total	2,034-4-0

The amount is to be utilised for spinning and weaving purposes only.

CONGRATULATORY MEETING.

—:o:—

The time for the meeting called under the auspices of the Muslim Rashtriya Seva Mandal to congratulate Captain Yusuf Meherally for his services to, and sacrifice for, the cause of the country has been changed from Sunday (31st instant), to Saturday (the 30th instant), at 8 p.m. (S. T.) at Noor Baug. Those who have received invitations, to attend the function can attend it at the altered time.

PROF. WADIA'S LECTURE.

Under the auspices of the Batliboi's Commerce Students' Union Prof. Pestonji A. Wadia, will deliver a lecture on "Some Economic Facts connected with India" in the Hall of the Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute, Yusuf Building, Church Street, Fort, Bombay, on Saturday, (30th instant), at 4 p.m. (S. T.). The lecture is open to the public.

SHIPPING NEWS

—:o:—

Export & Import

ARRIVALS.

August 29.

Wardenfels, Schwarz, Hamburg.
Malwa, Britten, London.
Chakrata, Robert, Moulmein.

DEPARTURES.

August 30.

Karemoen, Vermenlen, Marseilles.
Rajputana, Carter, London.

LOADING.

August 23.

Steamer Gamaria for China and Japan.

S.S. Wardenfels:—The L. Edward Ltd. steamer Wardenfels, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg, with a general cargo.

S.S. Chakrata:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Chakrata, arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein, with a general cargo.

S.S. Karimoen:—The T. M. Coy.'s steamer Karimoen, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Rajputana:—The P. & O. S. N. Coy.'s English mail steamer Rajputana, will sail to-day from Bellard Pier Station at about (1 p.m.) for London with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Khandalla:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s mail steamer Khandalla, is expected to arrive here to-day at about 8 (a.m.) from Durban, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

S.S. Ranpura for London:—11 bales c. & w. carpets, R. Merany & Son; 1 bale woollen carpets M. M. & Co.; 1 case condiments, M. M. & Co.; 3 bales animal skin, M. M. & Co.

For New York:—2 bales woollen carpets, M. M. & Co.

For Marseilles:—1 pot essence de ginger grass, Volkart Bros.

S.S. Tarantia for Liverpool:—60 cwts. till seed oil cakes, 62 cwts. linseed, New Mofussil Co.

For Glasgow:—2,500 cwts. linseed oil cakes, Moosabhoy & Co.

S.S. Steefkirk for Roston:—99 cwts. gum khatty, S. Chapri & Co.

S.S. City of Lahore for Manchester:—16 bales woollen waste, H. B. Makerson. 350 bales cotton raw, K. Devchand & Co.

For Liverpool:—125 bales cotton raw, K. Devchand & Co.

S.S. Lindenfels for Hamburg:—330 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd.; 110 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd.

For Rotterdom:—2,000 cwts. groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

For Antwerp:—125 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.; 220 bales cotton raw, K. Devchant & Co.

For Ghent:—220 bales cotton raw, K. Devchand & Co.

S.S. Lichtenfels for Hull:—2,000 cwts. castor seed, Ralli Bos.

For Hamburg:—56 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Rotterdom:—988 cwts. groundnut oil cakes, Ralli Bros.

S.S. Kariwoen for Marseilles:—500 cwts. castor seed, Birla Bros.

S.S. New Orleans for New York:—2 bales woollen carpets, Thos. Cook & Sons; 100 cwts. condiments, O. & Pkell; 1,220 cwts. castor seed, Volkart Bros.; 15 cases cotton prints, Cox & King Ltd.

For Philadelphia:—143 cks. goat skin, Briskey Co.

S.S. Sumatra for Genoa:—110 bales cotton raw, V. Ladha & Co.

For Marseilles:—100 cwts. turmeric, E. Birji & Co.; 225 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.

For Naples:—600 cwts. linseed, Gordo Ltd.

S.S. Crocovia for Triest:—2,000 cwts. groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

For Port Said:—5 bales cotton yarn, A. Namchand; 68 bales cotton yarn, David Mills Co., 10 bales cotton p. goods, Manchester Mills Ltd.; 50 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J. David & Co.

S.S. Sunland for Dunkirk:—110 bales cotton raw, G. K. Kaisha Ltd.; 193 bales cotton fly, J. Meyer & Co.

S.S. Rangoon Maru for Kobe:—350 bales cotton raw, G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

For Shanghai:—450 bales cotton raw, G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

S.S. Trentbank from New York. Agents F. F. Campbell & Co.:—395 bales newspaper; 40 cases playing cards; 21 cases polish; 33 cases typewriter; 83 cases medicine. 103 cases graphite; 55 cases corn flakes; 70 cases starch; 50 cases edible oil; 20 cases syrup; 50 cases dextrine; 15 cases goats; 147 cases lamps; 80 cases globes. 13 cases beans; 174 cases auto parts; 83 cases motor cars; 40 bales paraffin wax; 252 dms dyes; 1,355 dms chemicals; 52 cases batteries; 190 bars silver; 100 coils wire.

S.S. Shanko Maru from Tokyo. Agents O. S. Kaisha Ltd.:—60 cases rubber goods; 102 cases beer.

From Nagoya:—117 cases glass ware; 211 cases pareclain ware; 50 cases cotton shirting; 600 cases beer.

From Osaka:—58 cases coal tar; 105 cases cotton yarn; 10 cases cotton jeans; 45 cases cotton goods; 50 cases cotton shirting; 59 cases cotton shirting; 50 cases toys; 90 cases glue; 567 cases glass ware; 200 kgs. lead; 27 kgs. chemicals; 250 pkg. metal raw; 103 pkg. metal goods.

From Kobe:—41 cases straw boards; 110 cases camphor; 40 cases glass ware; 20 cases silk yarn; 60 kg. chemicals.

From Moji:—2,000 bags cement.

From Hongkong:—25 cases tea; 65 bags ginger; 27 bags golangal; 165 bags sugar; 300 bags sugar candy; 380 bags cassia; 200 bags beans; 495 bags China ware; 40 cases raw silk; 636 cases fire crackers.

From Canton:—11 cases glass ware; 1,125 bags cassia; 50 cases mats; 105 bales silk raw.

From Shanghai:—640 bags beans; 20 cases cotton yarn.

From Singapore:—229 bags gum benzamin; 35 bags gum capal; 98 bags keettan; 425 bags sago flour; 15 bags nut meg; 47 bags dawar-boter; 568 bags bitel nuts; 50 bags coffee; 1,077 pecs flanks.

From Colombo:—34 cherton tea; 10 cases tyres; 81 cases matres fibre; 86 cases fruits.

S.S. Rajput from Soarbagan. Agents T. M. & Co.:—6,964 bags sugar; 80 bags coffee; 165 bags arrack.

From Pasarocan:—854 bags sugar.

From Botamia:—50 bags flour topioca.

MISS BAPSY PAVRY IN INDIA.

—:o:—

Her Book Evokes Great Interest In The West.

Miss Bapsy Pavry, M.A., the daughter of Dasturji Saheb Cursetji Erachji Pavry, and the author of a new book "The Heroines of Ancient Persia," has returned to India by the P. and O. liner S. S. "Malwa", after spending the summer in England and touring on the Continent. Miss Pavry, it will be remembered, was a Delegate to the Geneva Conference for Peace through Religion, held in the year 1928. Her new book has aroused considerable interest in matters Persian, not only in Europe but also in America.

Latest Cotton Prices.

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau, 381, Ismail Building, 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK MARKET.

—:o:—

JANUARY NEW 1931.

New York, Aug. 29.

Previous Closing Rate	11.68
To-day's Opening Rate	11.58
Difference	—.10
To-day's Closing Rate	11.41
Difference	—.27

Broach Expectations A/M. Rs. 212

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

—:o:—

JANUARY NEW 1931.

Liverpool, Aug. 29.

Previous Closing Rate	6.24
To-day's Opening	6.26
Difference	+.02
To-day's Closing Rate	6.25
Difference	+.01

REMOVAL SALE-STUDEBAKER MOTOR CARS

Prior to our removal to our new Showrooms in New Queen's Road on Sept. 15th, we are offering a few brand new Studebaker motor cars at exceptionally attractive prices.

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2. Messrs. K. JIVRAJ & Co., Bora Bazar Street, Fort,
3. Messrs. RAHIMJOOSAB & Co., Khatau Bldg., Marine Stree

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PURELY A SWADESHI CONCERN
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K. C. DESAI, B.A. LL. B.
Manager.

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OF
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SUNDAY, 31st August, at 6 P.M.
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GREAT LAWS OF NATURE
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Who Governs?
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To Vegetarian Hindus, Monthly Rent Rs. 120. 125, for Permanent Tenants, in Raval Building, Lamington Road opposite N. Powell and Co.
Apply OWNER, Third Floor.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
SATURDAY, AUGUST, 30 1930.

BOYCOTT AND THE BOMBAY MILLS.

—:o:—

The situation in regard to the boycott of certain Bombay European managed mills does not seem to be much improving. The Europeans seem to be forgetful of the basic elements of such moves. Whosoever has taken up the boycott movement intensively,—whether as a weapon for stopping the country's economic exploitation or for securing its political emancipation,— must needs set his face sternly against any attempt to block it at the source, as it were. If the boycott of foreign goods is meant to promote the success of the indigenous enterprise and if the boycotters are suffering such sacrifices as our benign Government have chosen to inflict upon the people in the name of upholding the freedom to buy and sell, the latter have a right to expect that the central purpose of all their sacrifice shall not be subverted. If the Indian mill-owners, whose concerns are managed by Europeans, continue to import foreign cloth, if they continue to conduct the enterprise in their charge in a spirit of scarcely veiled hostility to our national aspirations, we run the gravest possible risk of having our movement cut and stopped at the source. Hence it is, that even in the more orthodox methods of granting specific protection by fiscal measures to local industry, the authors of such measures have learnt to provide that the industries protected shall be set up and run by Indian capital and labour, at least in a major portion. Canada refuses to allow the benefit of her preferential legislation to the British goods, which cannot be proved to have been made by at least 60 per cent. British capital and labour. And every other protectionist country has learnt, increasingly since the World War, to make strong regulation for seeing that the sacrifices it entails by protectionist legislation are not rendered futile by the foreigner taking advantage of such protection by establishing his industry within the protected area.

We in India, at this moment, have a doubly difficult task. Our effort to protect and encourage our own indigenous industry is not backed by the might of the Government established in our midst,—whose actions, whatever the professions, do not promote national interests. The popular effort, now manifesting itself in this policy of intensive boycott, is handicapped by the repressive legislation by the Government. The success of the boycott movement, therefore, demands that no needless difficulties be placed in the way of excluding from our markets, at least, those goods which Indian capital and labour can easily produce. If the movement did not need such safeguards, as the Boycott Committee has demanded of foreign mill agents of Bombay, it would have caused heavy suffering and sacrifice to the people for the profit and advantage of a thankless class, definitely opposed to national aspirations. The signs of returning sanity, therefore, in some of the British managed mills, must be welcomed, not merely as an index of foresight among those who control them, but as a model and a warning to the other recalcitrant sections of the same group. The bluff indulged in by Mr. Raymond of the Sassoon group should deceive nobody, any more than the laboured apologia for his action made by another European gentleman in this city. The propaganda among the workers, carried on in these interested quarters, will not deceive the workers, who can never forget their attitude in the last mill-strike. The policy must, therefore, be rigidly maintained of excluding from the market not only all foreign cloth, but also cloth of such mills in India as will not conform to the mild and reasonable conditions laid down by the Congress authorities.

In this argument, we have repeated more than once the inevitability of the sacrifice entailed on certain classes; and the class most likely to have to make this sacrifice is the merchant and trader class, in Bombay as well as upcountry, who have hitherto been engaged in the foreign cloth business. A report has been given publicity that a respected leader of the cloth dealers in Bombay has been going about attempting to get the cloth merchants, who had taken a pledge not to make any more indents for foreign cloth, to forswear themselves. At a time when the boycott movement is showing such splendid results, as we had an opportunity to point to the other day, from the trade figures, this manoeuvring cannot but be condemned as the most treacherous step to undo the effects of months of work and mountains of sacrifice. The plight of the cloth merchant is admittedly hard; but that does not justify him in demanding that the country's struggle shall be undone to protect his own petty interests. Doubtless, the stocks already in hand have to be disposed of, but we question if the Indian mill agents,—particularly of the foreign group,—will have the generosity to exchange Indian for foreign stocks, and dispose of the latter in some foreign countries where they may have branches of their own. If these foreigners benefitting by our boycott agitation were really to join in some such constructive scheme, the suggestion put forward would not appear quite so grotesque as it seems to-day. But we have no reason to believe that they will co-operate in any such constructive measure. The alternative, besides waiting for the return of more normal conditions, is for each branch of the trade to form its own syndicate and by collective effort to find outside India markets for the disposal of these stocks. This last is a suggestion well worth trying. Though a great quantity of the piece-goods coming into the Indian market is made specially for India, it is possible to dispose of a not inconsiderable quantity in the Straits Settlements, Africa, Arabian and the Persian littoral, and thus bring sufficient relief to these merchants to enable them to hold off their defeatist moves. We trust the Importers' Conference proposed to be called at Delhi next month will take up the suggestion, and see if it cannot be put into practice.

THE BLIND EYE.

—:o:—

According to the latest advices from London the MacDonald Government seem determined to turn a blind eye to the present Indian political situation and to proceed to enact the farce of a Round Table Conference, ignoring the warnings of the Left Wing of their own party that they can get together a Conference, but "India will not be there" so long as peace is not made with Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress. Mr. MacDonald and his colleagues are anxious to be safe in the saddle of office and are willing to bow before the leaders of the Opposition parties. They are even reported to be willing to recognise the plea that Sir John Simon should participate in the Conference. It is to be seen whether the views expressed in its latest issue by the "Spectator", a Tory journal which is developing an outlook on Indian policy unpalatable to the die-hards, will have any effect on them. The journal deplores the insistence of Mr. Lloyd George in pleading for the inclusion of Sir John Simon in the Conference and remarks: "How Mr. Lloyd George, with his Celtic imagination and quickness of perception, can be misled into opposing the Government in its Indian policy remains a mystery." But are the MacDonald Government really unwilling to be opposed? Their attitude shows that at any cost they desire to formulate an Indian policy in harmony with the views of their political opponents. The latter are pursuing the plan of putting greater pressure upon them and they find official Labour very malleable indeed. But in their present state of mind over the Indian question the MacDonald Government are evidently willing to do anything "unusual" if only to keep in the good books of Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Lloyd George. They may enact the farce of a Conference. They may show little interest in "peace talks" in India. But the British people, to whom they are ultimately responsible, will realise to their peril that this policy of continuing to alienate India will cost them one day extremely dear.

ADVANCE SWADESHI.

—:o:—

Our readers will notice elsewhere in this issue the "Swadeshi Advertising Supplement" issued on behalf of the Bombay Swadeshi League. One of the objects of this organisation is to bring the manufacturer, the dealer and the consumer of Swadeshi goods into closer touch with each other and a very effective method of achieving this object is to give publicity through the medium of the Press to the enterprise of concerns engaged in the manufacture and sale of Swadeshi products. We hope these concerns will readily assist the League by placing at its disposal all information which will enable it to include them in its Directory and incidentally help them to popularise their goods. As the League's work of collecting material for a Directory proceeds and the public becomes acquainted with it, there is bound to be a greater demand for indigenous products. The chief difficulty in the promotion of Swadeshi, now that the movement for patronising indigenous products has obtained a welcome hold on the country, is that those who do want to buy Swadeshi articles, do not know from whom to buy. The work of the Bombay Swadeshi League will overcome this difficulty. We trust the League will issue in pamphlet form in the vernaculars the material it collects and we hope the vernacular Press will extend its heartiest support to the League's work by always giving it prominent mention.

THE FRUIT OF THEIR EXPERIENCE.

—:o:—

The Government of Bombay have at last in the maturity of their experience regarding "the best manner of dealing with processions of a peculiar type" by which expression they mean those "which are organised in defiance of prohibitory orders" intimated in a circular, published also for general information, to district officers how best to deal with them. The processions are to be dispersed in their initial stages and, of course, the "minimum of force", if necessary, is to be used. They are to be dispersed "for the common good" and Government attempt to read a little essay to their subordinates in this circular, explaining the origin, growth and ultimate development of these processions. They notice that members of the procession "behave with complete decorum", but others join them. Who are they? The hooligans. Government are much concerned about this "leaven of hooligans". Bombay has witnessed the unique sight of processions numbering at times more than a lakh of her citizens passing peacefully and in a wonderfully disciplined manner. Nobody has observed the presence of and suffered the inconvenience of associating with hooligans. But the Ma-Bap Sarkar's discerning eye has noticed them. The Ma-Bap Sarkar is also cogitating about the problem of "treatment of women and children who take part in unlawful processions and similar activities." But they will please have patience. This is to be explained in a separate circular, not yet ready for release.

SWADESHI IN INDIA.

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LESSONS FOR INDIA.

II.*

(BY V. M.)

In the preceding article the writer had attempted to show how the Chinese were endeavouring to throw off the foreign economic yoke by taking drastic steps to promote the use of Chinese made goods and in particular Chinese clothing, silks, and cigarettes. The Swadeshi movement in China has made enormous headway in the South and in the North and stringent measures are being contemplated to encourage the wearing of indigenous clothing. According to the Peking correspondent of the 'North China Herald', a suggestion has been made that Chinese men and women who wear foreign-style clothes should be taxed so heavily that they will prefer Chinese garments. A tax of $50 or $100 per annum is suggested for the "privilege" of wearing foreign clothing. Mr. Wu Cho-kung, the originator of the suggestion, contends that two purposes would be served by levying the tax: (1) "Chinese men and women will be hindered in their attempts to 'ape' foreigners". (2) "Chinese goods will regain some of the ground foreign goods have taken from them." "Mr. Wu seems to be more interested", writes the Peking correspondent, "in restricting adoption of foreign-style clothes by Chinese men than the Chinese women. As a matter of fact, very few Chinese women wear foreign-style clothes." Will our Christian sisters in India also those "fine" women—the elite of the higher society—please make a note of this? The modest "sari" is infinitely more picturesque and "Indian" than all the Western paraphernalia, the frock, laces and the like!

MANDATE TO PUBLIC SERVANTS.

The latest news about the Swadeshi movement in China indicate that the Commissioner of Social Affairs for Greater Shanghai and the Mayor of that City have issued strict instructions to all their officers and employees to use nothing but Chinese made goods and clothing. "Only clothing of native manufacture", writes the "Herald", "may be worn by employees during office hours, and all guests entertained by them, with the exception of foreigners, must be regaled with Chinese food, wines, cigars, and cigarettes." The Commissioner's order further enjoins upon the Municipal employees to carry on vigorous Swadeshi propaganda among all classes of people. The school authorities have been instructed to call upon their students to use stationery, pens, books, etc. manufactured in China so that they may be inculcated with the spirit of Swadeshi for the good of the indigenous industries and for the economic welfare of the Chinese Nation. The Minister of the Interior has supplemented this order by asking all Government offices, Municipal and others, to use only Chinese made furniture, stationery, office appliances, and other articles of daily use.

PRICE CONTROL.

In order that there might not be any profiteering on the part of the indigenous industries, the Chamber of Commerce has been ordered to see that prices are properly fixed. The Chamber is also instructed to hold periodical exhibitions. But this is not all. A Special Committee, organized under the auspices of the Municipal Bureau of Social Affairs, has been set up to devise means for the improvement of the quality of indigenous products and the management of indigenous factories. The grant of subsidies by the Central Government to the indigenous factories is included in the scheme.

Attempts are being made to develop agricultural industries of the country. Here is an example of what a nationalist Government can do to ameliorate the economic condition of the peasantry. The Kuo Min correspondent of the "Herald" writes from Nanking: "China being fundamentally an agricultural country, instructions have been sent to the provincial Governments by the Ministry recommending that at least 20 per cent of the total annual budget for the 19th fiscal year of the Republic should be earmarked for the development of agricultural enterprises."

AN EYE-OPENER.

We have seen how the Chinese are discarding the use of foreign clothing. It is a significant fact, an eye-opener to all who believe in Swadeshi—that the value of exports of cotton piece-goods from England to China during the second quarter of 1930 amounted to only about rupees 31 lakhs, as against nearly rupees two crores in the corresponding period of 1929. In the same period it is interesting to note, India reduced her imports of cotton piece-goods from the same country to about rupees five crores from rupees eight crores and twenty-one lakhs in the corresponding quarter of the last year, and cotton yarns from about 85 lakhs to 40 lakhs. India has begun well; the Chinese example is a further encouragement and a guide for future progress of her Swadeshi movement. But, as pointed out in the first article, it is upto the Legislatures, Municipalities and Local Boards, to take effective measures to ensure the use of Swadeshi materials in their respective spheres. The Indian Chambers of Commerce have distinctly a clear duty to perform towards the country. The days of petitions and resolutions are well nigh past, and they must cease to be once for all mere debating societies started for the benefit of the idle capitalists. They must emulate the efforts of the Greater Shanghai Chamber of Commerce in furtherance of the spirit of Swadeshi and the revival of the defunct Swadeshi industries.

*The first article appeared on 21st instant.

CAN SWADEHISM PRECEDE SWARAJ?

BOYCOTT—THE MOST EFFECTIVE WEAPON.

(BY MANEKLAL VAKIL,

The history of the tariff policy followed by the British Parliament, both in India and in England against the Indian cotton textiles summarised in preceding articles will have made it clear to the reader that the Indian mill industry has reached its present stage of growth on account of the natural advantages which India possesses regarding the supply of raw cotton and cheaper money wages for labour in terms of gold when compared with other countries and the industry has so grown inspite of the step-motherly attitude of the British Nation against Indian textiles. Swadeshism adopted by the people on a voluntary basis can, therefore, succeed to a limited extent where natural advantages are available for an article of daily consumption by the average consumer. The 18d. ratio without a gold coin or gold reserve has almost ruined the Indian agriculturist during the last five years, decreased his purchasing power, enabled the foreigners to dump larger quantities of foreign articles, and helped all but to ruin the Indian industries. At a time when the European Governments adopted a policy of deflation of their currencies, the above ratio amounted to an inflation of the rupee currency by the Government of India.

The Subsidy Act granted to the iron industry in India gave the bureaucracy a handle to get a preferential import duty for British steel by the back door, while the belated protection given to the Indian cotton industry exposed the advocacy of preference for British goods which secured a preferential duty for imported British cloth as against similar non-British piece-goods.

A WONDERFUL SPIRIT.

The national movement has disorganised trade but it has created a wonderful spirit of Swadeshism and boycott amongst a very large mass of the Indian people, especially of towns and cities, who can be supposed to have a larger general purchasing power as consumers than the poor indebted peasants of the Indian villages. There is a world depression of trade and continuous reduction of prices to meet a continuous decline of purchasing power consequent upon the deflation policy of foreign countries. The inflation policy adopted by the Indian Government, the exchange ratio and the growing Government expenditure and loans since the end of the war, have produced the effect of reducing the peasants' purchasing power while the money is being spent abroad to import a larger quantity of high-priced manufactured articles. The boycott spirit created by the Indian National Congress in the current year has not been able to help the Indian textile industry on account of overproduction in the world's market in quantities of cloth while the purchasing power has been reduced. The result is that there is a heavy decline in prices of staple articles like cotton and a commercial crisis of the first magnitude is threatening various centres of industry and finance throughout the world. Unemployment will increase, factories will close down, companies will go into liquidation and a readjustment will take some time while the poor masses of the unemployed will continue to suffer from terrible privation.

SWARAJ THE ONLY REMEDY.

Swadeshism has thus been found to be powerless against the action of the bureaucracy and foreign vested interests in face of the im-

(Continued on page 7.)

NOTES OF THE DAY.

—:o:—

Too Contemptible.

Miss Mayo is again at it—on a smaller scale but with the same intensity of despicable malice. She has contributed an article "Gandhi's inconsistencies" in the "Current Mazagine." It is as usual full of dishonest misrepresentations based mainly on deliberate misquotations or imaginary quotations. For instance she refers to a deputation of Untouchables to Gandhiji, having been "beaten and insulted by the Hindus round about" Dandi —an incident that never happened —and cites as an authority an issue of the "Statesman" in which no such account appeared at all. All this, as is well-known, is natural with Miss Mayo. We are therefore sorry that our contemporary the "Hindu" should have taken the trouble of exposing her rather mercilessly. Miss Mayo should always be ignored with the contempt which a foul-mouthed woman deserves.

China's Determination.

India still remains grossly illiterate, 93 per cent. of her population is even now unprovided with any facilities for elementary instruction. Financial stringency is always the excuse on the part of the State when people demand that more should be spent on education, an excuse that is never trotted out in the case of army expenditure. In China, in spite of the difficulties the Nanking Government has to meet in quelling disturbances, the problem of making the country literate within six years has been broached and is being seriously canvassed by the Nanking authorities. It is ascertained that about 80 per cent. of China's 350 millions do not know how to read and write. The Nanking Government's plan is to provide gradually 132,000 teachers and start immediately 116,000 new schools, in which instruction will be imparted by "volunteer" teachers; and the Government is determined to find money for this huge scheme.

Mr. A. K. Fazal Huq.

Speaking in the Calcutta Corporation on the adjournment motion in honour of the arrests of Congress leaders, Mr. A. K. Fazal Huq is reported to have said that "he doubted very much if, out of the seventy millions of Mahomedans in India, even seventy could be pointed out as holding Congress views." This wonderful bit of scepticism is saturated with an element of potential solace to every well-wisher of India. We most strongly urge upon the Home Department, Mr. Bajpai, the Director of Information at Simla, to open their next Government of India's weekly appreciation of the situation with the information supplied by the Bengal ex-Minister. It will come as a happy relief to India's friends, specially in Great Britain, whose minds have been much exercised by alarming reports of Hindu-seditionist activities particularly in that exclusively Hindu province, the N. W. F. Province, to say nothing of the Punjab and Bengal.

A Super-Propagandist.

We will go further. In view of the wide agitation regarding the unquestionable necessity of counter-propaganda against Congress lies and libels, we suggest to Government to utilise the services of Mr. A. K. Fazal Huq, who, by sheer good luck, is at the moment unemployed and therefore easily available. That he has proved himself a master of counter-propaganda is amply evident from the single sentence that we have quoted above. He knows how to disarm suspicion by the process of playing upto them. For no man in his senses, who is also ignorant of Indian conditions would consider an ex-Minister, however, prejudiced, capable of minimising Muslim participation in the Congress more than a hundred thousand times. And "counter-propaganda" is intended for the benefit of the ignorant. Mr. Fazal Huq is unquestionably the man for it. He may not be upto his name "Huq" but we have no doubt that he is the most brilliant exponent of the art that Oscar Wilde had championed without much success.

SERGEANT FLOOD FINED RS. 40 FOR ASSAULTING A PLEADER

On Friday afternoon, Sergeant Flood, of the Bombay City Police was found guilty on charges of assault and doing an act endangering life by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay, and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 40.

Mr. K. R. Bhende (Advocate), the complainant in the case had charged Sergeant Flood with catching him by the neck and pushing him down ten steps of the Esplanade Police Court on July 17.

The Magistrate, in passing judgment, examined in detail the evidence of witnesses for both prosecution and defence, and also read out sections from the Bombay City Police Act in connection with the duties of a police officer. Concluding his judgment the Magistrate said: I have no doubt that the complainant's story is true and that the accused's version is false. The accused must be held responsible for his actions.

The Magistrate, in the course of his judgment characterised the defence evidence as "unreliable." Deputy-Inspector McCarthy, he said was a "partisan witness" and could not be relied upon. Sergeant Dent, another defence witness, the Magistrate remarked, belonged to the same force as the accused and witness had come prepared to help the accused.

The complainant, Mr. Bhande, is an advocate and has been practising in the court of Presidency Magistrates since the last ten years. The accused was formerly in the army and is now a police Sergeant and joined service about 14 months ago.

THE COMPLAINT.

In the complaint, twocharges had been laid against the accused, the one fas of assault and the second under section 336 I. P. C. in that the accused acted so rashly as to endanger the life or personal safety of the complainant.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charges

The complainant's story is that at about 11-15 a.m. of June 17 he climbed up the staircase leading to the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and the accused who was sitting on a chair, said to him in a rude tone, "Come here come here." The complainant went back to the accused, who asked him whether he was a solicitor. The complainant replied that he was a pleader and Deputy-Inspector McCarthy, who happened to be close by corroborated him. The complainant then told accused that his black coat and the papers which he carried, were sufficient indication that he was a pleader and moved on when accused, stating that he did not care whether he wore a black coat or white coat, said he would throw him down. The complainant then retorted that the accused dare not do this. The accused got up and pushed the complainant down ten steps.

Regarding the accusad's contention that the complainant had improved upon his original story as set out in his complainant the magistrate stated that it was common ground that the parties did not know each other nor was there any ill feeling between them. In his opinion the complainant did not exigggerate the story. It was only when the accused said that he would throw the complainant down that the latter, as a self-respecting man, was obliged to say that he (accused) dare not do it.

The Magistrate was convinced from the evidence that the accused had pushed the complainant down, and there was overwhelming evidence in support of the complainant's statement.

Commenting on the evidence of Deputy-Inspector McCarthy and Sergeant Dent, defence witnesses, the magistrate held that there were disrepancies. One fact which went to show how unreliable Mr. McCarthy's evidence was when he said that he did not know whether the accused was sitting in a chair or not. Accused had admitted that he was sitting in a chair, and if McCarthy had noticed the complainant coming up, and at the same time heard what the accused he said, he could not have given the above answer. The Magistrate was he inclined to believe that Mr. McCarthy hardly looked in the direction where the accused was sitting much less did he hear what was said by either party.

According to him McCarthy was a partisan witness and could not be relied upon.

Regarding Sergeant Dent's evidence, the magistrate stated that he had repeated the exact words given by the accused in his written statement. The witness, the magistrate observed, must be gifted with very good memory to remember them after a lapse of nearly two months. But from his other answers, the court was disposed to believe that witness must have committed them to memory for the purpose of this case. From his demeanour the magistrate could see that the witness knew absolutely nothing about the conversation between the complainant and the accused, but belonging to the same force as the accused, he came prepared to help the accused.

In view of the unsatisfactory character of the evidence of Sergeant Dent, who could not be considered as disinteresting witness, the court was unable to place any reliance on it.

COMPLAINANT'S STATUES.

It was impossible to believe, remarked the magistrate, that instead of property replying to a legitimate question of a police officer, the complainant, who is a responsible advocate of several years' standing, would be so utterly thoughtless as to say to the accused in the manner he was alleged to have spoken.

The magistrate further said: "I have carefully considered all the facts and circumstances of the case and I have no doubt in my mind that the complainant's story is true. I do not believe the accused's story, which is an afterthought set up to escape the consequences of the violation of the above sections."

The accused, his Worship proceeded, "did not give a moment's thought as to what would happen to the complainant when he gave the push, and the accused must thereupon be held responsible for the natural consequences of his act. He therefore found the accused guilty on both the charges, but as the offences arose out of one transaction, he passes only a single sentence.

Tme accused was fined Rs. 40.

ENGLISH CRICKET.

—:o:—

Kent Lead Australia On First Innings.

Australia put up a poor score (181) against Kent in the first innings, the southern county replying with 227.

Freeman troubled the batsmen who have however started well on their second turn at the wickets.

The following are the scores:—

Australia: 1st innings.—181 (Harwood 45); 2nd innings 125 for 3 (Bradman 68 not out).

Kent: 1st innings.—227 (Ashdown 48).

SAMPGAON TREE-CUTTERS JAILED.

—:o:—

BELGAUM, Aug. 29.

Messrs. Shivalingappa Malgi, Shivabasappa Belvadi, Bellappa Vakkund, Balappa Juttannavar, Mallappa Hosur, Rudrappa Sanrol, Basvant Mehlei, Narayan Joshi, Gangappa Juttannavar, Basvanna Chitti, Kalappa Kambar, Siddappa Sunkad of Sampgaon were convicted to nine months' rigorous imprisonment each for cutting down shindi trees. Sampgaon had already sent nine others to jail, thus bringing the number to 21.—Free Press.

PUNJAB'S QUOTA.

—:o:—

LAHORE, Aug. 29.

Arrests in connection with the civil disobedience in the Punjab total 5,250. Lahore with 981 arrests tops the list. Amritsar and Gujranwala come next in order with 636 and 445 arrests respectively. Arrests for the fortnight ending August 28 comes to 575.—Free Press.

40,000 PERSONS OFFER SATYAGRAHA IN C. P.

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR MAHAL, Aug. 23.

The Registrar, Nagpur University, notifies that the Law College remains closed until further notice.

13 volunteers were arrested yesterday under the Picketing Ordinance. Two college students were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and two others to the same period, plus a fine of Rs. 100 or in default, one further rigorous imprisonment default for one month and a half.

Mass Satyagraha at Sunory Rama Saoner, Mohogaon and Jatamkher.

The number of persons who have offered Satyagraha throughout the Marathi districts are estimated to be over 40,000.

"A REVOLUTIONARY BODY".

Calcutta Europeans Urge Seizure Of Congress Fund And Property.

CALCUTTA, August 29.

A meeting of the Calcutta branch of the European Association held yesterday passed a further resolution demanding the seizure of the Congress fund and property as it declares the Congress has ceased to be a political body and become revolutionary. —Free Press.

BIG PATRONS OF ENGLISH TURF SELLING OFF

—:o:—

Lord Derby To Reduce Establishment.

Several English racehorse owners are contemplating a reduction of their racing establishments.

Lord Derby, for many years one of the staunchest patrons of the sport is shortly to dispense with the service of his Trainer Frank Butlers and will sell most of his yearlings and a number of mares.

Mr. J. B. Joll another big owner has also decided to reduce his racing string.

STEVE DONOGHUE INJURED

—:o:—

Famous Jockey Breaks A Leg At Nottingham.

Riding in the Bentinck Plate at Nottingham recently, Steve Donaghue met with an accident which resulted in his fracturing his leg. The Stewards of the meeting held an enquiry and found that the mishap was caused by the Collision of Forsyth's hount and Donaghues horse Forsyth who rode successfully in Madras two years ago, was fined £15 and suspended for the remainder of the meeting.

A PROMISING INDIAN ENGINEER

By s.s. "Ranpura" on Friday last there landed in Bombay a promising young engineer, Mr. H. N. Bharucha.

Mr. Bharucha during his four years stay in England had a distinguished career in electrical engineering. Not only did he pass his examinations with distinction but was also the recipient of two medals.

Mr. Bharucha is an all round sportsman.

NATIONAL FLAG AND SWADESHI CONCERNS

—:o:—

To The Editor of 'The Chronicle'.

Sir,—During the past few months, especially since the local Congress Committee observed a special day called the National Flag Day, the question of hoisting Rashtriya Flags on buildings, etc., came before the public with greater prominence and one sees today such Flags flying on several buildings in the city. A question to hoist a National Flag on the Municipal buildings was brought by Mr. Shivdas Chapsey in the Municipal Corporation, but was unfortunately, defeated for the time being by the so-called Progressivists.

The boycott propaganda is being intensified by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee who have taken steps to classify certain mills in the city as Swadeshi. Many other concerns also are helping the present movement by dealing only in Swadeshi articles and they deserve all the congratulations. But the buildings and offices of such mills and other shops dealing in Swadeshi, one is pained to find, have no National Flag flying on them. I do not suppose this is due to their opposition or objection, but no serious attention seems to have been paid to this question by those concerned. The mills classified as Swadeshi, would certainly do better by hoisting the National Flag on their mills as well as on the offices of their Agents and also on their retail shops in the city. The other concerns also who deal in pure Swadeshi articles would do well to follow suit. I see from newspaper advertisements many insurance Companies are advertising themselves as pure Swadeshi concerns, but till now they have not given their attention to the question of hoisting a National Flag on their offices. Will they do it? Yours, etc.,

S. R. K.

Bombay, August 28.

HOW BAZAARS HELP INDIGENOUS INDUSTRIES.

Indians' Duty To Support Swadeshi.

ACHARYA RAY'S EXHORTATION.

On Wednesday last a Swadeshi Bazar organised by the Swadeshi Vastoo Prasarak Sangh, was opened in the premises of the Young Men's Hindu Association, Girgaum Back Road, by Acharya P. C. Ray when a very large gathering was present.

Acharya Ray, in declaring the Bazar, open said that he was a born Swadeshi man. From head to foot he was 100 per cent. Swadeshi. He was Swadeshi in thoughts, ideas, actions, and last but not least, he was Swadeshi by religion. He exhorted the audience to take a vow to use only Swadeshi and always give preference to khaddar, as by buying khaddar they will be feeding the poor. He very strongly urged not to touch any foreign goods under any circumstances. Boycott, he said, was a temporary weapon and when time for its use expired they must be ready to supply the whole nation's needs with their own goods.

SPIRIT OF SWADESHI THROUGHOUT INDIA.

The spirit of Swadeshi was now penetrating the hearts of all Indians, irrespective of class or creed; and he hoped that that spirit would be maintained vigorously for all time to come. Such Swadeshi Bazaars as he was going to open that evening, were doing a great deal in maintaining that spirit. They should not, he advised, be led away by the talks of "inferior quality of Indian goods." He had personal experience that India can produce as fine goods as any other country. Even if, in some cases, Indian goods were not of so superior in quality as foreign goods it was our duty to encourage the indigenous manufacturer and support and encourage him by buying his goods. "A mother does not throw away her child if the child happens to be a little ugly looking" he said, "so if the sacred duty of all Indians to use goods made only in our own country. It is also the duty of all trade and commercial organisations in the country to make swadeshi goods available everywhere."

WHOLEHEARTED SUPPORT OF PARSIS.

Mrs. Tehmina Joshi, in moving a vote of thanks to Acharya Ray, on behalf of the Swadeshi Vastoo Prasarak Sangh said that Acharyaji had done a great honour to the organisers of the Bazar by consenting to perform the opening ceremony inspite his manifold engagements and although that was his fourth meeting of the day. She echoed the sentiments expressed by Acharya Ray, and hoped that the sound advice tendered by him woud be taken to heart by all those present there. She said that the Parsi community as a whole had whole heartedly identified itself with the Swadeshi movement and declared that her community would stand by Indians in their present struggle for freedom.

She then garlanded the Acharyaji who thereafter hoisting the National Flag and lifting the curtain declared the Bazar open.

AKHILA KARNATAK RASTRIYA SABHA.

—:o:—

Mr. Chandavarkar's Action Condemned.

The following resolution has been passed by the Akhila Karnatak Rastriya Sabha.

This meeting of the Akhila Karnatak Rastriya Sabha strongly condemns the actions of Messrs. V. N. Chandavarkar and others in supporting the amendment postponing consideration of hoisting the National Flag on the Corporation building and further calls upon all the Karnatak voters to refrain from voting for such persons for betraying the National cause."

PANDIT MOTILAL NEHRU.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—One of India's greatest. one who has given his life long services, his children, his all and is now giving his life, lies in Naini Jail.

We, who have done nothing—can do nothing, should we not at least try to arrange it so that he may be amongst his own kith and kin, in his own home, where he can be looked after with all the care and devotion he deserves?

Are we going to sit idly by and watch him shed his heart's blood, every drop of which will add to India's glory but leave a stain on those for whom he fought but who did not help him in his hour of need.—Yours, etc.

J. J. DOCTOR.

Bombay, Aug. 27.

CONGRESS LEADERS' CONVICTION

—:o:—

Hartal And Students' Demonstrations In Madras

MADRAS, Aug. 29.

A number of shops in various localities were closed to-day in honour of the Congress leaders' conviction. In connection with the students' demonstrations which affected more or less several educational institutions in the city one student of a High School who was carrying a national flag was arrested and released later. Reserve police posted on Esplanade near the Christian College was withdrawn later in the afternoon.

It is reported 288 Satyagrahis have been convicted and jailed from Malabar since civil disobedience.—A. P.

MUTINY IN MEERUT JAIL.

—:o:—

13 Convicts Whipped.

MEERUT, Aug. 29.

The following official communique has been issued to the Press by the District Magistrate:—"There was a serious mutiny in the Meerut Jail this morning at about 8 when the doors of no less than seven barracks were broken open. Order was restored without use of firearms and no prisoner is reported to have been injured. The District Magistrate went down to the jail at 9 and held a summary inquiry into the mutiny.

As a result of the inquiry 13 convicts were whipped and cases will be registered under the Prisoners' Act against certain undertrial prisoners."—A. P.

Lathi Charge On Non-Violent Crowd.

—:o:—

SIMLA, Aug. 29.

About 120 shopkeepers have addressed the Deputy Commissioner, Simla, criticising police lathi charge on 26th August on a non-violent crowd and innocent passers-by and demanding an enquiry into the affair.

The Indian Bazar observed a hartal to-day as a protest against the arrest and imprisonment of the Congress leaders at Delhi.—A. P.

"UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY"

—:o:—

Gujranwalla "War" Council.

LAHORE, Aug. 29.

The Governor-in-Council has declared the Gujranwala Satyagraha Committee, Gujranwala Satyagraha "War Council" and Gujranwala Satyagraha Volunteers as unlawful associations as these associations interfere with maintenance of law and order and constitute a danger to public peace.

Mr. Desney, First Class Magistrate, sentenced seven volunteers who were arrested yesterday to a fine of Rs. 50 each, in default three months' simple imprisonment under the Prevention of Intimidation Ordinance.—A. P.

BHOTO TEMPLE DACOITY CASE.

—:o:—

Five Out Of Seven Accused Jailed.

HOOGHLY, Aug. 29.

Mr. K. C. Nag, Sessions Judge, Hooghly, delivered judgment in the sensational Bhoto Temple dacoity case in which Bolobhadra Sinha, B. Sinha, Sital Bux Singh, Reghunath Singh, Kaluram, Sewnandan Pattock and Dharampal Singh were charged under Section 305 I.P.C. (Dacoity).

On the unanimous verdict of the Jury who found the accused No. 3 4, 5, 6, 7 guilty, the judge convicted and sentenced No. 3, 5, 6, 7 to five years' rigorous imprisonment each and accused No. 4 to seven years' rigorous imprisonment, and dissenting from their divided verdict regarding the rest of the accused referred the case aganst them for the final disposal of the Hon. High Court.

The prosecution case was that on the 3rd May last the accused armed with daggers, knives, kataries, and other deadly weapons raided the temple called the Jharoo Thakur's Temple at Bhoto P. S. Chinsurah. After brutally assaulting Ganapaty Pandey (priest) and Kotis Dasi (maid servant) attached to the temple, the dacoits decamped with gold ornaments and cash. They were soon after arrested on the very morning at the Chinsurah Railway Station with the booty in their possession.—Free Press of India.

Karnatak Volunteers.

It has been arranged to train the Karnatak Volunteers on Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday mornings at 6-45 a.m. Dr. Samsi will take the parade and those desirous of joining the Corps will write to his address:—Jariwalla Mansions, Banulpath Road.

ST. XAVIOUR COLLEGE DEADLOCK

—:o:—

Ban On Ganpati Festival Defied.

(From A Correspondent.)

The ban on the installation of the Ganpati in the Hostel of the St. Xaviour's College was defied by the college student's and two Ganpatis one by the Deccani Club and the other by the Gujrati Club were installed in their respective club rooms on Friday morning.

The question has now become an All College question and all non-Catholic students have joined the movement. The feelings of been resentment among the students over the ban found expression when a meeting of the Hindu students held on Friday afternoon under the auspices of the Hindu Association in which non-Christian students also joined. The president of the Association presided. Father Duhr was also present at the meeting. The Secretary explained at length the circumstances which led to the delay in the installation of the Ganpati and announced that Father Saccasa had plainly told them that as the St. Xaviour's College was conducted by a Christian Mission they would not tolerate any form of non-Catholic worship within the college premises. This ban was upheld by Father Uuhr the Principal of the College.

STUDENTS' RESENTMENT.

Several speakers addressed this meeting and expressed their feeling of great resentment and declared that the college authorities had injured the religious susceptibilities of the non-Catholic students by their childish attitude.

The resolutions one expressing the deep resentment of the students ovrr the attitude of the authorities the other deciding that the matter should be brought to the notice of the Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University and the Education Minister and the third that Father Saccasa should express regret for his orders and observations were passed at this meeting.

Father Duhr also addressed the students. He again informed the students plainly that the authorities of the college would not tolerate any non-Catholic form of worship within the college premises.

At present the deadlock continues. Though the Ganpatis are there the authorities are not prepared to lift the ban. It is understood that the Parsi students are going to hold a meeting to-day to support the Hindu students' demands and to express their resentment at the attitude of the authorities in banning all non-Catholic forms of worship within the college premises.

EVERY INDIAN BEHIND THE CONGRESS

—:o:—

Dr. S. K. Vaidya's Offer To Congress President.

Dr. S. K. Vaidya has sent the following letter to the acting President of the Indian National Congress.

The country so far has given a very magnificent response to the call of the Mahatma and now our struggle for freedom has reached a stage when we are within sight of our goal.

At this moment, I feel that it is the duty of all Indians who have the honour of the country at heart to rally round the Congress and to be ready to offer their services to the country lest by reason of hesitancy, backsliding or delay, the struggle may prove to have been in vain. This is just the time when the world must know that every Indian is at the back of the Congress and is ready to make any sacrifice demanded of him.

Holding the views I have expressed above, I wholeheartedly place my humble services at your disposal and I shall gladly obey the call when it comes.

DHARWAR BAR ASSOCIATION BOYCOTTS LEGISLATURES.

—:o:—

Action Of Candidates Disapproved.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DHARWAR, Aug. 27.

The Bar Association of Dharwar convened a meeting to consider the question of sending a candidate in the elections to the Legislative Council on the 22nd inst. in the Subjudge Court, Dharwar, Sjt Mudavedakar presiding.

Sjt. N. S. Kulkarni brought forward a resolution to the effect that "In view of the Political situation of India at the present time, it is undesirable that any member of the Bar Association, Dharwar, should seek election to the legislative bodies." Mr. Kamat then brought an amendment to the effect that the Bar Association of Dharwar disapproves the action of those members who are standing as candidates in the election, or have already been elected to the Legislative bodies. The resolution along with the amendment was passed with an overwhelming majority amidst lord applause.

SIR TUKOJIRAO AT INDORE

—:o:—

Warm Reception To Ex-Ruler

STAYING AS STATE GUEST

(From A Correspondent.)

INDORE, Aug. 29.

His Highness the ex-Maharaja Tukojirao Holkar accompanied by Her Highness Shri Sharmishthabai arrived Indore on Thursday evening. A huge crowd was present at the station and the streets from station to the Palace were heavily thronged by people to see their beloved ex-Ruler. All the first class Sardars, Jahagirdars, 'Mankaris' and State officers together with the leading citizens were present to accord a warm welcome to Their Highnesses. His Highness the Maharaja Yeshwantrao Holkar was also present with his suite at the station.

As soon as the train with the State saloon steamed into the station Their Highnesses were most cordially received by His Highness and a salute of 21 guns was fired in honour of their arrival. The people received the ex-Ruler by shouting "Tukojirao Maharaj-ki-Jai" and "Yeshwantrao Maharaj-ki-Jai". The cheers were taken up most enthusiastically by the huge crowd. His Highness Yeshwantrao Maharaja accompanied Their Highnesses in his car to the old Palace. Later on the ex-Maharaja and Maharani Sharmishthabai Saheba drove in the State car to Sukhniwas Palace where they are staying as State guests.

REALISING CHOWKIDARI TAX.

—:o:—

Collecting Panchayat To Pay In

CONTAI, Aug. 23.

The no-tax campaign having spread to the interior, it is being increasingly difficult to realise 'chowkidari' dues. It is reported that the S.D.O. has been issuing premptory notices on the defaulting villagers to appear before him and show cause why they should not be proceeded against under Ordinance 6 of 1930.

It is further understood that the local authorities have hit upon another plan of realising the arrears. This method consists in intimating the collecting Panchayat of each union that, henceforth. He shall be held responsible for the realisation of 'Chowkidari tax' in his union and from him the entire amount due from the Union will be realised. Accordingly Babu Prasannakumar Maiti and Madhusudan Pattanaik, both collecting Panchayats of Unions 6 and 7 were summoned to appear before the Circle Officer on Sunday last.

It is understood that Prasanna Babu has already deposited the total amount charged from him, and Madhusudan Babu has prayed for time to pay up the amount from him.—Free Press.

CAN SWADESHISM PRECEDE SWARAJ?

(Continued from page 8.)

potent opposition of a Nationalist minority in the legislature. Though people talk about Swadeshism they have also realised that Swaraj with a complete control of the fiscal policy of India is the only remedy to bring about an economic regeneration of this country. New industries cannot thrive while mining concessions are disposed of in favour of foreigners and the Indian people are not provided with proper technical education, while new railways are built for military transport and railway rates for goods are fixed so as to operate against the transport of local industrial products, while the exchange, currency and bullion policy is controlled by foreign financiers 5,000 miles away from the country, and while the tariff policy of the Government of India is similarly dictated from abroad. It is no wonder that the commercial classes have supported the Congress movement, by sacrifice of all sorts, even in a period of commercial depression because they have realised that Swaraj or complete autonomy for the Indian people is the only remedy against the injustices which they are collectively suffering from for the last 150 years. In the meanwhile the people are realising that the economic boycott of Britain alone will be a more powerful weapon than Swadeshism so far as the masses are concerned though the richer classes may help the existing Indian industries by paying higher prices for Indian articles out of a preference for Swadeshi goods. Such an economic boycott of one country by another is a temporary political weapon to bring pressure on an opponent to do real justice and give up its unfair privileges. It is a method to show dislike for the attitude of the opponent and need not involve personal, racial, or national hatred or enmity.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate and the last Will and Testament of MIRZA ALI MOHAMMED KHAN, of Bombay, Shia Mahomeddan Inhabitant, of late a Solicitor of the High Court of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

MIRZA ALI REZA KHAN, of Bombay, Shia Mahomeddan Inhabitant, one of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased, residing at Malbar Hill, outside the Fort of Bombay, a Barrister-at-Law, practising in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay. Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this twentieth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty, and in the twenty-first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL, Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL.

The 20th day of August, 1930.
Messrs. MIRZA MIRZA & PATHAK,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

1503

Auction Sales.

CRAWFORD & CO.,

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS STATION (G. I. P. RAILWAY).

Under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railway Act IX of 1890 Messrs. CRAWFORD and CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 16th September, 1930, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), and on the days following (if necessary) at Victoria Terminus Station of the G. I. P. Railway, the following unclaimed goods:—

Bicycle, motor tyres and accessories, Florence stove, glass globes, manties, rose water, leather belts, chapals and slippers, old clothes, old brass and copperware, holdall, beddings, etc., etc.

N.B.—Immediate delivery against Cash.

CRAWFORD & CO.

MESSRS. MISTRY & CO.

TO-DAY AT 3 P.M. (S. T.)
AUCTION SALE OF BRAND NEW FISHER JUNIOR TRUCK.

Under instruction of The Eastern Automobile Co. and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers, Messrs S. B. Nadkerni and Govind Shirsat of Nasik, Messrs. MISTRY and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY (SATURDAY), the 30th August, 1930 at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at The Eastern Automobile Co.'s Show-rooms, New Queens Road.

1 Fisher Junior one-ton Truck with 22-passenger body in working order.

Truck on view.

MISTRY & CO.

Messrs. VORA & Co.

AUCTIONEERS,
62, Medows Street, Fort.
'Phone No. 22064.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY TO THE BUYERS AND SELLERS.
THIS WEEK'S AUCTION SALES.

Every kind of household and office furniture, chesterfield suits, fire proof safes, motor car, Electric Novelties, very valuable, real jewellery, etc., etc.

Auction sale at 62, Meadows Street, Fort.

TO-DAY (SATURDAY), the 30th inst. at 1-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Auction sale at Chowpatty, Sea Face, Babula Mansion TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 31st inst. at 10 A.M. (S.T.)

For further particulars and condition of sale please apply to the undersigned.

VORA & CO.

Auction Sales.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT CHARNI ROAD (GIRGAUM) OPP. ALBLESS BAUG.

Under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Balaji Rane and Khanderao Moreshwar Desai, the original second and third Defendants in Suit No. 48 of 1924 o.s. (Gajanan Raghunath Agaskar and others vs. Shamrao Balaji Rane and others), the Surviving Trustees under the Trust Deed executed by the late Rao Bahadur Janardhan Vasudeoji and dated the 1st May 1889 and pursuant to the directions contained in the Judge's Order dated the 18th June 1928 and confirmed by the order of the Appeal Court dated the 10th September 1929 in Appeal No. 46 of 1928, Messrs. BENNET & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 17th September next at 5 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

FIRST—All that piece of Pension and Tax land (redeemed) together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon, containing by admeasurement about 466 square yards and according to the extract from the Survey Register and according to actual measurement recently taken 469 square yards bearing Collector's New No. 1324, Laughton's Survey No. 1/8040, Cadastral Survey No. 1468 of Girgaum Division and bounded on the East by the property belonging to Balaji Bapuji Kothare bearing Cadastral Survey 1469 1/1467, on the West by the land bearing Cadastral Survey No. 23, on the North by a public road called Charni Road, and on the South by the land of the Vendors bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1467 hereinafter secondly described.

SECONDLY—All that piece of Pension and Tax land (redeemed) together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon situate at Charni Road (Girgaum) containing by admeasurement about 78 square yards and according to actual measurement recently taken 78 square yards but stated in the Extract from the Survey Register as containing 102 square yards (which figure is believed to include the area of Cadastral Survey No. 1/1467), bearing Collector's and Laughton's Survey No. 3041 part, Cadastral Survey No. 1467 Girgaum Division and bounded on the East by the land belonging to Balaji Bapuji Kothare bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 1469, 1/1467, on the West by the land bearing Cadastral Survey No. 23, on the South by the property called Goregaonker Building bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1466 and on the North by the property of the Vendors bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1468 herein above firstly described and which premises first and secondly describe now constitute one property and are assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 1176 Street Nos. 11-13c and 23.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Little and Co., Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

MESSRS. MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE of ships stores, scrap iron, pipes, wires, lamps, electric gears, Manilla and steel wire rope, life jackets, motor boat, life boats, copper and brass sheets, cable chain, empty packing cases and casks, steel barrels, tins, kegs, etc.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 1st September, 1930, at 2-30 p.m. at the B. I. Dock and at 3-30 p.m. at the P. & O Dock, the abovementioned goods.

MENEESE & CO.

Amusements.

LAST WEEK! LAST WEEK!!

GRAND SENSATION OF THE STAGE!

SATURDAY 30TH 2 SHOWS:—
At 3-30 p.m. and at 6-30 p.m.
SUNDAY 31ST 2 SHOWS:—
At 3-30 p.m. and at 6-30 p.m.
and every evening at 6-30 p.m.

PURNA SWATANTRYA

or

COMPLETE INDEPENDENCE
AT THE
BOMBAY THEATRE
Balmohan Sangit Mandali

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

:o:

PRICES SUSTAINED ON SHORT COVERING.

Pre-Holiday Squarring Up.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

The New York Cotton futures market ruled easy yesterday during the early part on lower Liverpool quotations. There was some Southern hedge selling which depressed prices but later on short covering resulted in a rally and the market closed irregular at a rise of 2 points to a decline of 3 points. Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 11.70c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed unchanged to a decline of 1 point. Spot Cotton prites remained unchanged at 11.18c.

U. S. A. Port receipts were 30,000 bales and exports amounted to 13,000 bales.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened easy at a decline of 8 to 9 points. Weather reports were favourable which influenced scattered selling and prices declined further. Towards the close prices improved on better New York cables and closed at a decline of 7 to 6 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 8 points to 6.67 and sales amounted to 5,000 bales.

Empire Cotton futures ruled quiet and closed at a decline of 4 to 7 points and Egyptian prices declined 6 to 5 points.

Owing to holidays shorts are inclined to cover a portion of their short interest. The market will be in possession of private monthly crop reports in the next week. Under the circumstances bears are acting cautiously and have covered fair amount of their floating interest. There is no change in the general situation and recent covering has weakned the situation. If private estimates fail to show important deterioration, it is likely that Bears will be tempted to replace their sales. However owing to usual uncertainty of Bureau's report, the market is likely to record irregular price changes.

NO VISIBLE IMPROVEMENT IN TRADE.

Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co., state:—

Market continued irregular on Southern hedge selling and Wall Street "shorts" covering. There is no visible improvement in the World's trade conditions and spinners appear reluctant to follow any advance on the hypothesis that should next Bureau be around 14 Million Bales, there will be sufficient supply for World's requirements. The Government propaganda to hold cotton for 15 Cents on the theory "to buy a bale", is not seriously taken by the World's spinners as it considered to be another prelude to economic disintegration. Last year around 18 Cents Farm Board advised Co-operatives to hold cotton and notwithstanding the Co-operatives having bought spot as well as "futures", prices gradually sagged, leaving with the Co-operatives a stock of about 15 lac Bales. At present, despite heavy domestic stocks, new crop interior receipts are daily increasing, foreign export continues small, and American spinners intend further curtailment of standard cloth. Prices may be sustained till the issuance of the next Bureau Report but in view of hedge selling to come we favour sales on advances.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest 11.65 pl. 02
N. Y. October Lowest 11.52—.11
N. Y. December Highest 11.78 (Close.)
N. Y. December lowest 11.67 (10.30 a. m.)

Hemlryc:—"Proholiday liquidation goods firm rather better."

Reuter:—"Market early was weak on unfavourable Liverpool cables, Southern selling, but later on recovered partially on bear covering."

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 23th inst. (5-5 p. m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson.:—

"Likely to have quiet markets pending next Bureau, and still favour Bear side."

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 28.

October	11.65 plus 02
December	11.78—06
January	11.89—03
October (New Contract)	11.40—02
December (New Contract)	11.58—
January (New Contract)	11.68—01
March (New Contract)	11.83—02
May (New Contract)	12.01 plus 01
Middling Spot	11.70—

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Aug. 28.

October	11.42 plus 01
January	11.69—
Middling Spot	11.18—

New York, Aug. 28.

New York 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)—

October (New Contract)	11.30
January (New Contract)	11.62
March (New Contract)	unquoted.

New York 11-45 a.m.

October (New Contract)	11.35
January (New Contract)	11.62
March (New Contract)	11.78

AMERICAN COTTON CROP.

Present Estimate 14,128,000 Bales.

Messrs. Clement Curti's and Co. in their August-end report estimate condition 55-5 per cent and crop 14,128,000 Bales against their estimate a month ago of condition 66.8 per cent and crop 14,005,000 Bales.

Last year according to Bureau's figures the deterioration during the month of August was 14 per cent while according to the above report, the deterioration during this August comes about 11-3 per cent only.

Last year Boll-weevil damage was 16 per cent but this season the damage is about 7 to 8 per cent.

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Aug. 28.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 30,000 bales

Day's exports to Great Britain nil.

Day's exports to the Continent 13,000 bales.

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Aug. 28.

Scinde Fully Good	3.50 plus 05
Scinde Fine	3.75 plus 05
Scinde Superfine	3.85 plus 05
Bengal Good	3.25 plus 05
Bengal Fully Good	3.50 plus 05
Bengal Fine	3.75 plus 05
Oomra Good	3.50 plus 05
Oomra Fully Good	3.80 plus 05
Oomra Fine	4.10 plus 05
Broach Fully Good	4.20 plus 05
Broach Fine	4.45 plus 05
Broach Superfine	4.70 plus 05

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Aug. 28.

November	9.42 plus 02
December	9.56—05
January	9.61—05
March	9.79—06
May	10.02—04
July	10.19—04

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 28

	Opening	Closing
August		6.28—06
September		6.14—07
October	6.14	6.14—07
November		6.14—07
December		6.20—07
January	6.23	6.24—06
February		6.27—06
March	6.32	6.33—06
April		6.36—06
May	6.40	6.42—06
June		6.44—07
July	6.47	6.48—07
August		6.51—07
January 1932		6.65—07
Spot Cotton		6.67 plus 08

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES

Liverpool, Aug. 28

Sales at Liverpool 5,000 bales
Sales on Speculation 100 bales
Sales of East Indian Cotton 350 bales.

LONDON METALS.

London, Aug. 28.

Copper Braziers £63
Yellow metal £51
Spelter Hard Indian Brands £14 1/4
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge £11 7/8
Tin English Ingots £137 1/2

LATEST WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT.

Light rains New Orleans District slightly Warmer Central Belt unsettled. All balance entire Belt generally fair.

GOLD AND SILVER.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

	Rs. a. p.
Mint Gold, Ready	21-10-0
Mint Gold 1st Settlement	21-7-6
Mint Gold 2nd	21-8-0
Silver Ready	47-1-0
Silver 1st Settlement	46-15-0
Silver 2nd "	46-8-0

WHEAT AND PRODUCE.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

Wheat September	4-15-6
Wheat May	5-6-6
Linseed September	10-10-0
Linseed May	0-4-0
Cottonseed	3-2-0
Groundnuts	8-5-0
Tellseed	10-8-0
Rapeseed	3-4-0
Gram Punjab	40/45
Mahooraseed	4-13-0
Myrabolams	22-0-0
Poppyseed	10-12 0

LONDON RUBBER

London, Aug. 28.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot buyers 4 3/4

LINSEED OIL

London, Aug. 28.

Linseed Oil Naked London ewt—
Sept/Dec sellers 30
Jan/April sellers 28/4 1/2

LONDON SILVER.

London, Aug. 28.

Silver: China bought. Small offerings. Market is quietly steady.
Spot 16 5/16
Forward 16 5/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, Aug. 28.

Bar gold fine per oz. £4-5-0

BANK OF FRANCE NOTE CIRCULATION.

Paris, Aug. 28.

The Return of the Bank of France for the week ending August 27th gives the total note circulation at 72,017,000,000 francs, a decrease of 662,000,000 francs as compared with the previous week.

MONEY MARKET.

Exchange Quotations.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

B. C. Rate D D 1/5 3/4
B. C. Rate T T 1/5 23/32

LONDON.—
Banks Selling T T 1/5 3/4 August/October.
Banks Selling D D 1/5 25/32
Banks Selling T T 1/5 25/32 Dec/Jan.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 13/16 Near
Banks Buying D D 1/5 27/32 Mail
Banks Buying T T 1/5 13/16 Aug./Oct.
Banks Buying 3 mos. 1/5 15/16 Mail.
Banks Buying 3 mos 1/5 31/32 Sept.

NEW YORK.—
B. C. Rate T T 278 1/4
Banks Selling T T 278
Banks Buying T T 276 1/2

PARIS:—
Banks Selling D D 914
Banks Buying D D 924
Banks Buying 2 Mos. 940

JAPAN.—
Banks Selling T T 137 1/8
Banks Buying 60 Days 134 1/2

HONGKONG.—
Banks Selling D D 90 3/4

SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 109 3/4

SINGAPORE.—
Banks Selling D D 136 1/2

JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 89 3/8

CROSS RATE.—
New York/London 4.86 31/32 28th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/7 5/16 29th inst.
Japan/London 2/0 11/32 28th inst.
London/Paris 123.80 28th inst.
London/Belgium 34.84 28th inst.
London/Switzerland 25.05 28th inst.
London/Italy 93.00 28th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £4-5-0 1/4 27th inst. £4-5-0 28th inst.
Silver London Ready 16 3/16 27th inst. 16 5/16 28th inst.
Silver London Forward 16 3/16 27th inst. 16 5/16 28th inst.
Silver New York Ready 35 1/4 27th inst. 35 3/4 28th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 2 1/16 p.c. 27th inst. 2 1/16 p.c. 28th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos. 2 13/32 p.c. 27th inst. 2 3/8 p.c. 28th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 2 per cent.
3 Mos. 3 per cent.
6 Mos 3 per cent.
12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Quiet.

Tone of Sivler. Quietly steady. China bought. Small offerings.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs 64/10
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90/2
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89/4
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 78/4.
4½ per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 94/14
4½ per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 83/8
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 94/15
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 98/4
5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 94/4
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/2
5 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1945/55 Rs. 101/5
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101/4
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102/1
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1933/36 Rs. 100/5
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 105
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 72/12
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1947 Rs. 72/4
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 72/4
5 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 99/8
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 108/4

FORWARD RATES.

1st September Settlement.
3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs 64/7
5 per cent 1945-55 101-2-0
Tone of Market:—Dull.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

3 Months Discounts 2 1/16 per cent.
6 Months Discounts 2 3/8 per cent.
Bank of England rate 3 p.c.
Call Money 1 1/2 per cent.
One month 2-1/2 per cent.
Three Months 3 1/2 per cent.
Six Months 3 1/2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Easy
Imperial Bank of India rate 5 per cent.

THE SOUTH INDIAN
GENERAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.,

HEAD OFFICE: 7 and 8, MacLean Street, MADRAS.

WANTED a District Manager for each of the following Provinces:—

1. Bombay,
2. Punjab,
3. United Provinces,
4. Behar and Orissa,
5. Central Provinces.
6. Burma.

The Applicant must state the minimum completed new business he can guarantee every year, and must possess adequate practical experience in organising life agencies and managing a suitable Office. He will be paid attractive terms of commission and bonus and a special office allowance.

Apply direct to Head Office within a fortnight of this publication.

Managing Agents:— K. C. PANDALAI & CO.

A SAFE and EFFICIENT REMEDY

In all cases of Torpid Liver, Debility, Eruptions, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Weakness, Depression, etc., etc., is the world renowned

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

It thoroughly cleanses the blood of all impurities which accumulate, and invigorates the whole system, thus enabling you to successfully combat the many little ills which you encounter from time to time.

But it must be Wilkinson's—shun all imitations and substitutes. Every genuine bottle bears the following Trade Mark and Signature.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers Thomas Wilkinson Ltd. Manufacturing Chemists, 46, Southwark Street, London, S.E.1. England.

Dr. N. L. BURMAN (Balaji Road, Surat)
Radically Cures
HYDROCELE
Without operation, within 15 minutes only.
Will be in Bombay for the following days—
Dates: 26th August to 7th September 1930
Time:—9 to 12 A.M. & 4 to 6 P.M.
—Consultation fee Rs. 5/-
Address:—Hararwala Building, Golpitha, Bombay 4.

Mira Swadeshi Stores.

OPPOSITE POPULAR PHARMACY

Lamington Road, BOMBAY.

Emporium of all sorts of Cloths of Indian Mills and Hand woven-hand-spun Khaddar etc.

Sarees, Drills, Twills, Long Cloths, Dhoties, Assorted Shirtings, Mulmul, Handkerchief, Napkins, Towels, Bed-Sheets, Table-Cloths, Crepe, Coatings, Tennis Cloth, Ginis, Khakhi Pagri Cloths, Khaddar, Silk etc., etc.,

Plain and Coloured Silk and Cotton Sarees a Speciality.

TRIAL SOLICITED.

FIXED RATES! SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

The meeting of the Board of Directors which was to be held today to consider the question of re-opening of forward trading was postponed for Monday the 1st Proximo.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

F. P. Bales.

	1930-31	1929-30
Receipts to date 28-8-30	556000	408000
Receipts Yesterday 28-8-30	30000	33000
Exports to date 28-8-30	223000	184000
Stock at Ports 22-8-30	1721000	546000
Stock Interior Towns 22-8-30	5454000	426000
Stock Liverpool 22-8-30	780000	848000
Visible Supply 22-8-30	3158000	1594000
Quantity in Sight 22-8-30	545000	42600
Quantity out to Sight 22-8-30	385000	586000

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSN.

Bombay, Aug. 29.

Castorseed Delivery September Opening Rs. 43/13 Lowest Rs. 43/4 Closing Rs. 43/5/6

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

Ex-Godown.

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Total for the corresponding period of 1928 Colaba Point 74.35" Fort 102.58" J. J. Hospital 78.24"

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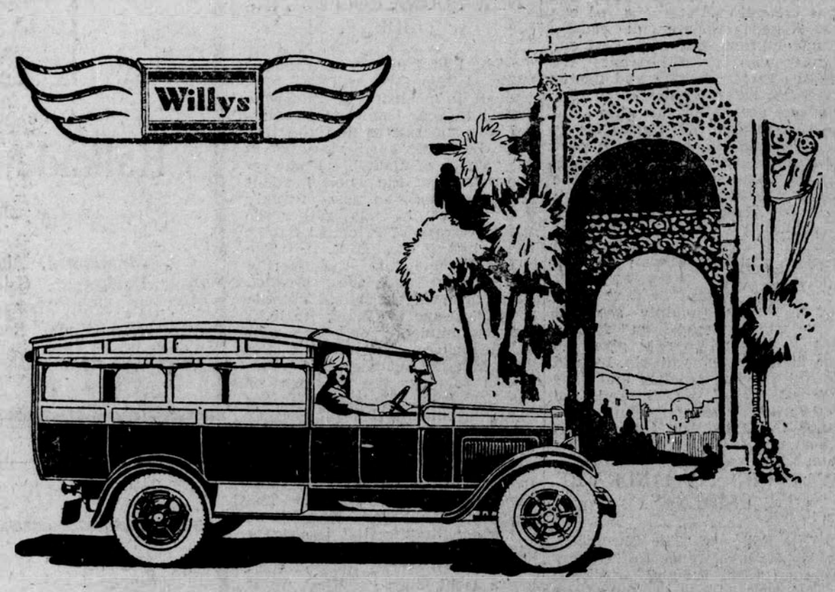

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—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—May I crave the hospitality of the columns of your highly esteemed journal for giving wide publicity to the following:—

For the last several years Sreeman Raja Saheb of Rewa has been distributing free at Barnapur, Dist. Bahraich, a certain cure for Asthma, only one dose of which taken on the full moon night of the month of Ashwin, according to the directions prescribed by him, is sufficient to cure this fell disease. One such dose taken for three consecutive years on the above mentioned full moon night is sure to cure even those patients whose disease is 20 or 25 years old.

This year the full moon of Ashwin falls on the 7th October, 1930 (Tuesday). Elaborate arrangements for the distribution of the medicine are being made. Patients of Asthma are requested to come to Barnapur one or two days before the date mentioned above. Arrangements for the comfort of the patients coming from outside are made. Barnapur is seven miles from Bahraich Ry. St. (B. N. W. R.) It will be better to inform the undersigned at least a week before arrival.—Yours, etc.,

A. PRASAD,
Private Secretary.

Rewa Estate,
Barnapur, Bahraich.

CONGRESS AND PEACE.

—:o:—

To The Editor of 'The Chronicle.'

Sir,—I crave the hospitality of your columns for a few lines mentioned below for the publication of which in the columns of your esteemed journal, I would be highly obliged to you.

Under the caption "Congress Attitude", the 'Scrutator' of the 'Indian Daily Mail', in its issue of Monday writes: 'I cannot understand the mentality which keeps on saying that there can be no peace, or no discussion about peace, as long as Mr. Gandhi and others are in jail.' The explanation is that by entering into negotiations with the incarcerated leaders, the Government betrays still the presence in their mind of the element of "superiority complex". The leaders courted jails to win freedom. This means that in a free India, they would not have at all been in jails because that is what they struggle for. By clapping to-day the leaders in jail, the Government have set the seal upon them of being criminals. And therefore, now that the Government, recognising the strength of the movement, are entering into negotiations with the leaders inside the prison bars, they evidently have not done away in their mind with the thought of criminality about the jailed leaders. This means that the Government have not driven the element of "superiority complex" out of their mind. Let it be unequivocally stated that we want peace with honour. And peace with honour means that precedent to any negotiations all leaders (non-violent Satyagrahis) must be unconditionally released which will mean the Government have ceased with regarding them as criminals and also that the Government at once admit the status of India as a free nation and thus only can the negotiations for "peace with honour" take place as they will clearly be looked upon as negotiations between the leaders of two free nations for arriving at a mutual settlement. "Scrutator" says 'If the peace negotiations are such a fraud why do the foremost leaders take the trouble to discuss the terms which have been offered'. In this connection let it be pointed out that if the jailed negotiating leaders arrive that way at some settlement, the public will very possibly accept the decision, but with all respect to the jailed leaders, I must frankly say that the condition precedent to any negotiations must have been the demand on the part of Mahatmaji of a general amnesty of all satyagrahi prisoners. "Scrutator" perhaps cannot understand this but that is the opinion generally held to-day. Thanking you once more, sir, Yours, etc.,

I. N. JAINI.

Calcutta Share Market.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 27.

In jutes minimum of transactions resulted at slightly lower levels. Coals ruled steady without much business passing. In teas a slight enquiry was in evidence at lower levels. The miscellaneous section disclosed no fresh feature. Imperial Bank Fully paid however marked up considerably. Government Securities were steady.—A. P.

Bombay Gazette.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. S. A. C. Green, I.C.S., to act as Political Agent, Khairpur, vice Mr H. M. Patel, I.C.S., pending further orders.

With effect from June 10, 1930, Mr. K. W. Barlee, I.C.S., has been appointed officiating Judge of the Bombay High Court.

P. W. D.

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the Housing and Suburban Division of the Northern Circle should be abolished with effect from the 1st October 1930 and its work distributed between the Electrical Engineer to Government and the Presidency and Thana Divisions in the same Circle.

A temporary Sub-Division in the Thana Division is created for the works of development and water supply at Ambernath and water supply in Salsette, to be called the "Salsette Water Supply Sub-Division," and to appoint Mr. K. L. Mahindru, temporary Assistant Engineer in the Housing and Suburban Division, to be temporary Assistant Engineer in the Thana Division in charge of the new Sub-Division from the 1st October 1930

Repression In U. P.

ALLAHABAD, August 27.

Reports of arrests and convictions from the districts in connection with the Congress campaign continue to be received.

At Mainpuri, Pandit Charangi-lal Paluval, Dictator, was sentenced to one years' simple imprisonment under section 108 and Dr. Banwat Singh and three others to six months' rigorous imprisonment under section 506.

At Farrukabad there have been a number of arrests and Mr. Prag Narain, member of the War Council has been sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment.

At Lakhimpur, the houses of Kunwar Khuswat Rai, Dictator and Bansudhar Misra, Secretary of the Congress Committee, were raided and the Congress Office searched and both were arrested but the former was released soon after.

20 volunteers were sentenced under the Picketing Ordinance to six months' imprisonment.—A. P.

POLITICAL PRISONERS IN MADRAS.

—:o:—

Dissatisfaction With Classification.

The following representation signed by 19 "A" and "B" class political prisoners in the Central Jail, Vellore, has, we understand, been sent to the Madras Government:—

In continuation of the joint representation sent to the Government on the 1st ultimo by 32 A and B class prisoners including some of us through the Superintendent, Central Jail, Trichinopoly, we the undersigned wish to bring to the notice of the Government the following facts.

"It was stated in the joint representation above referred to that C class for political prisoners should be abolished altogether or in the alternative that they should be allowed some common necessaries of life such as ghee and buttermilk adequate clothing and washing materials etc. No orders have yet been passed thereon. Nor has any relief been given to the C class prisoners. Again the classification of ladies as C class prisoners by trying Magistrates is bad enough but it is incomprehensible how such classification has been confirmed by the Government when the offences do not involve any violence or moral turpitude. The classification of political prisoners is not based on any principle or reason. In one case the husband was put in the B class while the wife was sent to the C class. In another, the young son is given B class while his father is given C class although both are members of the same joint family. It is needless to quote instances further.

TREATMENT OF "C" CLASS PRISONERS.

The treatment meted out to political "C" class prisoners is intolerable. The food given to them falls short of even starvation allowance. It is lacking in vitamines and it does not approach in any respect the food they usually take in their homes. Many of the political prisoners have been attacked by dysentery and other ailments on account of bad unsuitable food and lack of buttermilk which invariably forms part of their food while at home. One young political prisoner died of dysentery last month in the Trichinopoly Central Jail after a few days of illness. The Jail Committee of Trichinopoly, among whom were the District Collector and the District Judge of Trichonopoly visited the jail a few days after the death of the said young man and enquired some of us about our wants and we represented to them about the condition of the "C" class prisoners and how they have been denied even the bare necessities of food and clothing. It may be pointed out here that even lady prisoners of "C" class are not entitled to even oil for the hair or washing materials. The recommendations made to the Government even by that Committee that buttermilk, etc should be supplied to all prisoners have also been of no avail.

SEGREGATION.

While we have been expecting some redress for "C" class prisoners, the Government, on the other hand, issued orders for the virtual segregation of the various classes of political prisoners and complete isolation of the bulk of the "C" class politicals in the Alipuram Jail, Bellary. This policy of isolation may prevent representation from prisoners of "A" and "B" classes on behalf of the "C" class but there is hardly the way in which grievances of prisoners should be redressed. All those who signed the joint representation from Trichinopoly jail have since been transferred to this jail in a body and at the same time all the adult "C" class politicals have been removed from this jail to Alipore jail. The continued indifference of the Government does not inspire us with any hope that there would be any change in their policy in the near future.

Under the circumstances we do not feel justified to continue in the "A" class so long as the lady prisoner and other "C" class prisoners are not given even the bare necessaries of life and we find no option but to completely identify ourselves with the "C" class.

We therefore request you to be good enough to transfer us to the "C" class and oblige us by issuing orders as early as possible.

Signed: T. Prakasam (1615). Sadasiva Rao Karnad (1619), A. Vaithyanatha Aiyar (137). T. Visvanathan (1313). K. Madhava Nair (1537). R. K. Prabhu (1616). Umesha Rao (1617), M. U. Pangalkar, (1629) R. Rangiah Paligi (1618), P. S. Bhashyam Chetti (1612), Narasimha Prabhu (1307) Vydya Sankar, Narayana Bhat (1630), M. Bapineedu (1636), N. V. Chalapathi (1623), N. V. L. N. Rao (1620), V. Lakshimiayam (1610), A. S. Chalapathi Rao (1804). K. Narayana Bhandury (1632) and D. Thimaparai (1631).

A similar representation signed by 88 "B" class political prisoners we learn has also been sent to the Madras Government.—"Hindu".

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INDIA WILL WIN FREEDOM.

An English View.

The following are extracts from a letter sent by a London firm to an Indian Merchant in Bombay:—

We thank you for your welcome letter dated the 4th July and also we thank you for the cuttings of the newspaper. We regret much to say that we do not get any news from India in our papers. Nevertheless, we wish you all the best of luck and we hope that you will get Home Rule soon, as we have every hope that matters will soon be put right. However, do not give up hopes but our advice to you and all the Indian friends of ours is to fight until you get your freedom. For God has created all nations of one blood, hence we are all equally the children of one God our Father who is in heaven. We believe in fair justice and liberty God has created this earth for not one nation but for each and every one and to move freely. Why should one nation rule over the other? These are the signs of the Tim, whether you believe us or not, but the time is nigh that the Justice of God is at hand and all must receive their due reward. India has suffered enough and the Indian cannot remain long slaves tc other nation and within the next year or two we can plainly see that India will be free from foreign yoke, therefore do not give up the fight until you all win. Ireland fought for her freedom and she has got, so will you all and the end is not so very far but continue the fight, and the freedom Yours, etc.,

WARNING TO BANDRA RESIDENTS.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter from an "East Indian" published your issue of the 21st insant. I am glad "East Indian" has set the ball rolling in this direction.

The evil effects of alcholic drinks and this custom of East Indians and other Christians of Bandra of providing liquor for themselves and guests, especially during the Bandra feast, have ruined the majority of the poor and middle class Catholic Community in Bandra.

Every house spends more on liquor than on any other item during this week. I calculate rough nearly a lakh of rupees being wasted in this way and debts incurred for this feast are so high that they cannot be settled even in the course of the next year and often end in family property being wiped off.

But writing in papers alone will not help matters—Why should not East Indian and his friends join together, (I am willing to do my bit), and call a meeting of Christians in Bandra and pass a resolution that no liquor shall be served or used during this feast? Such a resolution will give great moral support to all the Christians in eradicating this drink evil on this occasion and if successful for all other functions, such as weddings, christenings, etc.

The Rajan village has boycotted liquors for their annual village St. Roque Mass social gathering. I know many other villages made similar attempts, but did not succeed. I think most of our Christians, though not bold enough to act independently feel that such action is necessary for their moral and economic salvation.—Yours, etc.,

JALU.

DR. NUNAN'S ROLE.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—In the to-day's issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" I find with no less amusement B. V. V. betraying his ignorance as to the method, machinery and the administration of the St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas and the Indian Red Cross Society.

Both the organisations are distinctly separate in their functions, control and administration. The Indian Red Cross is mere a child of ten years compared to the full grown St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas of twenty-seven years of its chequered but very useful existence.

If B. V. V. had read the evidence of Dr. Nunan in the Coroner's Court with a little bit more care and patience and a little less zeal in pouncing upon Dr. Nunan, he would have very easily learnt that Dr. Nunan is the District Superintendent of the No. 3, District, St. John Ambuance Brigade Overseas and not of the Red Cross Society which has not a single corps or even a single Ambulance division in the whole of India.—Yours, etc.

Bombay, Aug. 25.

S. B. B. S.

RETREAT HOUSE IN BANDRA.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—We understand that Reverend Letali, who has come all the way from England, will be going from house to house for collecting funds towards the proposed New Retreat House. May we know to whom the Retreat House will belong when built, whether to the Church or to the Society S. J? Why particularly have the Retreat House in Bandra? I am sure that Catholics are very good people there. Before embarking on a new enterprize like this may we know, through the medium of this paper, when will the question of separation of Parishioners be settled? Why not get this question thrashed out first instead of remaining quiet over it? Why not collect funds for better purpose.—Yours, etc.

"MARQUIS".

NEW POONA COLLEGE INCIDENT.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I hope you will be kind enough to publish the following article in your esteemed paper:—

I was shocked to find the title "The D. S. P.'s narrow escape" in the "Times of India". I was an eye-witness of the whole incident and as such I can now frankly assert that it was rather the narrow escape of Principal Sabnis than that of the D. S. P. The "Times" referred to the jeering of the crowd and the so-called stone throwin, but it had not the moral courage to bring to light certain blunders on the part of the police. They raided the Tilik Mandir, but they had no reason to enter the premises of the New Poona College (alias Sir Parashurambhau College) without taking the permission of the Principal. The students were engaged in their respective studies. It was the police who brought them out of their classes. The students then began to jeer at the police, finding that the rights of their institution were trespassed upon. The police then began lathi charge. The worst part of the whole incident was that the Principal of the College,who along with Professor, Naralkar was engaged in maintaining peace among the students was assaulted. Many of the students were also beaten. But for the intervention of the Principal and the Professors Naralkar and Godbole, the situation would have been hopelessly bad. The students were completely non-violent. All the students, save those who were boisterous by nature, admired the masterly behaviour of the authorities on the occasion.

I hope the "Times" will not lose anything materially if it makes a point to give full information in such cases. It matters very little whether its tendency is towards defending the Government, inasmuch as the readers of the "Times" have cultivated the habit of realising the gravity of any situation correctly. The only condition necessary for this realisation is that they must get the full information. So my humble request to the "Times" is that it should publish a full information to any incident or drop it altogether. I know its representative was present on that day. He knew very well all that took place there. I am sure in his heart of hearts he knew perfectly well that the police behaved foolishly on that day, but the poor fellow could not do anything but send the report that he did.—

A STUDENT.

of the S. P. College, Poona.
Poona, August 26.

AID TO FAMILIES OF POLITICAL PRISONERS.

—:o:—

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Those who are out of the jail owe a duty—a supreme duty—to those in jail, in the present struggle to see that the families of those who are sent to jail are provided for, with the necessities of life. When a man in the present struggle determines to take active part in the struggle, he becomes fully prepared to undergo all sorts of conceivable hardships. He, as well prepares himself, to see that his wife and children are starved and undergoing the greatest hardships. For him the picture of his wife and children passing days without food does not present any heart-rending scene but it presents a scene in which he sees Mother India free of her bondage and blessing those sons of her who suffered in order to secure freedom for her. But does this mean that others who are out of the jail should not be mindful of their duty? Certainly not! It is the bounden duty of those who are out of the jail to provide for the families of those who are at the front in the present struggle. There are people in this city of Bombay who are secretly doing this their duty. But there is no reason why every body should not do his duty. Let no Indian, therefore, be forgetful of his duty. The best way of discharging this duty is to start a general fund from which the wives and children of those who are sent to jail should be maintained.—Yours etc.

A. V. DIGHE.

August 25th.
71, Gokhale Road,
Dadar.

ALAM—2 Aug. 28.

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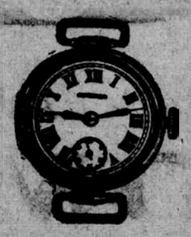

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MUSLIMS AND NATIONAL STRUGGLE.

Mr. Khawja's Speech.

ALIGARH, Aug. 25.

On Aug. 23 a public meeting was held to congratulate Maulana Abul Kalam Azad on his arrest. Prayers were offered to the Almighty to grant a speedy recovery to Pandit Motilal Nehru.

Last night Khwaja Abul Majid, barrister, addressed another mammoth meeting of Hindus and Mussalmans, held in Edward Park under the auspices of the Congress Committee, with Babu Totaram Gupta, vakil, in the chair. The Khwaja, quoted at length passages from the Nehru and Simon reports and tried to impress on the audience that whatever demands the Muslim leaders made with a unanimous voice, were conceded to them. In the Nehru report, while the others were rejected as they themselves were not unanimous and their demands were unjust and not based on any principle. The Mussalman interests were safe in the hands of the Congress which did not belong exclusively to the Hindus. They should join the Congress in large numbers so that the Hindus could get no opportunity to act against the interests of Mussalmans. They should live like brothers. The seniority between them should be decided by the sacrifice and service of each community. Freedom was their birth right. They should wholeheartedly take part in the present struggle for freedom and whatever suspicions were entertained against the other community would disappear by themselves. It was the slavery of centuries which had prevented them from seeing things in the right perspective. They were regaining consciousness. Caste or religion would not stand in their way of gaining freedom. Sacrifice and fearlessness would alone Bring them freedom.—"Leader".

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RHEUMATISM.

The Amrita Bazar Patrika, the oldest English Daily of Calcutta, writes:—(30th January 1930).

"The Rheumatism Oil prepared by Swami Premanandaji, the famous Vedantist Yogi, is efficacious in all cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago old or new. The medicine is for application only, the result being instantaneous and permanent. It is extensively used for the last 12 years and can be had of Professor S. N. Bose, B.A., "Swami Premananda Ashram", (Post Box 11418), Calcutta, the price being Rs. 1-8 per phial"

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TOLSTOY: THE GREATEST OF THE RUSSIANS

He was born in 1828 and died in 1910. His is the greatest name in Russian literature.

Tolstoy had a favourite brother, Nicholas, who used to play with him and amuse him in their childhood days, and who once, in fairy tale mood, told him how he had buried at the edge of a ravine green stick on which was written a mighty secret—the secret that would enable men to rid the world of all evil and pain and to dwell thenceforth in perfect love and peace.

The whole story of Leo Tolstoy's life, as Mr. Aylmer Maude has suggested, may be said to be the story of his hunt for that green stick. And was there not something strangely symbolic in his dying request that he should be buried at the place where the stick was supposed to be hidden? He was carried there at the head of a long procession of sorrowing peasants.

CONTRADICTIONS IN CHARACTER.

But if we follow the progress of that unwearying search for truth and sanctity we shall find much that is paradoxical and disconcerting. We shall see in his complex and puissant nature the clashing of Eastern spirituality and Western materialism. We shall see a preacher of poverty continuing to live in affluence, a great artist tiring in the means that had brought him fame and wealth, an enemy of oppression contemptuous of social reform. Above all, we shall note the unquestionable sincerity but fumbling logic that changed him from an orthodox believer into a dogmatic exponent of half-truths.

He came of an old and distinguished family. Born at his parents' country-place of Yasnaya Polyana, not far from Moscow, a hundred and two years ago, he was given the normal education of a Westernized Russian aristocrat.

THE BEGINNING OF THE QUEST

At sixteen he was a student at Kazan University, which at that time was perhaps the greatest seat of learning east of Berlin, and a social centre second only to St. Petersburg and Moscow. Leo preferred to spend his time in social rather than in academic duties. It seemed that there was little to distinguish him from other young men of his class. So passed three years of unreflecting gaiety and unclouded happiness. How much of a rake he was in his youth we do not know, for reformed men of his nature are apt to make themselves out to have been, worse than they were.

His study of Rousseau's works wrought a remarkable change. He started a diary that is an extraordinary record of self-study and self-criticism. He left the university, and for a while lived the life of a young squire on his own land at Yasnaya Polyana. The experiment was a failure; Tolstoy was unprepared for the task he had set himself. Disheartened, he left his farm and his serfs for a mad whirl of dissipation in Moscow. But his questioning, introspective mind could not be quietted for long. He wearied of his useless, irregular existence. He enlisted in the army, served as a subaltern in the Crimea, and was present at the storming of Sebastopol. He began to write, and started a school for peasant children.

MARRIAGE AND SERENITY.

Suddenly he fell in love with a young girl sixteen years his junior, and, after a few months of gloomy doubts, married her. Almost immediately we find him writing to his beloved cousin: "I am thirty-four now and never knew one could love like this and be happy like that... For the moment I cannot help feeling I have stolen all this bliss—far beyond my merit, beyond any law, and never at all meant for me." His wife was devoted to him, many children were born to him, his books and his successful farming increased his considerable income.

This was the period of his utmost serenity, when he believed that "one should live so as to have the best for oneself and one's family"—when vigorous Life triumphed over questioning Reason. It was the period, too, of his triumph as an artist of the production of his masterpieces. The first was the most ambitious novel that has ever appeared: a book that commandeers all Europe for its setting, is alive with whole armies of men and women, crowded with scenes and events, a mighty review of the march of generations, unfalteringly vivid and stirring—"War and Peace". The second was "Anna Karenina" —"one of the most exquisitely toned, shaded, gradated pieces of literature in fiction."

TOLSTOY'S CREED.

In middle age there came another change. He began to feel grave misgivings at the prosperous, worldly life he was leading, an intense desire for the comforts and consolations of religion. But the rites of the ancient Russian faith could not satisfy his rationalistic mind. From his own earnest study of the Gospels he evolved a new Christianity, an ethical creed that rested on Christ's injunction "Resist not evil". The realization of the message, he says, was the decisive factor in his conversion. He did not see that it would result in absurdity if driven to its logical end.

And so arose the cult of Tolstoyism, which was to assume social complexion from a chance visit to Tolstoy to the slums of Moscow. The squalor and poverty and despair he witnessed horrified him; henceforth he taught that the ownership of property was unjust and wicked.

He had no belief in a personal God nor in the divinity of Jesus, who, though his life was a pattern for all men, had no monopoly of the truth. All forms of violence were wicked. the true Christian must abstain from war and conscription, must not sit on a jury, must refuse to work for the State. And, despite the misery and oppression of the poor, he must not take part in any revolutionary activity, lest it foment hatred and issue in violence. No man must live by the work of others, nor smoke nor eat flesh nor indulge in intoxicants, for these things blunt the conscience and dim the spirit

SHAKING OFF THE PAST.

From the first these views incurred the hostility of his family with the single exception of his youngest daughter. Even his sympathetic cousin found "something like fogginess" in his ever-changing ideas, and who could wonder? His wife, the Countess Tolstoy, refused to allow him to renounce his estates and his belongings, maintaining that they should be held in trust for his children. Tolstoy accordingly assigned the whole of his property to her. He did manual work for the neighbours and lived in his wife's house as a guest.

Determined to "shake off his past like a rotten garment, impatient to don the new immaculate robe," he dressed like a peasant in the rough moujik clothes and heavy boots he made himself; he became a vegetarian and did much manual work. But he continued to live at Yasnaya Polyana, surrounded by the riches and comforts of his children. To explain this apparent inconsistency, he did not hesitate to reveal the torment in his soul, his struggles and failures to achieve the unworldliness he preached:—

"People say to me, 'If you consider that apart from the fulfilment of the Christian teaching there is no reasonable life, why do you not fulfil its commands?' I reply that I am to blame and am horrid and deserve to be despised for not fulfilling them . . . . Blame 'me,' and not the path I tread. If I know the road home, and go along it drunk staggering from side to side, does that make the road a wrong one. If I have lost my way and stagger help me, support me in the right path, as I am ready to support path, but do not baffle me, and do not rejoice that I have gone astray. . . You are also men, going home."

HIS LAST DAYS.

In the declining days of his life his indubitable sincerity, his poignant entreaties for love and justice for the poor, made him perhaps the most revered man in the world, though the Church excommunicated him and the State persecuted his disciples. To Vasnaya Polyana came pilgrims from the ends of the earth. But the estrangement between husband and wife deepend; Tolstoy became more and more obsessed with the thought of approaching death, the Countess gave way to hyteria and bitter recriminations. There were constant quarrels between his followers and the family.

At last Tolstoy decided to seek spiritual rest in flight. One dark October night in 1910 he left home secretly with his youngest daughter. But he was bowed down with the burden of his eighty-two years, and within a few days he lay dying in the office of a little remote country station. The last words in his diary were: "I see our plans have failed." He asked to be buried at Yasnaya-Polyana where his brother Nicholas was said to have buried the green stick, and as he died he cried out to those ministering to him: "There are other people suffering in the world; why do you attend only to this Leo?"

He was borne to Yasnaya at the head of a mile-long procession of simple mourners, and there interred without a Christian service, though he had ever tried to follow the Christian doctrine of love and sanctity. The time is not yet to pass final judgment on Tolstoy, the greatest of Russians. The last words he spoke were: "To escape . . To escape." He has been called the Rousseau of the Russian Revolution: "It would have happened, no doubt, in some form or other, if he had never been born, but not in the form it has taken. His ideas, however much misapplied, inspire it."

TURCO ART THEATRE.

—:o:—

ITS CULTURAL IMPORTANCE.

(Through U. S. S. R. Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Counsels.)

The formal foundations of the Turco theatre were laid in 1873 with a charity performance. But the tsarist power did not exist in order to enable any such cultural beginnings to develop. On the contrary, it adopted every possible means of strangling initiative, and suppressing the various amateur groupes, students, teachers and liberal-intelligentzia groups, springing up every now and then during the next fifty years and wilting under the pressure of the tsarist gendarmerie. However, despite severe repression and persecution the fifty-year struggle of the Turco theatre for its existence was not wasted. In the course of time a popular theatre was formed from amateur circles, afterwards producing a talented body of actors, gaining theatrical experience in the process of practical work—school there were none at that time. During the same period signs of a cultural life and further development of theatrical art were in every way suppressed by the violent policy of the tsarist autocracy. The Turco theatre only gained the power of free development after the October Revolution, and only then could the Turco actor and actress develop their creative forces. The rate of cultural development intensified and ten years of united work entirely changed the face of the theatre.

TURCOMAN ACTRESSES.

The Turco theatre, which had never before seen women even in the audience (or at the best shut up in curtained boxes), not to speak, of the stage itself, and which had always allotted women's parts to men, created and trained the Turco actress. Almost all the world's dramatic classics have been performed on its stage. Throughout these years the work of Turco theatre has been of a research-nature, a latoratory in which uninterrupted creative work has been going on for the bringing to light and cultivation of a natural style and for an international revolutionary content, determining the theatre's general line.

SALIENT FEATURES.

The chief points characterising the work of the theatre during the last ten years are: the struggle gainst orthodovy, which is a oe of extraordinary strength in he East; and the struggle for the confirmation of revolutionary chievements throughout the East or the new life, and living conditions.

AZERBAIDJAN THEATRE.

The Turco Art theatre of Azerbaidjan, situated on the threshold of the East, has the historic mission of being also the exponent of theatrical culture throughout the Near East.

The Turco Art Theatre has raised the full seriousness of this mission and all its activities are guided by the desire to embrace as fully as possible and to realise practically this directing function.

The tour of the U.S.S.R. by the Turco theatre is a result of this work. This tour, and especially the participation of the Theatre in the Pan-Union Olympiad of National Theatres, will be of special importance for the Turco Art Theatre.

By taking part in the Pan-Union Olympiad as a competitor the theatre will at the same time contribute its own experience, and have an opportunity to get more closely acquainted with the achievements and experience of the national theatres in other fraternal Soviet republics and to make use in its own future work of the manifold opportunities afforded by the exchange of cultural values.

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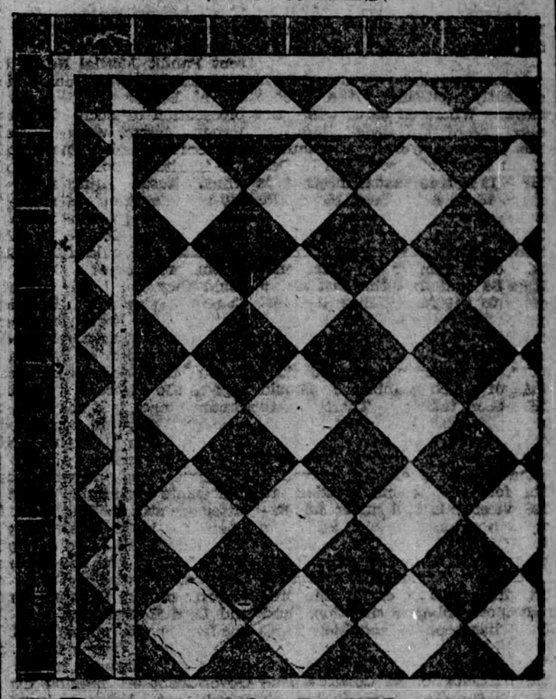

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GOVERNMENT ON THE WAR-PATH.

"Leader" On The Delhi Ban.

Under the caption "Another Blunder", the "Leader" of Allahabad writes:—

There is some evil fate that is evidently pursuing the peace move. Where on earth was the necessity of the declaration of the Congress Working Committee as an unlawful association in Delhi? It is true that a meeting is about to be held there, but where is the harm? How could the Chief Commissioner anticipate what attitude the meeting might take on a number of questions? If it be said that the past is a guide to the future, may we inquire what catastrophic consequences have followed the Committee's last meeting at Bombay? Besides, events have happened since then of which cognizance should have been taken. There have been the consultations at Yerrowda between the most important of Congress leaders and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr Jayakar. The former's communication to the Viceroy is still under his Excellency's consideration, and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Jayakar are at Simla conferring with Lord Irwin on the best means of bringing about an end of the present most unhappy situation. Lord Irwin has been so genuinely anxious to facilitate a return of the country to normal conditions and the participation of Congress leaders in the Conference in London that he made special arrangements for a conference between Mahatma Gandhi and Pandits Motilal and Jawaharlal Nehru. Yet, what have the Government as distinguished from the Viceroy been doing? They declared the Congress Working Committee an unlawful association in the United Provinces and needlessly sent Pandit Motilal Nehru to jail. They made a vexatious police order at Bombay followed by the prosecution of such leaders as Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and the inevitable police 'lathi' charge which caused injuries to about 250 peaceful men. And they have now taken a fresh offensive and declared the Congress Working Committee an unlawful association in the province of Delhi. Why could they not have given the Committee, which includes a number of new members a chance of taking a reasoned view of the situation as it is in the light of the Congress leaders' message to the Viceroy? In all the circumstances, is it the fault of observers if they are compelled to the conclusion that the Viceroy and the Government do not mean the same thing and while the former wants honourable peace the latter are still spoiling for a fight? There are in India so many Englishmen, official and unofficial, the beneficed and the unbeneficed bureaucracy', who are the counterparts of Mr. Winston Churchill and Lord Rothermere, and they are having the upper hand. The well-meaning Viceroy has apparently little chance in his own Government of making his ideas prevail not being endowed with the strength of a Curzon as an administrator. We wonder if goodness must always be accompanied by weakness and ineffectuality. We have not a word to say of support of the order of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi.

DEVELOPMENT OF INDIAN BANKING.

—:o:—

Co-operative Banks & Swadeshi Movement.

Under the auspices of the Broach Urban Co-operative Bank, Ltd., Rao Saheb V. C. Jadav, B.A., a leading banker of Surat, delivered a public lecture at Broach in the Shapurji Broach Public Hall lately on "Development of Banking". Mr. Maganlal Choksey, a leading pleader of Broach, presided. The lecturer explained in details the findings of the Bombay Provincial Banking Inquiry Committee with special reference to their recommendations regarding development of Urban Peoples' Banks' movement. He gave very interesting statistics regarding the deposits of Indian Joint Stock Banks, Imperial Bank of India and the deposits received in India by Exchange Banks. He explained the stupendous figures of the total deposits of these Exchange Banks and the astounding figures of deposits received by the big five Banks of England and the difficulties of competing in business with people who had such gigantic resources at their command. He maintained that unless India organized thoroughly its banking resources and promoted banks in various taluka and market towns and built up very strong and efficient institutions it would be futile to think of industrial development.

He added that the Congress had been doing a wonderful propaganda for inducing people to boycott foreign articles and foreign institutions and had created in the minds of our people a keen desire to purchase only Indian articles and to deal only with Indian Institutions; and this propaganda had done very useful work indeed but unless there were banks to financially back up the various industries that were in existence and that might hereafter be started, all the enerfies would have been wasted and the needs of people would not be satisfied.

The president gave very interesting story of his experiences in France, where every business was organized and had an association of its own and each association had its own bank. He suggested that if in India every trade and industry had its own association and each such association had its own Bank registered under the Co-operative Societies Act and if these Banks federated themselves into a Co-operative Central Urban Bank, it would be a great boon for the development of the trade and industries of India, and in that way India would be able to bring into existence industries, which would satisfy the needs of the people, thus giving employment to millions of the unemployed.

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WAR COUNCIL AT SURAT

—:o:—

To Speed Up Congress Work.

(From Our Correspondent).

SURAT, Aug. 26.

A meeting of the local Congress Committee was held yesterday "in camera" and it has resolved to establish a "War Council" on the model of the Bombay "War Council" to speed up Congress Work.

The first "War Council" will consist of a President, a Secretary and the editor of the "Congress Bulletin". The first president is Mr. Ratanlal Khandwala, the scion of a rich and well-known family of Surat who is taking an active part in the movement in the city. It is understood that many others are ready to follow him to go to jail if the "War Council" is arrested.

For the present the "War Council" is said to be making preparations for celebrating the "Garhwal Day" and for hoisting the national flag on the local Government High School. A separate Council Boycott Committee has been also appointed and both will carry on a strong mass movement in the City and the District against the Councils.

—:o:—

"When Knights Were Bold" At Patha

"When Knights were Bold," an established stage success for many years, has been made into one of the funniest films yet produced in England—a film that is funnier than the play. The story briefly told runs as follows:—

The trouble with the Hon. Guy de Vere, young and rich, was his relations. He was glad that he came of an ancient and glorious line; he was glad to receive notification telling him that he had succeeded to the de Vere baronetcy, but he was glum when he thought of his relatives. At Beechwood castle the de Vere relatives awaited in all their majesty the arrival of the new head of the family. Guy was very depressed. Being modern, however, and of a cheerful disposition he deluded himself in believing that he could cheer things up, but it did not work. There was, however, one very distant relation who kept him from getting really morbid, and that was Lady Rowena. The crisis came when in a moment of forgetfulness Sir Guy slid down the bannisters with one of the housemaids. He was sent to Coventry. His cup filled to the brim, but not with sorrow; Sir Guy got drunk! He dreams of the days when Knights were bold and in true knightly fashion he downs his enemies and saves the "faire Ladye." On recovering and still with the effects of the dream upon him, he forces all the de Veres to go back to the good old days, to their sorrow, alack! And Sir Guy in triumph carries off the Lady Rowena. The relations have to admit that the modern knight wins the day.

UNDERTOW AT WELLINGTON.

—:o:—

A terrific drama of pent-up human emotions unbashed within the confining walls of a lovely lighthouse with Mary Wolau, the screen's most lovely star, playing the most triumphant role of her entire career, is the star attraction at the "Wellington Talkies" this week. "Undetow" is the story of a girl who married for love, and who spent five years in a lonely lighthouse with the man she loved. But she loved pleasure and gaiety, too; crowds and music, and dancing, and the bright lights she could dimly see far away ashore. The beautiful young wife grown hungry for the life of the city; the husband gone blind from an old injury—and "the other man" stealing his wife under the husband's sightless eyes form a great theme for one of the most sensational dramas of the year. It is superb in its compelling interest, superb in its intense appeal. It's a Universal all-talking picture directed by Harry Pollard, the creator of "Showboat." The programme includes another short drama of great interest and two reels of a hilarious comedy.

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POLICE AND THE GONDS.

—:o:—

Serious Situation Arisen

BETUL, (C. P.) Aug. 28.

A very serious disturbance took place on the 22nd inst. at Banjaridhal in Betul District as a sequel to the arrest of a Gond Worker.

It is reported that about 1000 gonds including women and children of the surrounding area had met to consider the question of joining the Congress in connection with Forest Satyagraha. In the midst of the meeting two head constables, and two forest guards appeared on the scene and wanted to arrest a local worker named Ganjan. The worker was quite prepared to surrender to the police but the people insisted that he should be arrested after the meeting was over. The head constable insisted on immediate arrest. It is also said that he slapped one or two women who were intervening between the worker and the police and also brandished his rifle. A disturbance ensued and the head constable, one constable and one forest guard were injured and later one constable was found to be missing.

EIGHT ROUNDS FIRED

The news was telegraphed to the Betul headquarters and the Deputy Commissioner, District Superintendent of Police and a Circle Inspector with a band of armed police immediately motored to the scene. In the morning they surrounded the village and demanded the surrender of the worker. On hearing this news people of the village including women and children collected in a maidan to hear the departing message of their leader who was quite prepared to surrender. The inhabitants wanted the worker to be arrested after a few parting words but the Circle Inspector insisted on immediate arrest. Some people resisted the arrest and the circle Inspector began firing with a pistol. The people began to beat the officer. At this juncture the constables together with the D. S. P., who were surrounding the village came on the scene and fired eight rounds in succession on the crowd. The inhabitant all fled away in panic leaving the Circle Inspector who was removed to headquarters injured. The exact number of casualties is not yet known but it is believed that the number is quite large.

When the news of firing reached the surrounding villages some 3000 people gathered in the village and the police retired for reinforcements.

SITUATION SERIOUS.

The Inspector General of Police from Nagpur, the Commissioner of the Division, the Deputy Commissioner and the D. S. P. with a force of 300 armed constables have arrived here and are camping a few miles away from the village. The Gonds numbering about 2000 have all fled from the village into the neighbouring dense government forest. It is rumoured that excited bands of gonds from other villages are still joining them.—Free Press.

MR. SHIKHARE PREVENTED FROM SPEAKING.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

MIRAJ, Aug. 28.

Prof. Abhyankar of Sangli was negotiating with the Chief Saheb and Shrimant Tattyasaheb regarding withdrawal of the Jahirnama. He was promised a reply regarding their decision of the cancellation of the Jahirwala within a week. As there was no reply from the Chief Saheb, Mr. Shikhare declared his programme of Swadeshi lectures in Miraj and other villages. His first place of lecture was at Malgaon, a village 6 miles from Miraj yesterday morning. It is reported that the Mamlatdar called some people from the villages and warned them not to attend Mr. Shikhare's lectures. Mr. Shikhare was also called by the Mamlatdar, asked to stop his tour. Mr. Shikhare told him that he was going on only Swadeshi propaganda work. He went to Malgaon yesterday. The Mamlatdar with a police force went there. At the time of meeting a number of Mahars and Sanadi disturbed the meeting by beating of drums, "Jhanj" and "Halgis." This had no effect on the audience of about 800 people. In the evening there was a meeting at Ganpati Tank in Miraj where also Mahars and Dhangars were kept and beating of drums was resorted to the Mahars abused Mahatma Gandhi, Nehruji and others so as to incite the mob and create communal tension. On seeing this, Mr. Shikhare changed his place and the meeting was held in Dr. Bhadkamkar's house. Attempts were made to disturb mob here but proved fruitless. Mr. Shikhare has for some time postponed his tour as there is likely to be provocation to communal spirit.

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AN AMAZING DRAMA OF CONFLICTING PASSIONS AND STORMY EMOTIONS

"The Other Man" stealing the wife under the Husband's sightless eyes! A Great Climax showing a tense struggle between Love and Passion.

MARY NOLAN PLAYS THE MOST TRIUMPHANT ROLE OF HER CARRER IN

TO-NIGHT **UNDERTOW** THIS WEEK

Universal's All-Talking Drama Directed by Harry Pollard, the Creator of "SHOW BOAT"

VIBRANT WITH THE HEART THROBS OF A WOMAN'S LOVE. ALSO AN ALL-TALKING MUSICAL COMEDY AND THE LATEST SCREEN GAZETTE.

TWO SHOWS DAILY—6-30 & 10 P. M. SATURDAY AND SUNDAY MATINEE AT 4 P. M.

WELLINGTON TALKIES DHOBI TALAO.

SEE NELSON KEYS DEFEND THE CASTLE

WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

BIGGER AND BETTER THAN THE STAGE PLAY SUCCESS

YOU HAVE SEEN NOTHING FUNNIER ON THE SCREEN

Two Reel All Talking Comedy and Pathe Super Gazette

THE FINEST THEATRE IN ALL INDIA.

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LAMINGTON ROAD.

To-day at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

NELSON KEYS

IN

WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

The CAPITOL

TO-DAY and TOMORROW at 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

Ahoy! The Joy Fleet is in Port!

William HAINES

with ANITA PAGE IN KARL DANE J. C NUGENT

Cancel every date! Bill Haines is in port! He's a gob—and you won't be able to resist him in his first talking comedy riot! On the bounding main he's not so much, but just give him a girl and a seagoing taxi!

A CLARENCE BROWN production.

HAINES' FIRST All-Talking All-Laughing Picture!

Also CHARLEY CHASE All-Talking Two-Part Comedy.

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer ALL TALKING PICTURE

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3-30, 6-15 and 9-45 p.m.

Thus wrote a great man:—

.....Here is a play to tear your heart out... See it, by all means.
.....it is a rare and profoundly affecting experience. I recom-
.....mend it in all personal gratitude.

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The ultimate in All talking screen entertainment, tensely dramatic! Simple small talk, lustly humour, pathos, and heart-breaking gallantry. Absolutely perfect in its reproduction of the atmosphere of the trenches

REAL TALK, REAL EMOTION, REAL MEN

EMPIRE THEATRE

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Here Comes The Bride! With No Husband to guide her!

"SLIGHTLY USED"

featuring MAY MCAVOY and CONRAD NAGEL.

She was a widow, but her husband wasn't dead. She was engaged and then her husband appeared!

Critics Became Press Agents When "CHANG" Crashed In:

"Chang" has captured the jungle and its natives and wild beasts and all the unbelievable drama that dwells therein. Here is a mighty picture.

Motion Picture Magazine. Here is one of those rare pictures that make history; that will be filed away and kept for future generations in the libraries and school archives.

Newspaper Enter. Asso.

I believe that this film, made in the jungles of Siam, without a single trained actor and with hardly any human characters will be one of the tremendous success of the year—Cinema Art.

If in a few words you'd like me to tell you what I think of "Chang" I'll say it's thrilling, incredible, a picture that just must be seen.

—New York Telegarm.

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Sandhurst Road.

5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. Daily 4 shows.

Saturday, Sunday and Friday Matinees at 3-30 p.m.

An Epic of the Eternal Struggle between Man and Beast in the Jungle.

"C-H-A-N-G"

You'll wonder at the Iron Nerves of Jungl Men, Women and Children living, side by side with the most ferocious Beasts of creation—sometimes killing, sometimes being killed by them!

Also Showing 2 REELS ROLLICKING COMEDY.

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DAILY CHANGE OF PICTURES!

SAT. Aug. 30	AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P. M. **ACROSS TO SINGAPORE** with RAMON NOVARRO and JOAN CRAWFORD
SUN. Aug. 31	AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P. M. **CAMERAMAN** with BUSTER KEATON

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY AT 10 A. M.
PROF. DEODHAR'S
HINDUSTANI JALSA

"O Destiny! you myriad—minded courtesan,
To-day you smile,
To-morrow ruin the man
Transformest thou a beggar
Into royal Potentate
Subscribest inscrutable
Writs on life's slate."

But without fortune's favour or from here a peasant forges his own way.

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DESTINY AT PLAY

A romantic and adventurous version of a life like story of a pleasant youth.

CHIEF CHARACTERS.

Miss KUMUDINI, Mr. THOMAS Mr. VAIDYA.

Setting:—By FIIDA ALLY

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TIME 5, 7, 9, 11

SATURDAY and SUNDAY EXTRA SHOW AT 3 P. M.

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DON'T MISS.

DAILY four shows at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.

EXTRA SHOWS on Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays at 3-0 p.m.

TO-NIGHT

Vishnu Cinema presents

New Excelsior's Production

KAMALE SHAMSHIR

Featuring

MISS MAHTAB AND MR. KHAN

Also STAGE DANCE

By Miss BEGUM.

Time AS USUAL.

VISHNU CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE, New Churney Road.

RUNNING RUNNING RUNNING

MOUNTING ON THE CRATER OF A SCCIAL VOLCANO---A HINDOO WIDOW DANCES TO THE TUNE OF DEATH.

SHOWING SHOWING SHOWING

And then flows the roaring, burning, bristling lava of an atrocious society, engulfing all her aspirations, consuming every atom of her surging soul, sucking her very life-blood, effacing her out of social being and finally casting her ashore on a heap of wicked vices, only to be picked up by moral decrepits who lead her into a lifeless life.

But when the heart stings, and the inner self Revolts, Lo! She throws the Gauntlet and straight flies into the Arms of her Redeemer.

A Masterpiece story—by the well-known Mr. K. M. MUNSHI—politician and Advocate.

WHOSE FAULT

Human hounds hunt after her, crooks confound her, the guardians of her chastity chastise her, because she, after the death of her husband whom she never knew, dares to open heart before a lover the flood-gates of her.

A hurricane of Harrowing episodes, a dashing torrent of tempestuous sentiments, a confounding clash of Heart & Reason, all animated on the screen

A Social revolutionary picture-play presenting, Miss. GULAB in a highly emotional role.

by SHRI KRISHNA FILM COMPANY.

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TIME 3-30, 6-30 9-30. No show on Monday and Tuesday.

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POONA DAY BY DAY.

GANESH FESTIVAL BEGINS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug 28.

The "British Misrule Week" is proceeding with its daily programme. The first day was the "Jail Brutalities Day". The second day was the "Martial Law Day" After the "Prabhat Feri", street-corner lectures were delivered at a number of places and they were very largely attended. The police took down the names of the speakers at one centre. Pamphlets in Marathi dealing with the significance of the Day and its name are flooded in the city and the Youth League bulletin appears to be daily issued. Recently, the bulletin contain some pictures. Yesterday evening, one volunteer selling the bulletin was taken to the Police Chowk and all copies in his possession were confiscated by the Police.

In the evening on the second Day, a procession was formed in the Shivaji Mandir and paraded through the backward parts of the city and returned to the Mandir, where a public meeting was held under the presidentship of Mr. Chikerar. Mr. Karnik, Mr. Purandare, Mr. Pashankar, the new dictator of the City Congress Committee, Mr. Deshpande of the Satyagraha Shibir and others spoke on the history of the Martial Law regimes in Sholapur and at Peshawar. After the singing of the National Song, the meeting was over.

On the third pamphlets describing the injustice done to India were distributed widely. In the evening, a public meeting was held on the Tilak Memorial grounds under the presidentship of Mr. K. N. Phadke in memory of the day. Mr. D. V. Divekar spoke first. He condemned the ungentlemanly conduct of some members of the public towards some C.I.D. men who were roughly handled during the two previous days. About the "British Injustice Day", he said: "Every self-conscious nation has the right of self-government. The history of the British connection with India was a series of injustices, brokers pledges."

Mr. S. N. Agashe of the "Kesari"—"Maharatta" delivered his maiden speech. He referred to the passing of the Criminal Law Amendment Act and pointed out how unjust its application was! He was followed by Mr. Pandit, the dictator, and many other young speakers. The President, in winding up the meeting, read out the bulletin copies of which had been confiscated by the Police.

CITY CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

Mr. H. V. Tulpule has nominated Mr. K. G. Pashankar as his successor in the City Congress Committee. It is said that a list of about two dozen names has been made up, who are willing to offer themselves for the dictatorship of the Congress Committee.

The news of the arrest of the members of the Working Committee in Delhi reached Poona this morning. The shops were immediately closed. And even the Reay Market is to be closed tomorrow in honour of the Working Committee and also of the sentence of Mr. Tulpule.

GANESH FESTIVAL.

Wednesday was the first day of the Ganesh festival which is the most inspiring in the whole of Maharashtra. In the morning on the day, the idols of Ganpati were ceremoniously installed at all the fixed public places which are beautifully decorated.. Almost at every important corner, there is a public Ganapati. On account of the Civil Disobedience movement, the public mind is hardly in a state to celebrate the yearly festival with splendour. There are a few 'Melas', no doubt. But there is a sort of gloomy pall spread on the activities of the festival. Lectures before the 'Ganpatis' are few other programmes also are carried out more from a sense of the religious observance of the festival than with abounding enthusiasm which marks the festival usually. An occasional entertainment is provided to the public in the midst of this melancholy atmosphere. For example, last night Mr. D. V. Potdar B.Sc. treated the Shivaji Mandir public to his art of mimicry. This, however, is like an exception that proves the rule. In the "Kesari" office, too, there is a very mild programme for the festival days and it does not go beyond 'Kirtans' and Pravachans'. The public gaze and mind are occupied with the movement rather than on the festival . The whole amious picture is touched with the sorry feeling created by the news of Pandit Motilal's serious illness.

LABOUR PARTY CONFERENCE.

Miss Susan Lawrence To Preside.

UNEMPLOYMENT TO FORM MAIN DEBATE.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Rugby.—Miss Susan Lawrence, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Health, presides at the 30th Annual Conference of the Labour Party which opens at Llandudno on October 6th. This is the first time in the history of the Conference that a woman has been elected to the chair. The principal debate during the Conference will be on the unemployment question, resolutions having been tabled demanding a bold policy by the Government.—B. O. W.

Artillery Registration In Peshawar.

PESHAWAR, Aug. 28.

Certain villages within six miles radius of Peshawar Cantonment have been warned that artillery registration would be made at some points to ascertain ranges, necessitating some evacuation to avoid danger and risks. The order has not yet been actually enforced, as Afridis are still holding a jirgah in Tirah to-morrow.—A. P.

HOTTEST AUGUST DAY IN 19 YEARS.

London's Strange Experience.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

The shade temperature in London at four this afternoon was 93.5 degrees, to-day being thus hottest August day in 19 years.—Reuter.

UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM.

Ministers' Conference Busy.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Rugby.—No authoritative statement on the Conference of Ministers with the leaders of the Liberal Party in regard to unemployment is likely to be made at present, but the work of the Conference is proceeding. The Prime Minister, who returns to Lossiemouth to-morrow, consulted with Mr. Lloyd George yesterday on the progress made.—B. O. W.

Stock Markets Improve.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Rugby.—The marked improvement in the tone of stock markets which was noticeable on Tuesday became more pronounced yesterday and this morning, when the stock exchange opened, the firm tone continued. Various theories including rumours of possible political development or improvement in the economic situation are advanced to account for the sudden change as a result of which home railway stocks and leading industrial shares showed remarkable recovery.—B. O. W.

Explosions Follow Fire At Henden.

LONDON, Aug. 28

Rugby.—Considerable alarm was caused last night at Hendon when a fire preceded by a number of explosions broke out in a aeroplane accessories manufacturers premises, but no serious personal injuries were suffered. Prompt work by the fire brigade prevented the fire from spreading to two of the chambers where celluloid was stored and to storehouses containing benzine and other highly inflamable material.—B. O. W.

King Entertains 400 Wounded Ex-Servicemen.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Rugby.—As large number of wounded ex-servicemen were entertained at Buckingham Palace this afternoon at the invitation of the King. This is the first of a series of such parties to be held there, every week during the coming month, as has been customary every year since the War. 400 guests were to-day conveyed to the Palace in motor coaches from various hospitals under the aegis of the Ministry of Pensions.—B. O.W.

A JIRGA WITH HAJI OF TURANGZAI.

Lashkars Concentrate In Khost.

AEROPLANE FIRED AT

PESHAWAR, Aug. 28.

The friendly Ha.unzai and Tarakzai Mohmands of Peshawar District border have gone to hold a Jirga with the Haji of Turangzai, and the hostiles of the Upper Mohmand country. It is understood that the Tirah Afridi, Malliks and elders intend holding a separate Friday Jirga at Bagh. While actual hostilities have slackened in Kurram, reports continue to be received of the concentration of variou Mangal and other lashkars in Khost. Saifali and the Pipali Kabul Khel Wazir lashkar has now been definitely located in Shawl.

A reconnaissance aeroplane was fired at by the lashkar and the pilot was slightly wounded in the leg. The pilot retaliated successfully. The lashkar has sent in two emissaries to Miranshah to demand: (1) the repeal of the Sarda Act, (2) non-interference in religious matters, (3) modification of post-mortem rules and (4) release of Congress prisoners and freedom to hold meetings.

Item three is described by the emissaries as prompted by the belief that the heart is removed from the body by doctors for medical purposes. Uncorroborated reports state that the Zadrans are now collecting a lashkar to attack Tochi. Laer details show that two squadrons of the Royal Air Force carried out a demonstration flight over Mohmand Safi and Ambhar territory yesterday to impress the jirgas believed to be in progress in those areas.

PATROLS MADE OVER KURRAM DIST.

Nothing unusual was seen. Patrols were made during the day over Kurram district. Hostiles are still in position near Kharlachi and they fired some shots at aircraft. Air action has not yet been taken. Reconnaissance aircraft patrols north of Miranshah reported 150 men with 400 animals moving east towards Spinwan. These were believed to be part of a lashkar moving down to attack Spinwan on Mranshah. Confirmatory reports have not been received and no air action was taken yesterday.

The lashkar rumoured to be in Shawal recently was located yesterday in Bariala Kogod and was attacked by two flights of aircraft from Miranshah. Bombs were seen to obtain casualties. One pilot was slightly wounded by shots fired from a neighbouring hill. Reconnaissances over other areas report no activity.—A. P.

Standing Crops Attached For Fine.

MALKAPUR, Aug. 27.

In order to recover fines from Satyagrahis a Mahomedan Naib Tashildar went to Shelgoan and Datala with attachment warrants. He took Panchas with him.

At Shelgoan he could not recover any thing from the houses of the Satyagrahis and hence he attached the standing crops of the Satyagrahi's brother.

At Datala he could not recover anything.—Free Press.

National Flag On Dohad Local Board Offices.

(From A Correspondent).

DOHAD, Aug. 27.

Mr. Sukhadev Trivedi, the Secretary of the Local Congress Committee, and a member of the Local Board moved a resolution that the National Flag be hoisted on the Board Office pemises. After a lively debate the members passed the resolution with a clear majority. The crowd which had gathered outside received the news with deafening cries of Vande Mataram.

The Flag was hoisted on the 23rd inst., with due ceremony and a short speech by Mr. L. M. Shrikant, the president of the Dist. Congress Committee.

Pandit Malaviyaji and Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel, while on their way to Delhi, addressed a meeting at the station on the 25th inst.

PIR PAGARO CONVICTED

Sentenced To Aggregate Period Of 10 Years.

PUT IN "B" CLASS.

KARACHI, Aug. 29.

The Pir of Pagaro has been sentenced to an aggregate period of ten years' imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2,000 at Sukkur. In the first case under the Arms Act he was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and, in the second, five years' and a fine of Rs. 1,000, the sentences to run concurrently.

For wrongful confinement in the first case he was sentenced to three years' imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 and in the second case to two years' imprisonment.

The accused has been classified as a "B" class prisoner.—A. P.

BENGAL POLICE INSPECTOR GENERAL SHOT.

Seriously Injured In Dacca.

DACCA, Aug. 29.

Mr. F. J. Lawman, Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, and Mr. E. Hodson, Superintendent of Police, Dacca, were shot at while they were leaving Mitford Hospital, Dacca, this morning. Both were seriously injured.

(Later.)—Mr. Lowman was shot in the left loin. The bullet is apparently in the spine. Mr. Hodson was shot in the right buttock. No operation has yet been performed, but it may be necessary. The condition of both is serious.—A. P.

DETAILS ABOUT DACCA OUTRAGE.

Two Bengali Youths Arrested.

DACCA, Aug. 29.

Mr. Lowman and Mr. Hodson were shot at the Mitford Hospital compound at 9-30 this morning with a revolver. Both received serious injuries. It is reported that the two police officers went to the hospital prior to a projected visit to the institution by Lady Stephenson. They first went to the European ward to see the Superintendent of the River Police of Narayanganj who had a stroke of apoplexy in Government House last night. From there both Mr. Lowman and Mr. Hodson poceeded to the office of the Superintendent of the hospital, and as they were entering the building a young Bengali came walking towards them and fired shots first at Mr. Hodson and then at Mr. Lowman from a distance of about fifty feet. Both fell. The contractor of the hospital chased the young man, and caught him but he managed to escape leaving the revolver and his slippers. Both the officers were removed to the operation theatre of the hospital and attended to by Col. Bomford and Surgeon to the Governor who is now at Dacca. Two Bengali youths have been arrested.—A. P.

NEW JAIL FOR POLITICAL PRISONERS.

Built At Kharagpur.

KHARAGPUR, August 29.

A new jail for political prisoners has built here and Mr. M. B. Dutt, Deputy Magistrate of Hoogly, has been appointed as the Superintendent.—Free Press.

Congress Leaders Sentenced.

A correspondent wires from Yeotmal, August 28:—

Messrs. Gangadharrao Aney and Vithalrao Charegaonkar, both prominent workers in Jawla Darwan Taluk, have been tried under Section 117, I.P.C., by Mr. Pande, Sub-Divilonal Magistrate and sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment each.—A. P.

Moulvi Ahmad To Visit Nasik.

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

"The Hon. Maulvi Rafiuddin Ahmad, Minister of Education, will visit Nasik on September 2 and will address a public meeting of Muhammadans in the evening on the present political situation. At the close of the meeting the Hon. Minister will confer with those present on a proposal to start an Urdu Dal's class in connection with the hospital. He will leave Nasik on September 3.

COMPLETE BREAK-DOWN OF PEACE-PARLEYS?

R. T C Not To Be Postponed,

"PROCEEDINGS TO BE INFLUENCED BY CONGRESS ATTITUDE."

LONDON, Aug. 28.

It is no longer denied in official circles says the London Correspondent of the Free Press of India that the peace parleys have definitely failed as far as immediate results are concerned. No agreement has been reached or is found possible between the Government and the Congress leaders with the result that there is to be no suspension of hostilities. The Round Table Conference, if it meets, will have to meet under the shadow of civil disobedience and repression and without the Congress leaders.

The secret of the failure of the peace parleys is not a carefully guarded secret. The break down has occurred not over a question of procedure but over the basic principles of next constitutional advance. The Congress leaders, it is stated, demanded a clear and explicit statement of the expression in the Viceroy's letter to the Peace delegates, namely 'to assist the people of India to obtain as large a degree of management of their own affairs as can be shown to be consitsent with making provision for those matters in regard to which they are not at present in a position to assume responsibilities.' The Congress leaders also wanted a pledge from the Labour Government that they would commit themselves but not Parliament to support a scheme of reforms which would embody what the Viceroy implied by the expression that he used.

If agreement had been reached on this essential aspect of the question, it was admitted, no difficulty was likely to have been experienced in regard to issues of secondary importance as to suspension of civil disobedience, repeal of repressive laws, release of prisoners representation at the Conference etc. But the attitude that His Majesty's Government and the Viceroy took, it is said, is that no assurance implied or explicit could be given in regard to the lines of advance which the Conference may decide upon as position of His Majesty's Government has been throughout that it is the business of the Conference to formulate the principles of next advance on a consideration of all materials before the Conference including the Nehru report and the Simon Commission report.

CONGRESS POSITION CLEARED.

The Congress leaders it is said had however made it clear to the Peace delegates personally as well as by letter that under no circumstances the leaders could recommend to the Congress Working Committee a suspension of Civil Disobedience without an explicit assurance in regard to the basic principles of next advance. The Congress leaders were prepared to enter the Round Table Conference with a clear knowledge that they had to agree to safeguards and reservations before the establishment of a fully national Government became a 'fait accompli' in due course of time. This brought the Congress leaders as far as their demands went to the stand taken by the Indian Liberals at their Madras session under the presidency of the Hon. Sir Phiroze Sethna. But the leaders declined to undertake the responsibility to scrap the Civil Disobedience campaign and to enter the Round Table Conference with no assurances than what the Viceroy found possible to convey in his letter to the Peace delegates,

The Congress leaders as well as the Peace delegates appear to have anticipated that His Majesty's Government might take the stand which they have now taken.

It appears therefore to have been proposed as an alternative that in the event of the inability of the Labour Government to give the Congress leaders the assurances demanded the Government might proceed with the task of holding the Conference without the Congress leaders and with hostilities on the side of both the Government and the Congress in full swing.

As soon as the Round Table Conference meets, a proposition may be moved that the Conference is of opinion that the scheme of constitutional advance to be framed or considered by the Conference shall be based on the principle of establishment of Dominion Status in India with reservations that shall be embodied in the preamble to the new Reform Act. If such a proposition is moved at the first sittings of the Conference and is unanimously accepted by the Conference then it is stated the Congress leaders have expressed their readiness to reconsider the question of Congress participation in the Conference.

BRITISH PARTY LEADERS TO ABSTAIN.

In view of the fact that no declaration of policy which would affect the Indian situation for the removing of the existing tension can be made before the Conference considers the question it is regarded as a certainty that the Conference will meet this year and that there will be no postponement. The only quarter from which any suggestion for postponement can be made with prospect of success is the Government of India. The Free Press of India reliably learns that no such suggestion has been made by the Government of India up to the moment of telegraphing.

Meanwhile the announcement that none of the British party leaders would be represented at the Round Table Conference is viewed with dismay in political circles. Opinion in Government circles is that the decision of the Opposition leaders to refrain from personal participation in Conference defeats the object of all party representation in the British delegation as in the absence of the leaders of the Opposition parties the authority of any all party decision by the British delegation would not carry the same weight which it would otherwise carry. It appears that this decision is more or less a corollary of the Congress leaders to abstain from the Conference. In the circumstances the Opposition leaders have decided on abstention so that their freedom to regulate their attitude towards the Indian question according to the attitude of the Congress and subsequent developments may remain unfettered. It is evident that the course of the Round Table Conference would be influenced at every stage by the attitude which the Congress leaders take and also by the strength or weakness of the Congress in India.

The personnel of the delegations to the Round Table Conference is expected to be announced during September in any case.—Free Press Beam Service.

WORKERS' STRIKE IN BUENOS AIRES.

Cabinet Discusses Situation.

MACHINE-GUNS ON PRESIDENT'S HOUSE-TOP.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Buenos Aires.—General discontent among workers, of whom Telephone operators have already declared 24 hours' strike had led to extraordinary precautions by the authorities. The Cabinet has met specially to discuss the situation in the house of President Irigoyen the roof of which is bristling with machine-guns.

Troops are standing by, prepared to intervene.—Reuter.

Bengal Congress Secretary Arrested

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28.

Sjt. Hemchandra Ghose, Secretary of the B. P. C. C., was arrested to-day and placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate under Section 124-A in connection with the issue of an appeal to students. The case stands adjourned.—Free Press.

"POSTPONEMENT IS EQUAL TO DEATH".

"Justice" On R. T. C.

MADRAS, August 29.

"Time is the essence of the entire arrangement and a conference postponed is a conference killed", comments the 'Justice' on the proposal of the postponements of the Round Table Conference. 'Peace can never be restored till the political evolution of the country has been satisfactorily settled. We shall not plead for holding a Round Table Conference at an early date, or for holding it at all. It seems to us it is more the concern of Great Britain than that of India. If Great Britain wants peaceful conditions in the country, it knows how to proceed."—Free Press.

GIRLS TO BE PENALISED

For Hoisting National Flag.

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 27.

Mr. Gidwani, Educational Inspector of Northern Division, has recorded the statements of all those girl students of the Government Girls High School who had taken prominent part in hoisting the National Flag in school building. It is understood that educational authorities contemplate dismissing these girls from the school.

In the meantime a statement has been issued signed by Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Lady Vidyagavri and Mrs. Saraladevi Ambalal, condemning the attitude of the authorities, appealing to students to boycott that school and promising to make adequate arrangements for the girl students in other schools. A meeting was consequently held at the residence of Miss T. Mehta where about hundred girls were present. It was resolved to unanimously to leave that school and to start picketing at the entrance.—Free Press.

GIRL STUDENTS PICKET AHMEDABAD SCHOOL.

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 29.

The lady students of the Government Girls' High School, some of whom have been rusticated for hoisting and saluting the National Flag in the compound of the school commenced picketing the school from to-day. A few students, however, entered the school despite the picketing.—A. P.

Volunteers Jailed For Approaching Police.

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 27.

Twenty-three volunteers who were charged for distributing Police pamphlet to constables on duty have been sentenced to terms of rigorous imprisonment varying from one to three months. One volunteer was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.—Free Press.

JAVA-LONDON TELEPHONE TALK.

Sir Cecil And Lord Passfield On Anglo-Dutch Problems.

LONDON Aug. 28.

Rugby.—Sir Cecil Clementi, Governor of the Straits Settlements, who is paying visit to the Netherlands Indian Government, spoke by telephone from Java to Lord Passfield, Colonial Secretary, at the Colonial Office this afternoon. This is the first time that a Colonial Secretary has communicated with the Far East by telephone from the Colonial Office, although Mr. Amery at the House of Commons spoke to Major ormsby-Gore, Under-Secretary, Colonial Department, at Java two years ago.

Lord Passfield expressed appreciation of the opportunity given him by the Netherlands Indian Government. He remarked that the Empires of Netherlands and Britain had many similar problems and many grounds for close co-operation in the East; and he welcomed the invitation to Sir Cecil Clementi to visit Java from the Governor-General of Java, and hoped that future years might see further mutual understanding between the Dutch and British authorities overseas. Sir Cecil Clementi said he had had a wonderful reception in Java and had been much struck by the remarkable developments there.—B. O. W.

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